The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLI. SUNDAY, AUGUST 13, 1882—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE FAMOUS

MODEL

DEPARTMENT STORE,

218 & 220 State-st.,

1, 3, 5, 7, 9 & 11 Quincy-st.,

Continues to lead in Low Prices, as THEY ALWAYS WILL. We shall offer this week in our numerous departments the following Bargains:

Silverware Dept.

A No. 1 12-oz. Plate Rogers Knives at $1.25 per set.
Rogers Forks at $1.69 per set.
Rogers Teaspoons at 78c per set.
A No. 1 12-oz. Plate Derby Knives at $1.40 per set.
Derby Forks at $2.75 per set.
Derby Teaspoons at $1.47 per set.
Etc., Etc. Etc.

Glove Dept.

Kid Gloves at 13c.
Kid Gloves, all sizes, at 39c.
Kid Gloves, better, at 89c.
Kid Gloves, best, at $1.39.

Ribbon Dept.

Ribbon at 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, and 49c per yard.
Sash Ribbon at 25, 45c, and $1.20 per yard.

A large line of Opera Glasses from $1.08 to $10.48.
The Lemaire Glass at prices that defy competition.

Hosiery Dept.

Gents' Hose at 2 1-2c and up to 55c per pair.
Ladies' Hose at 4c and up to $1 per pair.

Hat Dept.

Straw Hats at 4c and up to $1.25.
Felt Hats at 20c and up to $1.85.

Millinery Dept.

Rough and Ready, Bel Bree, Fly-Away, Sharon, your choice, 48c.
Genuine Tuscan, 35c.
All Milliners' Goods in proportion, and ALL HATS TRIMMED FREE.

Linen Dept.

Towels at 3c.
Towels, all linen, at 7, 10, 15, 25c, and upwards.
Table Linen, Damask, at 20c per yard.
Turkey Red, Damask, at 32c per yard and upwards.

Gents' Furnishing Dept.

Unlaundried White Shirts at 49c.
Our Double Front All-Linen Bosom Unlaundried Shirt is a bargain at 69c. Inspect.

Notion Dept.

Zephyr Worsted at 8c ounce.
All colors Java Canvas at 22c yd.
All sizes Smoked Pearl Buttons at 5c per doz.

Toy Dept.

Replete with all the latest Novelties.
Dolls from 1c to $6.75.

Boot and Shoe Dept.

Ladies' 18-thread Serge Shoes at 75c.
Misses' Side Lace Pebble Goat or Kid, 75c.
Ladies' Pebble Goat, $1.24.
Men's Alx, $1.25 and upwards.

House Furnishing Goods Dept.

Crockery, Glassware, a full line of Parlor and Library Lamps, Picture Frames, Oil Paintings, Mirrors, Brackets, etc., etc.

These Silk Umbrellas we adeertised last Sunday have arrived. They are decided bargains. Secure one before they are gone. $2.50 each.

We have also a few pair of those All-Wool Pants at $2.50; worth $4.50.

Have just received from Mr. Kramer, who is at present in the Eastern market, a large assortment of the American Union Blanket, and no family can afford to be without a pair at the prices for which we offer them, Two Dollars ($2.00) pair.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER.

218 & 220 State-st.,

1, 3, 5, 7, 9 & 11 Quincy-st.,

Corner State and Quincy-sts.

THE FAMOUS

Where you will find all goods marked in plain figures, and money cheerfully refunded if goods are not as represented.

LAST CHANCE

LAST WEEK

OF OUR

GREAT LOSING SALE!

OUR

Crockery Department

Is getting refitted and restocked with the finest goods in the market.

LOSING PRICES:

Footed Leaf Comports, 15c, worth 50 cts.
Footed Cake Stands, 15 cts., worth 50 cts.
Ice Pitchers, 3 pints, 1 quart, and half gallon, for 25 cts., worth $1.00.
2 and 3 inch Bakers, 3 cts.
Pony Beer Glasses, 2 cts.
Twelve Dollar Bull Dogs for $1.95.
7, 8, 9 inch Covered Round Dishes, 20 cts.
Glass Quart Measuring Jars, 10 cts.
And our Entire Stock of

FINE GLASSWARE, DECORATED WARE, &c., &c.,

AT HALF VALUE.

BOOK DEPARTMENT!

SPECIAL SALE

FOR

THIS WEEK

OF

Books and Music.

BIG BARGAINS!

Come and See.

BARGAINS

IN

ALL OUR DEPARTMENTS

E. J. LEHMANN,

"The Fair,"

State-st. Adams-st. Dearborn-st.

EDISON ELECTRIC LIGHT

The Edison Incandescent Electric Light is now in practical operation for lighting Public Buildings, Hotels, Theatres, Halls, Churches, Steamships, Silk, Woolen, Cotton, and Flouring Mills, Locomotive and Car Works, Machine Shops, Piano and Organ Factories, Bleacheries, Engraving and Printing Establishments, Office Buildings, Wholesale and Retail Stores, and Private Residences.

This Light is absolutely constant, healthful, safe, efficient, and economical.

We are prepared to give information, make estimates, and introduce the Edison Light in Illinois, Wisconsin, and Iowa.

WESTERN EDISON LIGHT CO.,

51 & 53 WABASH-AV.

DIRECTORS.

Thomas A. Edison, Norman Williams,
Anson Stager, Edson Keith,
Jno. B. Drake, John M. Clark,
John W. Doane, John Crerar,
Samuel Merrill, Anthony F. Seeberger,
Z. G. Simmons.

OFFICERS.

ANSON STAGER, President.
JOHN M. CLARK, Vice-President and Treasurer.
D. H. LOUDERBACK, Secretary.
GEO. B. BLISS, General Superintendent.
P. D. JOHNSTON, Engineer.

DR. DAY, 133 East Madison-st., BEST $5.00 RUBBER or Celluloid.

FILLING, ½ old rates. EXTRACTING, ¼ Price. Vitalized Air (or Gas) given free for painless extracting. Inventor of lower suction plate, which never loosens while talking or eating. Twenty-three years' experience.

E. J. HOPSON & CO.,

Dealers in MILLINERY, Have

REMOVED TO NO. 117 WABASH-AV.,

One door north Madison-st.

CONSUMERS!

Numerous answers are now being sent in by competitors for the Boot Jack Prizes unaccompanied by the tobacco tags, correspondents claiming they have difficulty in finding them. They should bear in mind that under the conditions all such answers will be thrown out. The tobacco is now for sale or can be furnished by all jobbers in this city, as those who do not carry it in stock can readily obtain it from the manufacturer's supply depot at No. 5 Wabash-av., and consumers should insist that their retail dealers furnish themselves to meet the growing demand for this popular article. The prizes are offered to consumers as a means of bringing a superior article to their notice, from a conviction that its genuine merit when once tried will make it the most popular chewing tobacco in the country, and the inducements are offered to consumers rather than retail dealers, believing them to be better judges of what will suit their taste than the merchant, who often knows nothing about the real quality of the article purchased. This effort to reach them direct should be appreciated and encouraged.

The prizes are bona fide offerings for the *best* answer to the question, Why is Musselman's Boot Jack the most appropriate name yet adopted for a brand of extra fine plug tobacco? A Royal Worcester Dinner Service of 186 pieces, valued at $175, on exhibition in window of Orington Brothers, State-st., is offered to the ladies, and for gentlemen a beautiful Marble French Clock and Bronze Statue, valued at $150, on exhibition in show window of Giles Bros.

Answers must be addressed, with a Boot Jack *tag inclosed*, to W. P. HARRISON, No. 5 Wabash-av. The award will be made Saturday, Sept. 30.

Brand's Portraits

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS FOR FIRST-CLASS PHOTOS.

$4 CABINETS AND CARDS,

Part of both sizes in each dozen.

PRICE, ONLY $4.

Brand's Studios

210 & 212 Wabash-av.

STEINWAY

Triumphant at every World's Fair; indorsed by the most eminent musical authorities of both hemispheres, and the acknowledged Standard Pianos of the World.

Our stock of Steinway Grands, the largest in the country outside of New York City, embraces the various styles of Concert and Parlor Instruments.

LYON & HEALY,

State & Monroe-sts.

A. REED & SONS. PIANOS.

Guaranteed FIRST-CLASS in tone and durability. Reasonable Prices and Terms. Old instruments in exchange. Correspondence invited. Catalogues 1882, free.

REED'S TEMPLE OF MUSIC, Established 1849. 136 State-st., Chicago.

FINE FILLING 1-3 USUAL RATES. NO PAIN EXTRACTING.

These Fine TEETH, $8.

DRS. McCHESNEY COR. Randolph & Clark-sts.

CUTLERY

The Finest retail Assortment in the city. Pocket and Table Cutlery. Razors, Scissors, Shears, etc., at A. G. SPALDING & BROS., 108 Madison-st.

AN ADVERTISEMENT

DURING AUGUST

Is not apt to pay unless one is enabled to offer a

RARE BARGAIN

We have just secured the entire stock of a manufacturer of

LEATHER BAGS

At an enormous sacrifice, and shall place these goods on sale tomorrow.

One lot of 30 dozen Imitation Seal Leather Bags, extension of bottom fully 7 inches, handsome shape, outside pocket for handkerchief, at

$1.23.

FULLY WORTH.....$3.00

One lot of 20 dozen, entirely new shape and frame Leather Bag, well made in every respect, and may well be compared with any bag usually sold as high as $3.50 and $4.00 apiece, at

$1.49.

A small lot of only 8 dozen fine Alligator Traveling Hand Bags at

$1.89.

It is impossible to enumerate all the styles, but we invite inspection before purchasing.

Arthur Gaythun Bro's & Co.

163 State-st., corner Monroe.

ACKNOWLEDGED LEADERS.

NEW GOODS!

Would call the attention of close buyers to our elegant assortment of

FINE FANCY GOODS,

Comprising all the very latest novelties from the leading marts of the world, AND WE SIMPLY DEFY competition in styles, assortment, quality, and prices.

TAKE A LOOK IN AT

VERGHO, RUHLING & CO.'S,

138 to 144 State-st.

THE NEW ARMOUR OIL STOVE

The latest thing out in that line, and the only OIL STOVE made with

Warming Closet and Removable Lamps.

"B" Stove has Sliding Top and Adjustable Oven.
"A" Stove has Stationary Top and Oven.
Exclusive agencies guaranteed to the trade.
For sale in Chicago only at our office.

The Adams & Westlake Mfg. Co.,

95 LAKE-ST.

BABY CARRIAGE

Factory, 204 West Madison-st.

We are open every night till 9 o'clock, have the most elegant Carriages made, we sell on small weekly payments, take old Carriages in exchange for new, furnish springs, repair, and upholster in first-class manner.

500 Carriages in Factory, 80 Styles.

HEADQUARTERS

For the C. M. Henderson & Co. celebrated Hand-Made Boots and Shoes. Finest Goods, Lowest Prices, and Largest Stock in the city.

Red Lyon Boot & Shoe Co.,

161 South Clark-st., near Madison.
CHAS. S. CARGILL, Manager.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of Schoyer & Howland ceased on the 1st of June. Unsettled matters pertaining to the said firm will be attended to by E. A. Schoyer & Co., 50 Wabash-av.

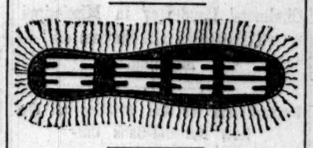
CHICAGO, Aug. 12, 1882.

We have given Mr. Ferdinand Hoffmeyer an interest in our business, with authority to sign the firm name.
E. A. SCHOYER & CO.

DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between A. Rudgear and W. S. Kaufman, Nickel Platers, 263 Randolph-st., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 5th day of October, 1881.
August, 1882.

Magnetic (Cork) Insoles.



What They Do!

The Magnetic Insoles contain a series of magnets, scientifically arranged, that form minute batteries, recharging the blood with magnetism and exerting a tranquillizing influence upon the entire system through the CONSEQUENT IMPROVED CIRCULATION.

INSULATE THE FEET from the cold and damp earth, and thus prevent the abstraction of the positive force from the body.

Generate by their MAGNETIC ACTION an agreeable warmth and secure PERFECT CIRCULATION in the feet and lower extremities.

Cure Chilblains and remove all unnatural heat, perspiration, swelling of the feet and ankles.

Prevent, relieve, and in some cases CURE RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, AND KINDRED DISEASES.

In all forms of Chronic and Nervous Disease and Debility are invaluable.

Are a great conservor and direct promoter of the general health, and can be worn at all seasons of the year; being made very thin, take up very little room in the shoe.

One pair of the Magnetic Insoles will demonstrate the truth of these claims. Price $1.00 per pair.

50,000 Men, Women, and Children of the City of Chicago and the West are wearing them.

The Magnetic Insoles will convince the wearer of the power residing in our other MAGNETIC APPLIANCES.

Sent by mail on receipt of price and the size of shoe usually worn, by the MAGNETIC APPLIANCE CO., 218 State-st., Chicago, Ill. Sole manufactnrer of the U. S.

Remittances can be made in one-cent postage-stamps or currency sent in letter at our risk.

For full instruction in the new Magnetic Treatment for Nervous and Chronic Diseases send for the "NEW DEPARTURE" IN HEALING AND PHYSICAL CULTURE, containing testimonials of the marvelous cures obtained from wearing MAGNETIC APPLIANCES, without the taking of DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

ALDEN

Pure Cider Vinegar.

Alden Pure Cider Vinegar is Absolutely Pure Cider, and the Best Cider Vinegar that can possibly be made.

We manufacture our own Cider as well as Vinegar.

We guarantee the grade sold and the gauges of barrels.

We guarantee our Vinegar Pure Cider, and not mixed with other Vinegar.

We guarantee our 45-grain Vinegar to keep Pickles.

Alden Pure Cider Vinegar will make a reputation for the house selling it.

We give no chromos as an inducement to buy.

CAUTION.—There is a spurious Cider Vinegar sold under the name of *Alden Fruit Vinegar*, a Cheap White Vinegar, Colored, made at St. Louis, which bears no relation to ALDEN PURE CIDER VINEGAR.

Schuyler & Hadduck,

11 & 13 Wabash-av., Chicago,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Alden Apples and Alden Pure Cider Vinegar,

And Wholesale Commission Dealers in

Evaporated and Dried Fruits, Beans, Etc.

CABINETS $4 PER DOZ.

CABINETS $4 PER DOZ.

Why Pay $6 or $8 PER DOZEN For PHOTOGRAPHS when Cobelin 75 Madison-st.,

Is making Cabinets for $4 per doz. equal to ANY produced elsewhere. PANELS ONLY $8 per doz. Broad Panels $3 per copy.

H. ROCHER,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

77-79-81 State-st., Chicago.

Cabinets, $6.00.

HO! FOR LAKE SUPERIOR!

The Most Attractive and Cheapest Trip for

Health and Recreation.

The Elegant Passenger Steamers of the L. M. & L. S. T. Co. leave every Tuesday and Friday at 8 p. m.

Send for Descriptive Guide to the General Offices,

74 MARKET-ST., CHICAGO.

CARPETS

Our FALL STOCK arriving daily. It offers an unusual variety in all grades to select from.

CHICAGO CARPET CO.,

WABASH-AV. & MONROE-ST.

WAUKESHA

Mineral Rock Spring Sparkling Water. The finest bar or table water ever bottled. Put up in crates of 30 quarts, glass or stone jugs or 100 pints, glass, and sold very cheap. The still water is put up in 5-gallon cans at 15 cents per gallon. Delivered free in any part of the city. Order by telephone or postal-card. With Brink's Express, northeast corner State and Randolph.

Fruit

Our elegant assorted baskets fruits at $1 to $5; expressed to all parts of the United States.

Taylor's Fruit Stores 1 Clark-st. Telephone 3118; branch 95 Madison-st., opposite Tribune.

Established 16 years.

Real Estate and Loans.

W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 90 Washington-st.

References furnished if desired to any person we have represented during 20 years.

A RAIN

OF CENTS!

A REIGN

OF SENSE!

SENSIBLE, CENTSFULL, SENSEFUL

PEOPLE CROWDED

SEA'S

Last week, and we'll have a

CRUSHING JAM

This the second week of the

One, Two, Three SALE!

All that remain of the ONE CENT GRAB, and the following

TWO 2 TWO

Cent Grab this week.

WE MEAN IT!

Any of the following for

TWO CENTS!

Worth 10 to 20 times 2 cents.

Rubber Fine Combs,
Rubber Dressing Combs,
Gents' Black Silk Bows,
4 Spools Thread,
2 Spools Thread,
200 yard Spool Cotton,
1 Spool Silk Twist,
1 Paper Pins,
2 Pyramid Pins,
4 Thimbles,
2 Thimbles,
Fancy Hair-Pins,
Collars,
Ties,
Handkerchiefs,
Linen Handkerchiefs,
Towels,
Napkins,
Turkey Red Doylies,
Toy Coffee-Pots,
Wooden Mallets,
Toy Rubber Pistols,
Large Box Paints,
Transparent Slates,
Large Wax Dolls,
China Limb Dolls,
A B C Blocks,
Pretty Toy Pails,
Pretty Toy Ringers,
Cap Pistols,
Balls,
Tops,
Banks,
Pigs,
Metal-Back Combs,
Jet Veil Pins,
Jet Set,
Ear Drops,
Hair Ornaments,
Bushels o Jewelry,
Child's Fancy Hose,
Men's Good Socks,
Japanese Lamp Shades,
Japanese Teapot Stands,
Japanese Tidies,
Japanese Fans,
Japanese Parasols,
Japanese Slatts,
1 Gent's Cane,
1 Children's Cane,
Toilet Soaps, 1 cake 2c,
Toilet Soaps, 6 cakes 2c,
Collarettes,
Linen Collars,
1 Tape Measure,
1 yard Elastic Web,
1 dozen Buttons,
2 " "
3 " "
6 " "
1 Spool Twist,
3 Cords Darning Cotton,
1 Ball Knitting Cotton,
1 Box Paper Collars,
Hair Crimpers,
1 Card Safety Pins,
2 Boxes Hair Pins,
1 " " "
Gents' Half Hose,
1 dozen Pearl Buttons,
2 Zinc Oilers,
Toy Pails,
All kinds Cups,
Small Hammers,
Large Roasting Spoons,
Bird Cage Hooks,
Mouse Traps,
Stamped Milk Pans,
Vegetable Graters,
Wood-Handle Forks,
Steel Mincing Knives,
Cake Turners,
Tin Wash Basins,
Large Size Paper Tacks,
2 Nutmeg Graters,
2 Pepper Sifters,
2 Sad-Iron Stands,
2 Milk Skimmers,
Tea and Coffee Strainers,
2 Rattles,
2 Knife Scourers,
Flour Dredges,
Toy Flatiron and Stands,
Match Safes,
Combined Strainer, Cake Cutter, & Cover,
Coil Picture Wire,
Flour Scoops,
Coat and Hat Racks,
Iron Pokers,
Cork-Screws,
Japanned Candlesticks,
2 Japanese Curio Boxes.

And a great many others.

Our stock of Flowers, Feathers, Lace Crowns, and Beaded Laces for Bonnets, Ribbons, Bridal Wreaths, &c., &c., will be offered at unprecedented low prices.

Bonnets will be made up and Hats trimmed free of charge, as usual with us only.

AT

184 AND 186

STATE STREET

Will be found on Monday, Aug. 14, an immense

JOB

Sale of HOSIERY, as follows:

Job at 3c.
Gents' Unbleached Seamless Half Hose

Job at 5c.
Gents' Unbleached and Fancy Striped Socks, also Children's Fancy Striped.

Job at 9c, or 3 pr for 25c.
Ladies' Unbleached Fancy Striped, and a full line of Plain Colors.

Job at 10c.
Seamless Brown Mixed and Unbleached Half Hose, best in the city for the money.

Job at 16⅔c.
Ladies' Pin Striped Hose in Cardinal, Brown, and Navy Blue. Other houses ask 25c for the same goods.

Job at 20c.
Ladies' Balbriggan Hose, unbleached, extra long, and regular made, also striped in new colors.

Job at 25c.
Gents', Ladies', and Children's Balbriggan Hose, silk clocked, full regular, also fancy styles. These goods are decided bargains.

Job at 45c.
Gents' and Ladies' German Lisle Hose. Regular price, 75c.

The above are Special Jobs, but you will find Bargains throughout the department.

184 BANKRUPT STORE 186

S. SHIREK,

OPPOSITE PALMER HOUSE.

Backward, turn backward,
O Time, in thy flight,
Make me but young again,
Just that I might

Have the pleasure of visiting

SEA'S

Mammoth Millinery Department

As so many younger ladies do, and selecting from their beautiful stock of Hats, Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, &c., &c., &c., just what I need for

HEAD ADORNMENT

I would consider it one of the greatest privileges of my life. Well! well! girls ain't the same now as they were when I was a girl, or they would embrace the opportunity every time they went down-town and go for Sea's Millinery Department.

Cheap? Well, I should say so! Why, I would spend nary a mill for Millinery anywhere else.

Such are the daily expressions of poor old Grandmother Grundy, who is confined to her home with rheumatism, and as old age is honorable a word to the wise is sufficient.

Carry the news to Mary before the leaves begin to fall, and let everyone be merry over our great sales. This will be such a great fall of Millinery that something is liable to go. It is a well-known fact that the backwardness of the season has left manufacturers overstocked with choice Hats and Bonnets.

Your friend SEA, always watching for chances for your benefit, has secured 300 dozen, which will be placed before the public, so that you cannot only get a Hat or Bonnet for almost nothing, but can laugh and grow fat over the absurdity of the price.

The shapes include the following:

Hats.	Bonnets.
ERELYON,	QUEEN,
FASHION,	YOLA,
PIRATE,	BANTA,
ARCHER,	ZINA,
BERLIN,	PRINCESS,
DRESDEN,	PHANTOM,
TYROL,	PAOLINA,
PATIENCE,	GENEVIEVE,
MASCOTTE,	ODETTE,
AESTHETIC,	CAMILLE,
WINDSOR,	WITCH,
ROSALIND,	

AT

184 AND 186

STATE STREET

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The above are Special Jobs, but you will find Bargains throughout the department.

184 BANKRUPT STORE 186

S. SHIREK,

OPPOSITE PALMER HOUSE.

For Rent.

For Manufacturing Purposes.

The whole or parts of the solidly-constructed building, 80x80 feet, Nos. 11, 13, 15, 17 South Canal-st., with power to suit, and heat.

Is splendidly lighted, has large steam elevator, and is in every way adapted for manufacturing purposes. Rent and power low. Apply to

W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 90 Washington-st.

FOR RENT,

Elegant Corner Store, State-st.

APPLY TO

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO.,

S. E. Cor. La Salle & Madison-sts.

For Rent.

Store and basement 235 State-st., in good condition. Apply to

A. P. SMITH,

Traders' Bank.

FIRE! FIRE!

The fire in our factory Aug. 11 will NOT INTERRUPT OUR BUSINESS. Send in your orders for

'Popular House Paint'

The Best in the World. They will be promptly filled.

CHICAGO PAINT & COLOR CO.,

240 Lake and 237 South Water-st.

ARTISTIC WALL PAPER!

S. A. MAXWELL & CO.

134 and 136 Wabash-av.

BROWN, PETTIBONE & KELLY

194 & 196 Dearborn-st., Honore Bl'k.

STATIONERS, PRINTERS, BLANK-BOOK MAKERS, And LITHOGRAPHERS,

Legal Blanks, Court File Covers, Briefs, and Abstracts carefully and promptly printed.

Telegraph Cross-Arm and Box-Factory and Planing-Mill for Sale.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned for the purchase of the box-factory and planing-mill of the late Herman C. Heinle, deceased, situated at Nos. 1908 to 1916 Blackwell-st., Chicago, together with the buildings, ground leases, horses, wagons, harnesses, tools, etc., etc., belonging thereto; also the stock of lumber for boxes, and cross-arms now on hand; until and during Thursday, Aug. 24, 1882, at the address below given. Separate bids for the lumber or the mill will be received, and bids for both should specify the amounts bid for the lumber and the remainder separately. All bids to be submitted to the Probate Court of Cook County, and no sale to be made except by its approval.

Terms cash, or half cash and the remainder in six (6) and twelve (12) months, with six (6) per cent interest, and security to be approved by said Court.

For descriptive circulars and further information apply to the undersigned.

August 9, 1882. EUGENE E. PRUSSING, and FRIEDERICKA HEINLE,

Administrators of said estate, Room 9 Borden Block, Chicago.

Telephone No. 5374 Calls the

C. Y. TRANSFER CO.

Merchandise of all kinds and furniture moved promptly. Office, 158 and 160 Michigan-av.

Legal Blanks, Court File Covers, Briefs, and Abstracts carefully and promptly printed.

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Merchandise of all kinds and furniture moved promptly. Office, 158 and 160 Michigan-av.

Death Blow to a Newspaper.

Memphis (Tenn.) *Avalanche*, July 25.

Daily *Appeal* has gone to the land newspapers. It was established years ago by the present editor of *Avalanche*. It was the first Democratic in that section of Illinois, and was a newspaper from the start. It has made of money for its various owners a year or two ago it got into the hands railroad monopolists, the dry-rot set in, lost confidence in it, and the owners of footing the bills.

Egyptian Manners and Customs.

...o on entering a house removes his ...not his hat. He mounts his horse ...right side, while his wife milks the ...e left side. In writing a letter he ...r all his compliments on the outside. ...the point of a pin is its head, whilst ...made its heel. His head must be ...p warm even in summer, while his ...well enough go naked in winter. ...icle of merchandise which is liquid ...and he measures wheat, barley, and ...r articles. He reads and writes from ...left. He eats scarcely anything for ...about as much for dinner, but after ...of the day is done he sits down to a ...swimming in oil, or better yet, boiled ...ts sons eat with him, but the females ...e wait till his lordship is done. He ...key when traveling, his wife walking ...e laughs at the idea of walking in ...with his wife, and of ever vacating ...for a woman. He knows no use for ...es, knives, forks, or even spoons un...re wooden or bone. Bedsteads, bu...e fireplaces may be placed in the same ...If he be an artisan he does work ...haps uses his feet to hold what he ...engraved upon. He drinks cold ...a spoon, but never bathes in it un...me be on the seashore. He is rarely ...k, is deficient in affection for he ...as little curiosity and no animation, ...improve his mind, no desire to sur...self with the comforts of life.

THE FAMOUS

MODEL

DEPARTMENT STORE,

218 & 220 State-st.,

1, 3, 5, 7, 9 & 11 Quincy-st.,

Continues to lead in Low Prices, as THEY ALWAYS WILL. We shall offer this week in our numerous departments the following Bargains:

Silverware Dept.

A No. 1 12-oz. Plate Rogers Knives at $1.25 per set.
Rogers Forks at $1.69 per set.
Rogers Teaspoons at 78c per set.
A No. 1 12-oz. Plate Derby Knives at $1.40 per set.
Derby Forks at $2.75 per set.
Derby Teaspoons at $1.47 per set.
Etc., Etc. Etc.

Glove Dept.

Kid Gloves at 13c.
Kid Gloves, all sizes, at 39c.
Kid Gloves, better, at 89c.
Kid Gloves, best, at $1.39.

Ribbon Dept.

Ribbon at 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, and 49c per yard.
Sash Ribbon at 25, 45c, and $1.20 per yard.

A large line of Opera Glasses from $1.08 to $10.48.
The Lemaire Glass at prices that defy competition.

Hosiery Dept.

Gents' Hose at 2 1-2c and up to 55c per pair.
Ladies' Hose at 4c and up to $1 per pair.

Hat Dept.

Straw Hats at 4c and up to $1.25.
Felt Hats at 20c and up to $1.85.

Millinery Dept.

Rough and Ready, Bel Bree, Fly-Away, Sharon, your choice, 48c.
Genuine Tuscan, 35c.
All Milliners' Goods in proportion, and ALL HATS TRIMMED FREE.

Linen Dept.

Towels at 3c.
Towels, all linen, at 7, 10, 15, 25c, and upwards.
Table Linen, Damask, at 20c per yard.
Turkey Red, Damask, at 32c per yard and upwards.

Gents' Furnishing Dept.

Unlaundried White Shirts at 49c.
Our Double Front All-Linen Bosom Unlaundried Shirt is a bargain at 69c. Inspect.

Notion Dept.

Zephyr Worsted at 8c ounce.
All colors Java Canvas at 22c yd.
All sizes Smoked Pearl Buttons at 5c per doz.

Toy Dept.

Replete with all the latest Novelties.
Dolls from 1c to $6.75.

Boot and Shoe Dept.

Ladies' 18-thread Serge Shoes at 75c.
Misses' Side Lace Pebble Goat or Kid, 75c.
Ladies' Pebble Goat, $1.24.
Men's Alx, $1.25 and upwards.

House Furnishing Goods Dept.

Crockery, Glassware, a full line of Parlor and Library Lamps, Picture Frames, Oil Paintings, Mirrors, Brackets, etc., etc.

These Silk Umbrellas we adeertised last Sunday have arrived. They are decided bargains. Secure one before they are gone. $2.50 each.

We have also a few pair of those All-Wool Pants at $2.50; worth $4.50.

Have just received from Mr. Kramer, who is at present in the Eastern market, a large assortment of the American Union Blanket, and no family can afford to be without a pair at the prices for which we offer them, Two Dollars ($2.00) pair.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER.

218 & 220 State-st.,

1, 3, 5, 7, 9 & 11 Quincy-st.,

Corner State and Quincy-sts.

THE FAMOUS

Where you will find all goods marked in plain figures, and money cheerfully refunded if goods are not as represented.

Unapproachable CASH BARGAINS! This Week.

50,000 yds. New Embroideries at 1-2, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 16, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 28, 29, 30, 40, 44, 48, and 50c; worth double.

300 doz. Large All-Linen Gloss Towels at 9c; worth 15c.

5,000 yds. Eidelweiss Laces at 6, 8, 10, 12 1-2c; worth 10, 15, 18, and 20c.

300 Remnants Russia Crashes at half price.

10,000 yds. Cream Russian and Maltese Laces at 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 10c; worth 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 18, and 20c.

10,000 yds. Remnants of Irish Linens at 25 and 35c; worth 45 and 60c.

8,000 yds. Pacific Lawns at 4c; worth 12 1-2c.

300 doz. Large All-Linen Twilled Towels at 11c; worth 20c.

2,000 yds. Damasse Grenadines at 37 1-2c; worth 75c.

10,000 gross New Jet and Fancy Ball Buttons at 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 18, and 20c; half price.

2,000 Children's Lace Caps and Bonnets at 19, 25, 29, 30, 35, 39, 48, 59, 69, and 79c; less than half prices.

300 pcs. New Gimps and Trimmings at 12 1-2, 15, 18, 20, 22, 25, 29, 35, and 40c up to $1.25; awful cheap.

300 sets Lace Curtains at $3.50, $4, $4.50, $5, and $6; worth $6, $7, $8, $9, and $10.

300 Remnants Flannels at one-third less than piece prices.

500 Remnants Cloths and Cassimeres at 40 per cent off.

2,000 more those Elegant Fancy Linen Table Cloths at $1.75; worth $3.

600 Light Blue, Cardinal, Cream, Myrtle, Seal Brown, and Black Modes at $1.75; worth $3.

50 pcs. Black Grenadine at 10c; worth 25c.

500 doz. Gents' Balbriggan and British Half Hose, full regular, at 15, 19, 21, and 22c; worth double.

500 doz. Ladies' Fancy Gauze Underwear at 25c; worth 50c.

500 doz. Gents' Gauze Underwear at 25c; cheap at 50c.

5,000 doz. Gents' White Lawn Ties at 6 1-2c doz.; worth 12 1-2c.

1,000 Cream Plumes at 75, 89c, $1.19, $1.29, $1.59, $1.49, $1.59, and $1.69; less than half price.

500 doz. Corsets at 25, 33, 39, 44, 45, 48, 59, 65, 69, 75, 85, 90, 95c, $1, $1.10, $1.15, and $1.35; less than half manufacturer's cost. The stock of A. T. Stewart & Co.

Clearing Sale MONDAY.

3,000 REMNANTS

OF

Dress Goods, White Goods, Linens, Crashes, Laces, Embroideries, Ribbons, Black Goods, Flannels, and Cloths

AT HALF PRICE

TO CLOSE PREVIOUS TO

INVENTORY!

CASH BARGAINS

IN OUR

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Job Lot of Men's Low-Cut Shoes at $1.25; worth $2.75.

225 pair Men's Calf Boots at $1.95; worth $3.25.

175 pair Men's Fine Calf Button and Lace Shoes at $1.95; worth $3.50; a bargain.

250 pair Men's Buckle Shoes at $1.95; worth $2.75.

125 pair Men's Buckle Shoes at $1; worth $2.

Job Lot of Men's Boots at $1.65; worth $3.

150 pair Men's French Calf Low-Cut Shoes at $1.95; worth $3; to close.

Boys' Buckle Shoes at 95c; worth $1.75.

Buying all goods strictly for cash, and in larger quantities than any house in our line, enables us to offer many Cash Bargains unapproachable.

All goods marked in plain figures. One price for all.

Money refunded at all times if goods are not satisfactory.

BOSTON STORE,

118 & 120 State-st.

Special Notice!

We are pleased to inform the public that we have enlarged our Mail Order Department, and now have every facility for the prompt and careful execution of all orders that may come to us. Also, upon request we will forward samples or information of anything that you may be in need of.

OUR CATALOGUE,

Which contains valuable information to persons shopping by mail, will be sent free upon receipt of two 3-cent stamps. The Fall and Winter number for 1882 and 1883 will be issued about Sept. 15. An early application will prevent any possible delay.

FOR

GENTLEMEN ONLY!

"RICHMOND STRAIGHT-CUT NO. 1" CIGARETTE.

There are a choice few among the millions of cigarette smokers who can afford the very best of everything, and will have it even at the highest cost. Such smokers use the "Richmond Straight-Cut No. 1" Cigarettes. They cost 20c per package of 20. A little higher, it is true, than other cigarettes, but then you know if you would have the good things of life you must pay for them. They are made of the most delicately flavored and *Highest Cost Gold Leaf* Virginia Tobacco grown, and are mild, delightful, and absolutely free from drugs and impurities.

The popularity of this brand has induced an unscrupulous imitation of this brand by an article called "Straight Cut," so be sure each package you buy bears our firm name.

FOR THE PEOPLE!

OUR

"LITTLE BEAUTIES,"

Patent PRESSED Cigarettes are something entirely new, and are made of rare old Virginia Tobacco, nicely blended with Turkish. The tobacco being pressed makes them burn slower and smoke cooler than ordinary round ones, as the combustion is perfect. The pressed feature prevents the unraveling of the tobacco in the mouth (which is so objectionable to many smokers), while the shape better fits them to the lips and fingers. The mouth end is saliva-proof (papier amber) and keeps the paper from sticking to the lips. The great popularity of this brand in England has compelled the manufacturers to inaugurate a factory in London, in addition to the immense works at Richmond, to supply the immense demand for them there. After one trial of our "Little Beauties" you will smoke them always. Ask your dealer for them and take no others.

ALLEN & GINTER,
Richmond, Va.

Chicago Office, 48 Randolph-st.

NEIL McCOULL, Agent.

WILL NOT STICK TO THE LIPS.

X-L-C-R FURNITURE CO.

Are the Leaders of New and Novel Designs in

Furniture, Carpets, Etc.

We guarantee prices as low as they can be bought for Cash.

Our system of doing business is different to any other Time House in Chicago.

No interest.
No 50c for acknowledging mortgage.
No $2 for making out papers.
No $1.50 for recording.
No two prices.
No expense whatever.
Everything marked in plain figures.
That is what we call square dealing.

GIVE US A CALL.

302 WEST MADISON-ST. 302

$30,000 FURNITURE, CARPETS.

BARGAINS FOR THIRTY DAYS.
Save 20 Per Cent at the

WEST END FURNISHING HOUSE,

298 & 300 West Madison-st.

F. COGSWELL.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

44 SOUTH CLARK-ST.

EXCELSIOR OIL STOVES

To realize cash for the benefit of the creditors I will sell the Excelsior Oil Stoves Nos. 1 to 4, singly or in lots, at a large discount from usual prices. The Stoves are newly made and first-class in every respect.
H. H. C. MILLER, Assignee.

BOARD REDUCED AUG. 1.

BOX STALLS.....$25.00 per month
SINGLE STALLS.....$2.00 per month

BOULEVARD CLUB STABLES,

145 & 146 Michigan-av., bet. Monroe and Adams.
N. B.—Stalls all on the first floor. Only busy horses boarded at this stable.

WASHINGTON.

A Vicious Newspaper Attack on the Star-Route Prosecution.

Conditions Under Which Troops Can Pursue Indians into Mexico.

Chalmers' Candidacy in Mississippi Threatening the Success of Manning.

Preparations for the Printing of the New National-Bank Currency.

Preliminary Steps Toward the Establishment of Quarantine Stations for Cattle.

All Hands Busy at Republican Headquarters—Russia and the Jews—Meany's Arrest.

STAR ROUTES.

A VICIOUS ATTACK ON THE PROSECUTION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—The *Sunday Gazette*, in an article attacking the prosecution in the pending star-route cases, and more particularly ex-Attorney-General MacVeagh and ex-Postmaster-General James, publishes a letter over the signature of ex-Senator S. W. Dorsey to President Garfield, in which it professes to find the animus of the star-route prosecution. The editor of the *Gazette*, Richard J. Hinton, was in charge of the compilation of documents for distribution through the Republican National Campaign Committee of 1880 under the supervision of Senator Dorsey. In his article he says he has in his possession a large number of letters from various sources, one of which he selects for publication. Following is the letter:

No. 241 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, Feb. 7, 1881.—*My Dear General:* Col. George Bliss called on me recently and introduced a Mr. Knox, who said he was a classmate of yours at Williams College, and further stated that he was about leaving for Mentor to visit you at your request, to discuss the question of the proper person to place in your Cabinet from New York. It cannot be possible that you would call upon George Bliss, much less upon Knox, to give advice respecting so important a question to you and to the people of this State. Both these gentlemen may be good, true, and honorable men, so far as I know they are; but Bliss and Knox do not represent the people or the leaders of the people of New York any more than I represent the King of Siam. All such advice as this is

PRETENTIOUS IDIOCY,

and if you are occupying your time in listening to men like these I wish to express in the most emphatic way that you and your Administration will prove a lamentable failure. You should take the dice by the teeth and decide for yourself who you want in your Cabinet. What do you want advice of men for every one of whom has an ax to grind and a scheme to push? If you want men from New York why don't you send for Conkling or Arthur, the two men who elected you with the aid of Grant? Why don't you consult with somebody who has a status, a name, and a following in New York? Now, I tell you, and I tell you without a grain of selfishness, that you cannot afford to have any friction arise between yourself and Conkling and Gen. Arthur. Whoever does will determine to assail these men you drive the last nail in your political coffin. You can't ignore them to make peace with Curtis, Wayne MacVeagh, and the following in New York. You can't band an army to get recruits. We now have a great, well organized, active, and aggressive army. If you want to muster out that army in order to pick up leaks, bummers, Mollie Mitts, and in the rear, go ahead, and I predict you will land in a surrendered camp. I am tired of this everlasting talk about MacVeagh to go into the Cabinet from Pennsylvania, and James, from New York. Such detestable rot should be smoked out at once, and you ought to do it in some public way, as I have repeatedly urged upon you. There is but one appointment you ought to make from New York, and that is Chief Judge Folger to be Secretary of the Treasury.

YOU DON'T NEED ANY BLISS OR KNOX

to ascertain or to prove his character, capacity, and standing in New York. Running for Chief Judge on the same ticket with you, he received more than double the majority you did. Now, take my advice about this, and I ask you to do that because you know I have no earthly interest except to see a successful and honorable Administration, and my advice is this: When you get ready to select a c—on of New York for your Cabinet send for Senator Conkling, Gen. Arthur, Gov. Cornell, J. D. Warren, of Buffalo, ex-Gov. Morgan, Thomas C. Platt, and men of that class, and get their best judgment. Bliss and Knox! What nonsense! I beg you not to permit Knox to run around this State inquiring about men fittest for the Cabinet and pretending to represent you. By acts of this kind you injure yourself and cast unpardonable reflection upon men who can and ought to be the best judges, and who represent the Republicans of this State.

I don't wish to be put in the position of being obliged to lecture the President-elect, and especially in regard to the formation of his Cabinet. You have repeatedly urged me to tell you whenever I should think you were going wrong. I write you when I think you are about to make a mistake, and I have not and shall not mince words in pointing out your errors.

You drop all this stuff about Conkling. He doesn't want to fight you or any one else. He is not prancing around with a chip on his shoulder challenging all mankind to battle. All Conkling wants, and all that Gen. Arthur desires, is a fair show and an honest deal. These two men, with their friends, represent the intelligence, the progressive and aggressive elements of New York Republicanism. They possess that wisdom, force, and courage that people of this country and all countries always admire. You know my interests and purposes are solely to see a successful consummation of our great work. I have pruned to you some frozen facts, and I sincerely hope you will give them your candid and careful attention. Your friend,

S. W. DORSEY.

To Gen. James A. Garfield.

TO CROSS THE BOUNDARY.

MUTUAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND MEXICO REGARDING PURSUIT OF INDIANS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—The following are excerpts from a general order from the headquarters of the army:

By direction of the Secretary of War the following agreement, providing for the reciprocal crossing of the international boundary line by the troops of the United States and the Republic of Mexico in pursuit of hostile Indians, is published for the information and government of all concerned:

ART. 1. It is agreed that the regular Federal troops of the two Republics may reciprocally cross the boundary line of the two countries when they are in close pursuit of a band of savage Indians upon the conditions stated in the following articles:

ART. 2. The reciprocal crossing agreed upon in Art. 1 shall only occur in the unpopulated or desert parts of said boundary line. For the purposes of this agreement the unpopulated or desert parts are defined to be all those points which are at least two leagues distant from any encampment or town of either country.

ART. 5. The pursuing force shall retire to its own territory as soon as it shall have fought the band of which it is in pursuit or have lost its trail. In no case shall the forces of the two countries respectively establish themselves or remain in the foreign territory for any longer time than is necessary to make the pursuit of the band whose trail they follow.

ART. 6. The abuses which may be committed by the forces which cross into the territory of the other nation shall be punished by the Government to which the forces belong, according to the gravity of the offense, and in conformity to its laws, as if the abuses had been committed in its own territory, the said Government being further under obligation to withdraw the guilty parties from the frontier.

ART. 7. In case the offenses which may be committed by the inhabitants of the one country against the foreign forces which may be within its limits, the Government of said country shall only be responsible to the Government of the other for denial of justice in the punishment of the guilty.

ART. 8. This agreement shall remain in force for two years, and may be terminated by either Government upon four months' notice to the other to that effect.

BROWNBACKS.

PREPARING TO PRINT THE NEW NATIONAL-BANK BILLS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—The work of preparation for printing of the new currency "brownbacks" is going on quite satisfactorily at the Bureau of Printing and Engraving. Under the recent act of Congress authorizing National banks to renew their charters, all banks doing so must turn in their old circulation and take out new. This new money is to differ in many respects from the present National-bank notes. The plate from which the face of the note is to be printed has been engraved new, and differs materially from the old. The backs are to be printed in brown instead of green and black, as the old ones. They will be printed, of course, on the fibre paper, which has made counterfeiting of our National currency so difficult, but it is not improbable that there will be difficulty in obtaining the fibre paper fast enough to print it, as called for. There will expire within the next year the charters of probably one-third of the National banks, and they, too, of a class which have a large circulation, the smaller ones of later date having but a small circulating medium. In addition to this demand, there is another in the printing of gold certificates, under this bill, for which there is now

A VIGOROUS DEMAND IN NEW YORK,

so great, indeed, that Secretary Folger, after arriving there the other day and interviewing the bankers and business men, telegraphed back urging that the printing of these be begun as soon as possible. Then, besides this, and perhaps greater than all, is the demand for this same fibre paper for the new 3 per cent bonds to be issued under the bill in exchange for the old 6 per cents so recently converted into 3½ per cents. All these will make an immense demand for this paper, and as only one mill in the country makes it there may be some delay in obtaining a sufficient quantity to meet the demand. The manufacture of this paper is a profound secret, as carefully kept as the combinations to the great vaults where the Government's millions lie awaiting further River and Harbor bills. As stated above, it is made only at the Dalton mill, which dates back almost to Colonial days. What its combinations are nobody knows except those intimately connected with its manufacture. The secret of the paper-making is jealously guarded, as is also the paper itself. From the moment it is made until it gets into the Treasury vaults it is carefully guarded. It comes here in small iron safes, the sheets carefully counted, and all precautions against its loss being taken both by the Government officials and by the express companies which carry it.

CATTLE.

ESTABLISHMENT OF QUARANTINE STATIONS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—Acting Secretary of the Treasury French today addressed a letter to the Collectors at New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston, and Portland calling their attention to the act of Congress making provision for the establishment of cattle quarantine stations, and stating that it is the desire of the department to provide proper shelter for imported cattle at those ports as soon as convenient. The Collectors are instructed to consider the best method of doing this, and also where such quarantine stations shall be established. The Treasury Cattle Commission has been authorized to advise with the Collectors upon the subject. Judge French's letter says:

"It has been suggested at some of the ports that transportation companies may be willing to aid in furnishing the accommodations desired, and also that the place selected for a quarantine station should be accessible by water carriage, and such that cattle in quarantine may be isolated from other cattle, and that each importation may also be isolated from other importations."

THE CAMPAIGN.

MR. HUBBELL HARD AT WORK.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—Mr. Hubbell, of the Congressional Campaign Committee, will remain about Washington pretty closely during the canvass which must set in soon, especially in those States where the election takes place in November. The Democrats, it will be remembered, are making no progress with their Campaign Committee, are doing it in a very quiet way. Nobody seems to know where their headquarters are, if they have any, and the Congressmen who contributed their tariff speeches to the campaign stock of the organization seem to be sending out the speeches at their own expense. So far, the fight for a Congressional election in the Democratic side seems to have been a genuine "still hunt." The Republican headquarters on Thirteenth street are in full operation, actively engaged in pushing the canvass where it has begun, and despite the attacks from all sides is accomplishing something at least. A Virginian, it is said, came here the other day to look for the Democratic headquarters and was unable to find them.

SOUTHERN POLITICS.

SOUTH CAROLINA AND VIRGINIA.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—Representative Manning, of Mississippi, professes great confidence of his ability to defeat Gen. Chalmers for Congress in spite of the departure which Chalmers has taken. While Manning speaks very slightingly of the new movement in his district, it seems to be well understood among his friends that he is considerably disturbed by quite a defection from the regular Democratic ranks to Chalmers' support.

The Readjusters and Republicans of the Richmond, Va., District have made quite a popular nomination in the person of John Ambler Smith. He was elected to the House in the Forty-third Congress as a Republican over the present Democratic nominee. His majority then was a little over 500. The last Readjuster candidate, however, was beaten by the present opponent of Mr. Smith by 2,300 votes, but the Republican candidate did not then command as full support from the Republicans as is now expected for Mr. Smith.

NOTES.

EXPULSION OF ISRAELITES FROM RUSSIA.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—The State Department has received, through the Legation at St. Petersburg, a copy of the circular issued by the Russian Ministry in relation to the expulsion of Israelites, in which local authorities are directed not to expel Israelites established prior to 1880 and residing there in virtue of regular permission, and, on the other hand, directing them to take measures to prevent new authority being given Israelites who have not the right of residence.

Acting-Secretary-of-State Davis has been in communication with Minister Lowell at London in reference to the case of Stephen J. Meany, of New York, who was arrested at Ennis, Ireland, for alleged violation of the Repression act. Secretary Davis yesterday telegraphed Minister Lowell to give the case immediate attention, and to investigate and report to the London department. An answer was received from Minister Lowell today stating that the Foreign Office has no official information on the subject, but he understood Meany had been released. Secretary Davis thereupon telegraphed Minister Lowell to get exact information as to whether Meany is free or not.

A SAD PICTURE.

Mrs. Banning, of Cincinnati, the widow of Gen. Banning, who came here to join her sister, Mrs. Dona Piatt, some time ago, is at Narragansett, with Mrs. Piatt, but sadly broken in health. Gen. Banning's sudden death was a very severe blow to her, and she has never recovered from it.

Mr. J. Stanley Brown, the private secretary of President Garfield, has gone West, with the hope of gaining health and strength. Mr. Brown is a very popular young man here, and his illness is regretted by all who know him.

THE WHITE HOUSE.

Cleveland Leader.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 11.—The White House is a good deal of a "Whited Sepulchre" just now, at least so far as life and activity is concerned, most of the clerks there employed having arranged to avail themselves of their leaves while the President is absent. Mr. C. M. Headley, executive clerk, left for Lake George last night, and Mr. Crook, the disbursing officer, left for Loudon County, Virginia, where he will remain for a couple of weeks. Messrs. Phillips and Pruden, private secretary and assistant private secretary, will remain here in charge of the White House during the absence of the President. The private part of the house will undergo a complete renovation, although there will be little refurnishing. The usual double coat of white paint, elegantly denominated by the citizens the "annual whitewashing," will be applied to the exterior. After repeated efforts on the part of successive Commissioners of Public Buildings, Col. Rockwell succeeded in securing from Congress this year an appropriation for concreting the roads leading through the grounds. These drives are now of gravel, and caused much annoyance last year while the President lay sick by the sounds which they gave out under carriages. In winter they are lakes of mud. They will be concreted this summer. Under the provisions of the executive bill the salaries of J. S. Bailey, Walter Duke, Charles Loeffler, the President's doorkeeper, and Alexander Powell, the President's messenger, were raised. All except Powell are old employés at the mansion.

THE GARFIELD RESIDENCE IN WASHINGTON.

Cleveland Leader.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 11.—Judge Lawrence, First Controller of the Treasury, today addressed a letter to Mrs. Garfield, stating that, as Chairman of a committee of the Ohio Republican Association, he had been requested to communicate to her that they had examined the house belonging to her lamented husband in this city, and found that a hall could be made in the upper stories suitable for the purposes of the association, though at considerable expense, and that he was requested to ascertain her wishes as to the purpose to which it should be applied by the purchasers. The letter states that the association would, if they should conclude to purchase, need the aid of outside friends in the city and Ohio, but would be gratified to make the endeavor to raise the necessary amount. It was also suggested in the letter that if Mrs. Garfield desired the property to be preserved in its present condition, as a memorial to her illustrious husband, as Mount Vernon is to the memory of Washington, it would be difficult for the association to take charge of so important a work, which could be more appropriately and effectively carried out by an organization more widely known, and with greater means and influence.

BETWEEN THE DEVIL AND THE DEEP SEA.

Cincinnati Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Aug. 11.—"We are between the Devil and the deep sea on this woman question," said the head of a department this afternoon. "Last night a lot of angry females denounced everybody in general, and Teller in particular, for not appointing some of them to office, and then turned right around and denounced some other people for appointing women to office for their own bad ulterior purposes.

"Now, this morning a man threatens to break all the mirrors and heads in the room of the Treasury Department Appointment Clerk simply because the Appointment Clerk will not discharge the man's wife. What are we going to do?"

"I give it up. Why did the fellow you speak of want his wife discharged?"

"Because she would not give him the money she made. It seems that though living with another woman ever since he was himself discharged from the Treasury Department he has expected his former wife to provide him with money for his pleasures. She finally refused and he set to work to get her out of the department. So far he has only succeeded in being himself kicked out for the second time. But what troubles me is how we are to please the ladies."

CHAUTAUQUA.

First Annual Commencement of the Literary and Scientific Circles—A Letter from John G. Whittier.

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., Aug. 12.—The attendance today was immense. The feature has been the exercises of the first annual commencement of the Chautauqua literary and scientific circles. The grand procession, composed of several thousand persons, was formed at 10 o'clock at the hotel Athenæum, and, headed by a band, marched to the Hall of Philosophy, where the members of the first graduating class, 208 ladies and gentlemen, were admitted at the Bronze Gate and seated in the hall. Very beautiful and appropriate responsive services, conducted by Dr. Vincent, were read at various stages of the proceedings. Dr. Vincent presented the class a magnificent silk banner bearing a painting of the hall and appropriate mottoes, the gift of Miss Jennie Miller, of Akron, O. At 11 o'clock the procession reformed and marched to the great amphitheatre, where, after an introductory responsive service, an eloquent oration was delivered by Bishop Henry W. Warren, D. D., of Atlanta. This afternoon Dr. Vail presented the circle a silk American flag which had gone twice over Europe and Asia and once through America. Addresses were made by Dr. L. H. Bugbee, President of Allegheny College, John B. Gough, and others. Dr. Vincent read the following letter from the poet John Greenleaf Whittier:

DANVERS, Mass.—*To J. H. Vincent, D. D.*—DEAR FRIEND: I have been watching the progress of the Chautauqua literary and scientific circle inaugurated by thyself, and take some blame to myself for not sooner expressing my satisfaction as regards its object and its work thus far. I wish it abundant success, and that its circles, like those from the agitated centre of a lake, may widen out until an entire country shall feel their beneficient influences. I am, very truly, thy friend, JOHN G. WHITTIER.

Dr. Vincent, after an able address, gave diplomas to over 800 graduates, and it is thought 600 more will be issued by the 1st of October—possibly 1,200 more.

FAIR TRAMPS.

Arrival at Hendersonville, N. C., of the Six Young Ladies Who Are Making a Tour Through North Carolina on Foot—Lots of Fun and Sore Feet.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

HENDERSONVILLE, N. C., Aug. 12.—The half-dozen fair tramps whose advent in this State was noticed in these dispatches a short time ago have arrived in this place. They are all in excellent condition except one, Miss Lillie Madoc, the youngest of the party. She is suffering from blistered feet and a slight illness. The gentle pedestriennes have walked about 214 miles since they started, but sixteen days ago. They have made excellent time, and are greatly pleased with what they have seen along the route. Three of the girls are amateur sketchers, and another has some talent for painting. The Captain of the party says they are fully repaid for the privations they have suffered by the grand scenery they have witnessed in their travels. Besides darning the numberless holes in their feet, they have had a splendid time. During the sixteen nights they have been out they have camped out with no roof overhead but that offered by Nature for five nights, which were spent in the forests of Surry County. While resting in their hammocks in that dreary and lonely section one night they were disturbed by some animal. A council was speedily summoned, and the discovery made that the intruder was only a young bruin that had wandered off from his parental care. The girls say they have met with the utmost kindness from the North Carolina people wherever they stopped. No one has molested or interfered with them in any way. All of the gentle tramps are dressed in the most sensible and comfortable style. As soon as Miss Madoc's feet are well, which will be in a day or so, the party will resume their journey. They are making for the Black Mountains, from the scenery in other sections offer greater inducements they may change their program accordingly.

A LIQUOR CASE.

The Citizens' League of Aurora Waterloosed After a Six Days' Trial.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

AURORA, Ill., Aug. 12.—For over a week the city has been in high turmoil over the trial of a liquor case between the Citizens' League and Jack Short. Never before has such excitement been manifested in the trial of any case before a Justice in the history of the city. The office of the Justice furnished but paltry accommodations to the masses in waiting, and when Justice Powell withdrew to the court-house the hall was packed and continued so during the entire week. On the Sunday previous announcements were given in the various churches and a major part of the audience in court was ladies. Hitherto the league had been victorious in every conflict or dictated terms, but without a trial; but in this instance it was generally known an obstinate struggle would ensue. Short was arraigned under the State law for selling liquor on Sunday. The evidence of the prosecution was denied in toto by the defense, and the determination for the jury was to be made solely upon the relative credibility of the witnesses. The instance for compliment, which was chosen, and several of the witnesses for the prosecution lent an unhealthful and unsavory influence. In truth, this case was to be in a sense a key to two others: one now pending in the United States Court in Chicago, and another in the Ottawa court. In these three cases Wiley and Wisner, league detectives, are important witnesses. This case being the first of the three, a great effort was made to impeach their veracity and shadow their characters. For this purpose a large number of witnesses were brought from Earlieville and Ottawa, both to derogate and sustain their reputation. After a long, exciting, and stubborn trial, the cause was give to the jury last night, and, after three hours, they returned a verdict of acquittal.

THE STEERAGE BILL.

A Grand Banquet at Milwaukee in Honor of Congressmen Deuster and Guenther for Their Success in Behalf of Desirable Legislation.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 12.—The German Association of Milwaukee tonight welcomed home Congressmen Duester and Guenther, of this State, the welcome taking the form of a grand banquet at the Exposition Building in recognition of the successful efforts of the gentlemen named towards securing the passage of the "Steerage bill" through Congress. The immense hall was brilliantly lighted by electricity and decorated with an immense number of American and German flags. At the head of the hall was stationed Bach's band. Dr. George Koepper, editor of the *Germania* and President of the Association, presided. The speeches were entirely in German. Col. Henry Baetz, Secretary of the State Board of Immigration, responded to the sentiment, "The United States." Ex-Senator F. W. Cotzhausen responded to "Our Guests." Messrs. Deuster and Guenther were received with immense enthusiasm, and made eloquent speeches of thanks for the honor paid them. Responses were made to other toasts by Gen. F. C. Winkler, Hermann Raster, editor of the Chicago *Staats-Zietung*, and many others of distinction. Letters and telegrams of regret at inability to be present were read from Carl Schurz, ex-Gov. Salomon, of Wisconsin, now in Germany, Secretary-of-State Timme, of this State, and others. The immense gathering was made up of men of all shades of political opinion. Mr. Deuster is a Democrat and Mr. Guenther is a Republican.

MISCEGENATION IN MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 12.—A trial of considerable interest has just been concluded in the Criminal Court of this city of a colored man and a white woman, who have been married for some time and lived together as man and wife. Both are entirely respectable and worthy people. They were complained of under the statute for lewd, lascivious cohabitation. An old State law makes all marriages between white and colored people unlawful. Under the charge of the court the jury convicted. The case will probably be taken to the Supreme Court. The case affects probably a hundred married couples in this city, and perhaps more.

WHEAT DEAL SETTLED.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 12.—The June wheat deal has been settled at the price fixed by the Board of Directors of the Exchange a day or two ago—$1.10½ and 5 per cent.

PARDONED.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 12.—A special from Jefferson City says Gov. Crittenden has pardoned William H. Heath, who was sentenced about three years ago to ten years in the penitentiary for the embezzlement of some $40,000 of public money while he was City Auditor of St. Louis and custodian of the school funds of St. Louis. He was immediately released from prison and will return to his family here tonight. The petition for his pardon was signed by many of the most prominent and influential citizens of St. Louis and the State.

CASUALTIES.

An Overdose of Chloroform.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

ELKHART, Ind., Aug. 12.—Charles Paine, a draughtsman at the Lake Shore shops here, was found dead in bed this morning. An empty bottle of chloroform beside him showed the cause. It is supposed to have been an accidental overdose, as no reason can be attributed for suicide, and he was accustomed to use it for pain. He was a nephew of ex-Superintendent Paine, of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway.

Explosion of the Boilers of the Joliet Water-Works.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

JOLIET, Aug. 12.—The boilers of the Starr Water-Works Company exploded this afternoon, destroying the boiler-house. No one was hurt. Receiver Page is in charge. An effort will be made to sell the remainder of the plant for what it will bring. A meeting of citizens will be held to decide on a course of action for the best interests of the people.

Burned to Death by the Explosion of Kerosene.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., Aug. 12.—A ladle of melted solder exploded and ignited a can of kerosene, which exploded and burned Mrs. Lautsch so she will die. Maria Smith, 7 years old, was burned to death by the explosion of a can of kerosene which she was using to kindle a fire.

A Man's Head Blown Off at a Shooting-Match.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Aug. 12.—Today while Robert Parker and Hiram Neiswinter were engaged in shooting a pigeon-match, one of the birds flew towards Parker, when Neiswinter fired and killed Parker, tearing the top of his head off and scattering the brains in all directions.

YELLOW-FEVER.

A Reassuring Message from Brownsville, Tex., Not Borne Out by the Facts.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—Surgeon-General Hamilton, of the Marine Hospital Service, today received a telegram from Acting-Collector Goodrich, dated Brownsville, as follows:

The first case of yellow-fever occurred in Matamoras a month ago, introduced through Bagdad, Mexico, by railroad tramps from Tampico. Average daily deaths in Matamoras, the past ten days, ten. The disease appeared in Brownsville two weeks ago. Total number of deaths, ten or twelve. Several distinct types of fever prevail in both cities at present. No new developments today. Total number of all classes of fever cases in Brownsville, sixty-two. The disease is in statu quo.

BROWNSVILLE, Aug. 12.—Twenty-one Mexicans and four Americans have new cases of yellow-fever; one death. It is the opinion of physicians that the fever is materially exhausting. There were eight deaths and several new cases in Matamoras.

Quarantine Stations Will Be Immediately Established in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss., Aug. 12.—The State Board of Health will establish immediately a quarantine station at Osyka, on the New Orleans & Chicago Railroad; at Fort Adams, on the Mississippi River; and at a point in Hancock County, on the Mobile & New Orleans Railroad. A certificate of the Board of Health will be required from all persons traveling.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

A Mechanic at Decatur, Ill., Murderously Assailed by a Drunken Farmer—The Daily Collection of Breaches of the Law.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DECATUR, Ill., Aug. 12.—Thomas McCabe, a machinist, with a wife and eleven children, is at the point of death, the result of a murderous assault upon him this evening by Hay Sharon, a farmer, while drunk. The two men quarreled, and McCabe was cut in the abdomen several times and stabbed in the back repeatedly. Sharon was promptly arrested and is now in jail.

PROVIDENCE, Aug. 12.—Stephen R. Rathburn, formerly a clerk in the office of the Geneva Bank Note Company, and who was discharged on suspicion of stealing, appeared at the office this morning disguised and applied for work. While the clerk was absent he made his way into the rear office, where were $30 cash ready to pay the help, and attempted to run away. A milkman tried to stop him, but he drew a revolver. Rathburn was finally caught by the Secretary and Treasurer of the mill after firing two shots at him.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 12.—John Metzger, a moider, was murdered late tonight by his stepson, Charles Wagner, aged 17, during a family quarrel which originated between the parents, by taking his mother's part. The mother was very drunk, and all were intoxicated. The boy killed his father instantly by a stab in the heart with a knife.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 12.—John Green, the leader for six years past of a gang of horse-thieves through Texas, was decoyed and captured last night at McKinney.

DIABOLICAL.

An Attempt to Wreck a Train on the Northwestern Road Near Milwaukee—A Scoundrel Caught While Placing Rails on the Track.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 12.—As the 6 o'clock train on the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad coming north crossed the boundary line between Racine and Milwaukee Counties the engineer discovered a pile of ties on the track just ahead of the engine. The train was stopped so quickly that no accident occurred. The ties were removed and the train proceeded. On arrival here the police authorities were notified of the affair. A number of officers immediately started for the spot, where they found a man piling rails upon the track. He ran for the woods, but the officers gave chase and overtook him. He was brought to this city and locked up in the Central Police Station. He gives his name as William Johnson and his occupation as a teamster, but refused to give any reason for his conduct.

AN ECCENTRIC SPINSTER.

She Loaded a Shotgun with Powder and Pebbles and Attempted to Kill a Couple of Neighbors.

CANTON, O., Aug. 12.—An eccentric and probably demented spinster of 40, named Minnie Krueger, has complained recently that boys fire guns at night near her house, disturbing her sleep; but this story proves to have been an invention to divert suspicion from her own strange and murderous freaks. Last night Gottlieb Summers and wife were awakened by a loud report and the crashing of glass in their bedroom window. Investigating, they found that Miss Krueger had deliberately gone to their house with a shotgun heavily charged with powder and pebbles, and fired through the window at them. Her aim was high, and the pebbles lodged in the wall above the bed. Miss Krueger was arrested today and committed for trial. No reason for her singular action is known.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Montreal Trying to Suppress the Smoke Nuisance.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MONTREAL, Aug. 12.—Suits are being pressed here in the Superior Court against owners of factories to suppress what is designated the smoke-nuisance. The city by law requires all manufactories to consume their own smoke. The injury to the health of the citizens and the disfigurment of buildings by the dense volumes of black smoke emitted from the chimneys are the cause of great discontent.

Knights of Labor.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

TORONTO, Aug. 12.—A prominent local unionist has been in the United States arranging for establishing branches of the order of Knights of Labor in Canada. The recent strikes here have had considerable bearing upon this step.

Princess Louise's Favorit Evening Promenade.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

QUEBEC, Aug. 12.—The Princess Louise appears to have chosen the River St. Charles, which falls into the St. Lawrence here, as her favorit evening promenade. In a splendid canoe which she obtained from the maritime provinces she ascends and descends it almost daily with members of her suite.

A KENTUCKY VENDETTA.

CATLETTSBURG, Ky., Aug. 12.—On election-day in Pike County a bloody affray occurred between the McCoy and Hatfield families, in which one of the Hatfields was shot and cut so that he died. His friends banded together, caught three of the McCoys, tied them to trees and shot them dead. More bloodshed is expected, as the families are numerous and vindictive.

THE SITUATION AT TAYLORVILLE.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 12.—A dispatch from Taylorville, Ill., says that the town is greatly excited over the events of last night, but a reaction in public sentiment is fast taking place and much regret is expressed at the lawless proceedings of the mob in their efforts to lynch Montgomery, Pettis, and Clementi. The opinion that these men are not

FOREIGN.

England Claims a Diplomatic Success in the Canal Controversy.

The Text of the Proclamation Against Arabi Considered Satisfactory.

An All-Night Discussion of the Terms of the Document.

Salisbury's Obstinacy and Lack of Self-Control Jeopardizing His Leadership.

Land-Leaguers Think the Highlands of Scotland Are Ripe for Land Agitation.

Gen. Ignatieff Has Not Been Arrested—Italian Explorers Wrecked—Trouble in Corea.

EGYPT.

A DIPLOMATIC SUCCESS FOR ENGLAND.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The New York *Tribune* received the following special cable on Egyptian affairs tonight:

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The Foreign Office claims a diplomatic success over the Russo-Italian scheme for international protection of the Suez Canal. The reservations as to force majeure, and the plan ceasing with the present crisis, make the scheme no more than this: Foreign vessels may assist the British in maintaining the passage, but nothing prevents the canal from being the base of military operations.

The text of the Turkish proclamation against Arabi Pasha is deemed satisfactory, if published before the arrival of Ottoman troops.

The Anglo-Turkish convention is so stringent that it may be haggled over until England has done her work.

ENGLAND DOES NOT DEMAND THE COMMAND,

but insists that Ottoman troops shall not be moved without the previous assent of Sir Garnet Wolseley. Turkey will perhaps overcome the difficulty by putting the Ottoman troops under the command of the Khedive.

Mr. Gladstone's two speeches this week on Egypt greatly reassured the Radicals, who feared that England was plunging into a policy of aggression. His declarations are interpreted as meaning that England, acting with clean hands and pure purposes, will not depart from the status quo except to provide for the protection of Egyptian improvements of administration and government, with European assent.

JENNINGS' VIEW OF THE SITUATION.

Special Cable.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Jennings' special says: Whatever differences of opinion may be entertained about the justice and wisdom of the British Government's policy in Egypt, it is admitted on all hands that its preparations for doing any fighting which it may be called upon to do, by land or sea, are most complete and effective. It is not too much to say that everybody, friend or foe, at home or abroad, has been taken by surprise by the energy which the Gladstone Administration has displayed in this matter. Indeed, had there been the slightest reason to anticipate this some months ago, there would, in all human probability, have been no Egyptian crisis. Mr. Gladstone seems fully resolved to prove to all Europe that it will not do to jump to the conclusion that England will not fight because the Liberals are in power. He is certainly not taking any half measures, but, as I have already said in these dispatches he might do, is

"DOING THE BUSINESS ONCE FOR ALL."

I am informed on very good authority that fully 40,000 men are now either in Egypt or on their way—a far more complete and efficient force than was dispatched to the Crimea or than Wellington commanded at Waterloo. The "peace party" is greatly mean to show that when they do go to war they mean it.

It is reported, and the rumor is entirely credible, that Mr. Gladstone interested himself in selecting some of the corps dispatched to the East, and it was owing to his advice that the Horse and Foot Guards were sent to Egypt. He perhaps wishes to show those massive warriors that their presence in London is not so indispensable as they have fondly fancied.

For the first time within my recollection of London, the sentinels posted before the royal palaces and the public offices are not in red coats, the Sixtieth Rifles having been chosen to mount guard. Many people take the riflemen for volunteers, the uniforms being practically the same. All the guards are now away on service, either in Ireland or Egypt. The Government and its supporters are now very sanguine that there will be no prolonged war, and

THE DIFFICULTY ON THE NILE

will be over in a few weeks. Turkey has given in, and Bismarck seems to be determined that on this occasion the "Eastern question" shall be minimized. It is, however, feared by the radical element that the real trouble will begin after Arabi Bey has been suppressed. A large section of the party demands the exercise of a permanent control in Egypt, while others contend that such an intervention is contrary to all true principles of Radicalism. Many influential Liberals anticipate grave dissensions on this point.

Mr. Gladstone is at present believed to be in favor of doing the work of pacification, and then giving the other Powers an equal share in the benefits, but many of his followers, even of the Radicals, will demand both present compensation and guarantees for the hereafter.

It is only fair to state that meanwhile all the military critics on the continent, who usually name England's army and military system but to blame them, express their

SURPRISE AND ADMIRATION

at the ease and rapidity with which she has placed a large army in the field, at the same time leaving strong defenses at home. It is decidedly a feather in the cap of Mr. Childers, whose system of army reform, much ridiculed by the general public, and treated with unconcealed prejudice by the mass of "old-school" military men, has proved a success, though subjected to a severe test before it had been fairly carried out.

THE SITUATION AT ALEXANDRIA.

Special Cable.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 12.—The *Herald's* special says: The Scots Guards landed and paraded through the city this afternoon.

Less frequent and promiscuous outpost firing is shown by Arabi's troops. Today I managed to approach within less than 400 yards of his cavalry videtts, who merely covered me with their carbines without firing, as they have hitherto done at 800, even 1,000, yards. My object was accomplished—namely: to pick up a load of Remington cartridges dropped by the Arabs during the night attacks. As I suspected, these cartridges bore marks of being made at the Tourah factory, near Cairo, and the discovery was important as proving that the Tourah works are in operation, which are capable of turning out

SIXTY THOUSAND CARTRIDGES DAILY.

There is an active movement of trains in the rear of Arabi's outposts. Gen. Alison's last reconnaissance had the intended effect of making Arabi mass his troops within striking distance of Ramleh. It is incomprehensible why the English have yet no balloons for reconnaissance work. Ramadan, the religious fast, in which there is no eating, drinking or smoking from sunrise to sunset, ends on Tuesday, when Arabi is expected to show more activity, for, although there is dispensation from fasting in time of war, yet Arabi tried in vain to prevent his men from fasting, even by threats of shooting.

Judge Farman is designated as the temporary President of the Court of Appeals and Tribunal.

FIRM WORDS.

To the Western Associated Press.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The *Times*, in a leading article, says: "When the army of Arabi Pasha has been dispersed, and its leaders brought to account for their misdeeds, we shall have to make sure that the difficulty will not recur in a new form. Egypt will be in our hands. It will not be open to us to retire from that country and leave events to take their own course. This is the resolve of England, and when it becomes necessary to seek the sanction of other Powers for this result the concert of Europe will be invoked in a sense very different from that with which we have lately been familiar."

SPECIAL COMMISSIONERS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 12.—The Turkish delegates to the conference have informed Lord Dufferin that no troops will be landed in Egypt until the arrival of Turkish Special Commissioners.

What Dufferin insists upon in order to secure harmony in action is, that no movement of Turkish troops, when they are in Egypt, shall take place without the preliminary consent of Gen. Wolseley.

The Ambassadors, upon the initiative of France, made urgent representations to the Porte in regard to agitation against the Christians in Syria and other parts of the Turkish Empire.

France has now accepted, under certain reservations, the proposal for collective protection of the Suez Canal.

THE SULTAN

has directed that an addition to the proclamation be made declaring Arabi Pasha a rebel unless he shall submit on the ground that, in resisting, Arabi acts contrary to the precepts of the Koran. Importance is attached to this express mention of the Koran against Arabi.

The Ministers sat throughout the night discussing the terms of the proclamation against Arabi Pasha. Dufferin telegraphed to London the Porte's modifications of the military convention, and Granville sent a reply accepting them.

Dervisch Pasha is the Turkish member of the future International Commission to consider measures for the protection of the Suez Canal, which commission will perform functions similar to those of the Danubian Commission.

NEWS FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 12.—The Cold Stream Guards and Grenadier Guards have arrived here.

The British Government has purchased a large hotel and mercantile premises at Port Said for use as a hospital.

The Scots Guards and the Grenadier Guards landed today (Saturday) and marched to Ramleh. Thousands of Arabs collected along the line of march and were much impressed by the appearance of the troops. Europeans regret their having to meet such an unworthy foe, as it is believed many must fall victims to the rifles of Arabi Pasha's troops, who are now intrenched in such a strong position.

CALM AND RELIANT.

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—The *Granzboten*, an officially-inspired organ, says: "Germany cannot risk the loss of the good will of the other Powers by maligning or contracting their policy unless she is absolutely forced to do so. She has neither wish nor right to play the part of a European censor. She will neither give a mandate to England to act on the Nile, nor will she hinder her from doing what she may think necessary for British interests. The interests of Germany have not been menaced. If they are menaced hereafter she will have plenty of time to take her resolution. Her only aim is European peace, which will be maintained."

MALTA, Aug. 12.—Gen. Sir Garnet Wolseley arrived here en route to Alexandria. He is quite well.

MADRID, Aug. 12.—The Spanish corvet Tornado, which arrived at Alexandria yesterday, will go to Port Said, replacing the frigate Numancia. Subsequently the Tornado and Consuelo will proceed to Ismailia to protect Spanish merchant vessels traversing the Suez Canal.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE ARREARS-OF-RENT BILL.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The New York *Tribune* received the following cable dispatch tonight:

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The action of the House of Lords has been the chief item of interest this week. The House of Commons made important concessions to the second of the Peer amendments making a tenant right an asset for rent under limitations, but refused by an enormous majority to yield on the first amendment, requiring the tenant to obtain the landlord's assent before applying for the benefits of the arrears bill. So recently as Monday the Marquis of Salisbury declared that dissolution would be preferable to the enactment of such an outrageous bill; but at a private consultation of the Peers after the division of the House of Commons, five-sixths of them decided to follow him in creating a crisis. He had nailed his colors too tightly to the mast, and his followers proved refractory. When the House of Lords considered the Commons' amendments, the Marquis of Salisbury declared he would have thrown out the bill if he could. In

HIS BITTER DISCOMFITURE

he subsed the measure in terms showing his shortcomings as a leader. Unlike Lord Beaconsfield, he has neither patience, steadfastness, nor the spirit of concession.

At the private meeting the revolt was led by the Duke of Richmond, who openly warned his colleagues of the danger of adopting proposed course. Lord Salisbury's lack of self-control and obstinacy are jeopardizing his leadership at the moment when his great rival's foreign policy strengthens the Liberal party. There are rumors of the Tories rallying around the Duke of Richmond and Sir Stafford Northcote, Lord Salisbury sulking and refraining from attendance upon Parliament.

The Government are blamed for underrating the Irish police grievances. By neglecting to discribute the special grant an opportunity was given for an agitation largely fictitious, according to the formula long recognized in Ireland, "Ask and it shall be given." All accounts agree that the state of Ireland is greatly improved under Earl Spencer and Mr. Trevelyan.

THE ARREST OF HENRY GEORGE

is sharply commented on in the press, and has given great annoyance to the Government. His so-called association with suspects arises from visiting a shop to purchase a shirt-button. A copy of his well-known pamphlet was deemed a piece de conviction.

Cetewayo's illness, which is rather serious, is attributed to a sudden fall in the temperature. Though he eats three pounds of beef daily, yet he cannot stand cold. His presence in London has given a great impetus to the demand for his restoration. Florence makes an hysterical appeal to Mr. Gladstone. Public feeling favors his restoration under two or more residents, the only serious objection coming from Dunn and two other chiefs.

THE TELEPHONE LINES.

To the Western Associated Press.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—In the House of Commons today the Postmaster-General stated that there was not the slightest chance that the Post-Office Department would ever purchase the telephone lines.

The annual convention of the Irish Land League of Great Britain is sitting at Manchester today with closed doors. Commins, member of Parliament for Roscommon, presides.

The cricket match this morning between the English and Australian teams resulted in favor of the Englishmen, who defeated the Australians in one inning, and had thirty-four runs to spare.

The *Standard* says several Irish members of Parliament intend to address their constituents during recess, with a view of testing the extent to which the Government will allow freedom of speech.

THE LAND LEAGUE.

Three hundred delegates were present at the sitting of the annual convention of the Irish Land League at Manchester today. A resolution of sympathy was passed relative to the death of Miss Fanny Parnell. A report was presented stating that the Highlands of Scotland are ripe for land agitation. It was resolved to alter the title of the Land League to the Land and Labor League of Great Britain.

Upon a resolution for enumerating the peasant proprietary as among the objects of the league, an amendment was proposed embodying the principles of the Davitt land nationalization scheme, but after an animated discussion the original resolution was overwhelmingly carried.

A resolution was passed recommending to farmers in Ireland the justice and expediency of aiding the cause of the laborers, and recommending payment to the Irish members of Parliament for their services in the cause of the Land League.

In the Commons it was stated the constabulary ceased their agitation unconditionally.

THE MOSEL'S PASSENGERS.

FALMOUTH, Aug. 12.—The steamship Hermann will take 500 steerage passengers of the wrecked steamer Mosel. The cabin passengers of the Mosel will await the arrival of another steamer.

CORK, Aug. 12.—In the event of the remains of Miss Fanny Parnell being interred in Ireland, there will probably be a great demonstration at the funeral.

LONDONDERRY, Aug. 12.—The Sub-Commissioner of the Land Court here has given judgment in the first case yet heard of an application by tenants of Irish society to fix fair rent. He reduced the aggregate rent from £149 to £126. In the case of another applicant, a tenant on the estate of the Marquis of Londonderry, the rent was reduced £34.

THE DUBLIN GARRISON REINFORCED.

DUBLIN, Aug. 12.—The garrison here has been strongly reinforced, probably to guard against any outbreaks during exhibition week.

Parnell and other Irish members of Parliament arrived today to attend the festivities in connection with the approaching opening of the exhibition. The streets are already extensively decorated.

Francis Hynes has been found guilty of the murder of John Doloughty, a herder, near Ennis, a few weeks ago, and sentenced to be hanged a month hence. This is the first trial under the Crimes act before a special jury. The crime was of an agrarian character, Doloughty had continued in employment at the farm from which Hynes had been evicted.

HAVANA, Aug. 12.—A dispatch from Jamaica says that Westgate, the self-confessed assasin of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Bourke, has arrived there, and that the evidence implicating him in the crime is strong.

FRANCE.

A MURDERER SENTENCED TO DEATH.

VERSAILLES, Aug. 12.—The court here has sentenced to death Fenayron, the retired apothecary who murdered his wife's lover, another apothecary, named Aubert, at Chaton. Fenayron's wife, who at her husband's instigation inveigled Aubert to visit her on the night of the murder, was sentenced to penal servitude for life, and Fenayron's brother Lucien to seven years' servitude. The trial excited extraordinary interest, as the Public Prosecutor did not press for the extreme penalty in the event of the jury considering that Fenayron was actuated solely by jealousy. It appears the jury must have adopted the view favored by the prosecution—namely: that Aubert was murdered to prevent his divulging the guilt of Fenayron in some case of poisoning or felonious use of drugs.

COREA.

TROUBLES WITH JAPAN.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* says there is good reason to believe that troubles of the most serious kind have broken out in Corea, whose relations with Japan are not altogether friendly. There is also a very powerful party in Corea that is strongly opposed to the recently-concluded treaties with the United States and England.

ITALY.

ANTARCTIC EXPLORERS WRECKED.

LISBON, Portugal, Aug. 12.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres states that the vessel conveying Lieut. Bove and the members of the Italian antarctic expedition has been wrecked off Cape Horn. All on board were saved.

RUSSIA.

GEN. IGNATIEFF NOT ARRESTED.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Gen. Ignatieff has not been arrested.

WHAT PETROLEUM IS.

Various Theories of the Origin of the Oily Staple.

Philadelphia Times.

The casual visitor to the Pennsylvania oil region, as he views the greasy fluid gushing from its rich reservoirs, 2,000 feet below the surface, finds himself involuntarily asking the primal question, Where does it come from, and how and where was it formed? A puzzling question, surely, and if propounded to any competent and thorough geologist, would only elicit a shake of the head, and the brief reply that he didn't know. But however careful the scientific man may be about advancing a theory that the discoveries of tomorrow may knock higher than a kite, the average Yankee never allows a conundrum of this kind to be propounded to him without making several attempts at guessing it. The difficult question of the origin of petroleum has not seemed to his prolific mind too big to be grappled with, and at present two popular theories exist in regard to this interesting subject, each of which has its strenuous advocates.

The first of these theories holds that the rock in which the oil is now found is the parent rock in which it originated. The Pennsylvania oil rocks are a series of sand-rocks of varying thicknesses, scattered somewhat irregularly over the northern and central portion of the State, and lying at depths below the surface, varying from 500 to 2,000 feet. Originally they were deposited by the action of water, either as long stretches of sea beach, or the immense sand-bars formed by eddying and whirling currents. The advocates of the parent-rock theory maintain that along with this sand was deposited organic vegetable or animal matter, which, by the chemical action of the succeeding ages, has been transformed into oil and gas, and kept stored in these hermetically sealed reservoirs until the searching drill of the enterprising oil operator should penetrate its hidden chambers and bring it forth to light an inquiring and busy world.

In confirmation of this theory its advocates point to the coal deposits, which are now generally conceded to have originated from a vast deposit of vegetable matter, which grew and decomposed for ages, and then, by the combined action of heat and enormous pressure, were packed away in solid masses to provide for the future fuel of the world. A chemical analysis of the two articles, coal and petroleum, discloses the fact that they contain nearly the same elemental ingredients, in slightly different proportions perhaps, but practically the same, the only real difference consisting in the fact that one is now a solid and the other a fluid. As the oil is found at a distance of from 1,000 to 2,000 feet below the prolific coal measures, and, if deposited along with the sand-rock in which it is now found, must be many ages older than the coal deposits, it is argued that the immensely longer period since its original deposit and the higher temperature to which it is subjected by its greater depth below the surface may easily account for the chemical action necessary to make it a fluid instead of a solid, as in the case of coal.

The second and more generally accepted theory is that the petroleum is formed by the constant distillation of gas from the underlying carbonaceous shales of the Silurian period, which in the Pennsylvania oil region are supposed to lie at a sufficient depth to be subjected to a high temperature and to be constantly generating gases. If this theory is accepted, the conditions necessary for the formation of petroleum deposits are threefold: First, a geological horizon deep enough below the surface to generate gases by the operations of internal heat; second, a horizon of proper temperature for the purposes of condensation; and, third, a reservoir for storing the condensed petroleum. The advocates of this theory claim that these lower shales lie at the proper depth to fill the first of the gas conditions, and that the gas thus generated, being very light and of a peculiarly penetrating nature, rises through the crevices and fissures of the overlying rocks until it reaches the horizon of condensation, and, third, they claim, according to developments made by the drill, varies in distances from 500 to 2,000 feet below the surface. The third condition is fulfilled according to this theory by these sand-rocks, which, lying within the horizon of condensation and being of a porous nature, hold the condensed petroleum as a sponge holds water. These rocks are theoretically sealed at the top by an impervious shell, which prevents the lighter portions of the oil and gas from escaping to the surface until this shell is penetrated by the oil operator's drill, when it gushes forth with astonishing force. If this theory is correct, then in all probability the process of formation is constantly in operation, though proceeding at a very slow rate, the immense deposits lately discovered being the slow accretion of untold ages.

The advocates of this theory fortify themselves by the statement that the series of Devonian rocks in which the oil deposits are now found extend over a great deal of territory in which the drill fails to find oil, and that if the theory of original deposit of the petroleum-producing matter along with these same deposits were true, then the oil should be found wherever the rock is found. On the contrary, they claim the rock may exist where there are no underlying shales to produce the petroleum gases, or the overlying strata may be upheaved to such an extent that the gases may escape to the surface through vertical fissures and thus mingle with the atmosphere and be lost. In proof of this they cite the fact that no oil has been discovered eastward of the line which marks the beginning of the Alleghany upheaval, and that the vertical fissures caused by this upheaval have rendered the formation of petroleum deposits impossible in that locality. They also cite in support of this theory the further fact that no oil has been discovered at a depth exceeding 500 feet below sea level, although the drill has penetrated far greater depths in many instances and succeeded in tapping the petroleum gases. They argue from this that if the gases are found at great depths, but no oil, then if follows that oil is the product of condensation, which can only take place where a sufficiently low temperature exists, and that this is to be found only within the limits above described. The inquiry is full of interest to the inquisitive mind, and we simply present to the readers of the *Times* these two popular theories for what they are worth, without comment or expressed opinion.

An Eye-Opener for Neal Dow.

Portland (Me.) Press.

An engineer on the Eastern Railroad was bitten on the thumb by a spider a few days ago as his train was passing over the Lynn marshes. The thumb began to swell, and reached to such a size that he visited a doctor in Boston for treatment. The remedies first applied proved ineffectual, and the physician stated that it might become necessary to amputate the hand, which at this time had become affected. On the doctor's advice the engineer commenced to drink copiously of whisky, which had no effect on him as far as intoxication was concerned. The swelling, however, was soon reduced to such an extent as to promise that all danger will soon be over.

NEW YORK.

Arrival of President Arthur on the United States Steamer Dispatch.

The Weekly Bank Statement About What Was Generally Expected.

An Advance of 20 Per Cent in Southern Freight Rates Agreed On.

The Paper House of J. W. Lyon & Co. Placed in the Hands of Receivers.

An Attempt to Be Made to Raise Oysters in the Great Salt Lake, Utah.

A Paymaster of a Large Firm Robbed of Two Thousand Dollars by His Brother.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR.

HE ARRIVES ON THE UNITED STATES STEAMER DISPATCH.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—President Arthur, accompanied only by members of his family and his private secretary, arrived in this city from Washington this noon on the United States steamer Dispatch, which anchored off Twenty-seventh street, in the North River. The President remained on board the vessel till 2:30 o'clock, when he embarked in the barge with his party and was rowed to the landing at the foot of Twenty-third street. Carriages were in waiting at the landing, but in deference to the President's wishes none of his friends were there to meet him. Aside from the coachman, a policeman, and two reporters, nobody seemed to know that the Presidential party were expected to land there. The barge touched the float at 2:45 o'clock. As President Arthur walked up the steps leading from the float the bystanders doffed their hats, a mark of respect which was acknowledged by the President raising his own hat. The members of the party were driven to the President's residence, No. 128 Lexington avenue. The Dispatch will remain here awaiting the President's orders.

THE BANK STATEMENT.

NOT DIFFERENT FROM WHAT WAS EXPECTED.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The statement of the average condition of the New York banks for the six days ending yesterday is not far different from what was expected, or, perhaps, what was guessed by those most competent in the matter. The net result of the changes in the various averages during the week is that the surplus reserve has been increased $1,147,875, it being now $3,832,300, against $2,087,500 a year ago. The changes are as follows: Loans, increase, $1,591,600; specie, increase, $1,744,600; legal tenders, decrease, $82,300; deposits, increase, $2,057,700; circulation, decrease, $55,800.

SOUTHERN FREIGHT RATES.

AN ADVANCE AGREED ON.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—At a meeting of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association today the advance of rates agreed on yesterday was confirmed. The basis agreed on is an average advance of 20 per cent on freight in general, and an advance of 15 to 20 per cent on cotton, the rate being governed by the distance. The meeting had for its chief object the consideration of the advance of the rates on cotton, and especially whether any changes should be made in the classes of goods on which the advance should be made. It will take some time to make up the new table of rates, and it will probably not be ready for publication before the 20th or 25th inst.

RECEIVERS APPOINTED

FOR THE FIRM OF J. W. LYON & CO., PAPER-DEALERS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—There was much surprise in the paper-trade today at the announcement that the firm of J. W. Lyon & Co., wholesale dealers in paper-stock at No. 44 Duane street and at No. 49 Park street, had been placed in the hands of Receivers. Bradstreet's reports state that it was on account of a quarrel between James W. Lyon, John H. Lyon, and Philip M. Knight, and that the firm was conceded as entirely solvent. Three Receivers were appointed by Judge Donohue, of the Supreme Court, each partner being represented by one of the Receivers. The partners were restrained from interfering with the affairs of the firm, and the business is to be liquidated by the Receivers, who have taken charge of it. J. H. Lyon and P. M. Knight have sent out circulars to the trade that they will form a new firm. The business had been established for over fifty years, and the house was regarded as one of the largest in the trade, the firm estimating their worth at from $250,000 to $300,000.

ROBBED HIS BROTHER.

A PAYMASTER ROBBED OF $2,000 BY HIS BROTHER.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Erasmus D. Garnsey, paymaster for the large firm of Robinson & Wallace, masons and builders, whose office is at No. 229 East Thirty-first street, ran breathlessly into police headquarters this afternoon and said that he had just been robbed of $2,000 by his own brother. The Superintendent hurried him into the detective office, where he told his story as follows: Mr. Garnsey drew $3,500 from a down-town bank at noon today to pay off the men, and took the money to his house, at No. 238 East Twelfth street, to make it into the various sums due the workmen. On the way he encountered his brother, John A. Garnsey, who is a night-watchman in the employ of the firm.

HE OFFERED TO ACCOMPANY HIM FOR PROTECTION,

and went with him to the house. The two brothers went into the front parlor, and Erasmus drew from his breast-pocket the money as he had received it at the bank—in two bundles. One contained $2,000 in $20 bills. This he put on the table first, with his revolver. His brother took up the package of money, and balancing it in his hand, said, with a curious smile: "What is to hinder me from taking this money now?" "Nothing," answered Erasmus, with a laugh, not for a moment suspecting that he was in earnest. The table was between the two. John took a step or two toward the door, and looked back over his shoulder with a smile. He had taken up the revolver as he moved, and held it in one hand, the money in the other. Quick as a flash he sprang through the open hall door and closed it after him with a bang. Half

STUNNED WITH AMAZEMENT,

his brother looked after him. The noise of the outer door being violently slammed aroused him, and with a shout of "Stop thief!" he darted after his fleeing brother. The latter was already half a block ahead of him toward Second avenue, moving like a deer. Panting and shouting the paymaster ran after. The crowd in the street stopped and stared. At Third avenue the fugitive, still swinging the money in one hand and the pistol in the other, turned southward and disappeared. When Erasmus Garnsey reached the corner he was not in sight. It is supposed that the robber has made an effort to get out of the city, but the best detectives are after him.

OYSTERS.

AN ATTEMPT TO RAISE THEM IN SALT LAKE, UTAH, TO BE MADE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Fish-Commissioner Eugene Blackford has received an order from Henry House, at Corinne, Utah, for three barrels of seedling oysters. Mr. House wrote that he intended to plant them, and make an attempt to cultivate oysters in the Great Salt Lake. Mr. Blackford said today this was the first attempt made to cultivate oysters in the Great Salt Lake, and that he had no doubt but that the experiment would have a satisfactory result, provided a proper bed for the young oysters could be found where the minute animal life upon which the young oysters feed was plentiful. The oysters would live till they reached Utah, and the water of the Great Salt Lake was, without doubt, suited to them. In a year's time, these young oysters, if they do live and thrive, will be fit for food, and it is said that should the experiment result successfully, many more will be planted next year.

PLEASURE-SEEKERS.

CHICAGOANS AT SUMMER RESORTS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The following named Chicagoans were registered at Eastern resorts today: At Newport, E. A. Lancaster and family, E. C. Race, J. M. Norman, Mrs. T. Sherman and family, Arthur Ryerson, F. N. Gage, C. F. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel A. Jones. At Saratoga, C. A. Fullerton, Mrs. A. N. Fullerton, Miss M. Hill, F. H. Free. At Long Branch, James Leahy and family.

BATH.

England's Famous Watering Place, and Reminiscences of Those Who Have Figured There.

"Gath" in Cincinnati Enquirer.

Bath is one of the most interesting places for an American to study the social life of England about the time of our Revolution and for a century previous. It is a place of more than 50,000 inhabitants, on the Avon River, which has previously run past Shakspeare's birthplace. The mansions of the aristocracy, who have long spent portions of the year here, surround it, and it is the original Saratoga of the English race. It is only 107 miles from London. The bathing establishments were built in their present form during Washington's Administration. The Queen of James I., in whose reign Jamestown and Plymouth were settled, came here to drink the waters. There are twenty churches in the town, and it has a great assembly-room, and a ball-room 106 feet long. There are nine bridges over the Avon at Bath.

The principal man who figured here was "Beau Nash"—Richard Nash, who was called the King of Bath. He came from the region of Wales, and was born there 100 years before the opening of the American Revolution. Having a cavalier descent he was sent to Oxford University, where he made a miserable student, and was dismissed before he took his degree. He ran in debt, leaving his creditors a pair of boots, two volumes of plays, a fiddle, and a tobacco pouch. He then borrowed enough money to buy a small commission in the army, and dressed in his uniform, he began to cultivate persons in high life with a civility and deference that won their gratitude and ultimately opened their houses to him. He was a very adroit flatterer, and particularly careful about his clothes, while his real business was playing cards with his rich friends. You will recognize this character of man as by no means extinct at the present day—the smooth, oily gallant, or social parasite, or the petty courtier with unlimited assurance, and considerable powers as an actor.

Nash would occasionally fall in love with the daughter of some rich man, or affect to be in love with her, and then would arrange with her father to let her marry some other suitor, who had not stood well in her father's regard. As soon as real war was about to begin Nash sold his commission and undertook to be a lawyer. He soon found that the dry study of the law was not so congenial to him as dancing attendance on rich and titled people.

The King of England—old William III., the Dutch Prince of Orange—was invited to come to the Temple among the lawyers on a certain occasion, and Nash, being the most presentable man there, was asked to make the speech to his Majesty on behalf of the lawyers, and he did it so magnificently that the King offered to make him a Knight. Nash, however, proffering a delicate hint to make him a Knight with an estate, declined the honor. He soon gave up the law for gaming and society.

He would lend money, but never paid his debts. He now resolved to go through England, picking up the country gentry and skinning them at cards; but, starting in at York, a lot of lawyers lay in wait to take every cent he had, and then agreed to give him $50 back if he would stand in a white sheet for half an hour at the cathedral door, which he did, stating to the priest that it was "Yorkshire penance for keeping bad company." It is also stated that he rode naked through a village upon a cow to get a large wager.

Nash finally hit upon Baltimore as the place to make his fortune, very much as John Morrissey selected Saratoga for a similar purpose. There he won so much money the first season that he bought six bays and six gray horses, and so identified himself with the pleasures of that town that he lived in it to the age of 88, dying in 1761—about the time the American colonies began to take a stand against the Crown.

He was a regular gambler, but a master of ceremonies, and his fastidious taste reqited for his want of real principle, and put him in comparison with Ninon de L'Enclos, the famous French courtesan, who was mistress of almost all the great men of her time in succession, and, it is said, children to many of them, yet never made a mistake in taste or outward refinement. The children of the nobility were sent to her to learn behavior.

Nash established a fixed rule that dancing should begin at 6 o'clock in the evening and stop at 11 o'clock, and even Princesses of the royal family were refused a longer time to dance. He forbade swords to be worn either in the ballroom or at the baths, and made several rules, which were printed and stuck up, such as the following:

"No gentleman shall give his ticket for the balls to any but gentlewomen. N. B.—Unless he has none of his acquaintance."

He was prodigal in giving away money, impossible as it was to collect a debt from him. One night, when he had won $1,000 at piquet, he heard a man say: "My God! how happy that money would make me." "Take it, then, and be happy," said Nash, and handed over the money.

He would hunt a better church for a needy clergyman, and go around himself with the plate, begging subscriptions for some deserving object. He often made marriage between an heiress and a deserving lover. Earl Townsend, a young man with a propensity for gaming, lost everything he had to Nash—his estate, his carriages, and his furniture. Nash handed it all over to him again on the promise that he would never play, and would pay Nash £5,000 if he should ever stand in need. After the Earl's death, Nash applied to the heir, saying that the need had come, and the heir then paid him the $25,000.

He also established a large hospital in Bath. As he grew old he showed much terror of death. The day after he died the corporation of Bath voted $250 officially to bury him, and put an inscription on his tomb (still standing) which says that he raised the City of Bath into a province of pleasure, and held sacred decency and order; that he had a noble public spirit and a warm, generous heart.

Nash must not be confounded with Beau Brummel, the fastidious dresser. Brummel was born after Nash was dead. He was a son of the Secretary of Lord North, Prime Minister of England, who undertook to tax America prior to the American Revolution. His father, by patronage and jobs, acquired some $300,000, and sent Beau Brummel to Eton and Oxford. There he seemed to divine that the time was coming when exquisit dress would give a man as much celebrity and followers as talents and principles, and he was right in the supposition.

The profligate era of George IV. was at hand, and that Prince saw Brummel at Windsor and desired to make his acquaintance. Lord Byron said that Brummel's dress was only remarkable for its exquisit propriety. He was the ancestor of the modern exquisit, and said cool, dry things, which were repeated around the kingdom. He was also a social parasite, and believed in cultivating the society of people above him.

He entered the army as a cornet in the Prince of Wales' own regiment, and rose to be a Captain. When he came of age he inherited $150,000, and resolved to be a Sybarite and an epicurean. He took a house in London, and began to tie his white neckerchiefs with elegance. That discovery, how to set his tie, made him the pet of society. A nobleman once asked him what he would take to give him the secret of those beautiful neckties. Beau Brummel named a sum, which was promptly given, and then wrote: "Starch is your man."

No dinner or ball was complete if he did not come. He was very fastidious about his introductions, and would have nobody but peers for his friends. To the father of a young man he bilked at cards, he said: "I did very much for your son, sir: I once gave him my arm for half a mile up Oxford street."

Nobiemen invited him to their castles, and he even quarreled with the Prince Regent, saying to him at his house: "Wales, ring the bell for wine." The Prince rang the bell, and said to the servant: "Order Mr. Brummel's carriage!"

He fell into debt in the course of a year, and crossed the Channel to Calais to keep out of a debtor's prison, and there levied contributions on his English friends for years. To keep him out of jail in France he was made English Consul at Caen at $3,000 per year in 1835. There he memorialized Lord Palmerston to abolish the office on the ground that it was of no use, expecting to get a better one. The office was abolished, and then his French enemies threw him into jail. His intellect finally gave way, and he was sent to a hospital and died an idiot.

It was at Bath that Fannie Braddock, sister of Gen. Braddock, who was killed near Pittsburg, committed suicide. She was a daughter of Edward Braddock, an army officer, who left her $30,000. The word Braddock is said to mean broad oak. Fannie Braddock was a beautiful woman, with a fine mind, and at her sister's death she also received her allowance; but, failing in love with a worthless man, she obeyed an impulse to pay his debts. She then obeyed another impulse to go to the gaming-tables, where women at that period sat down as freely as men. She soon ran through her money, fell into despair, and hanged herself with her garters to the door of her chamber. Her inhuman brother made a joke upon her death, saying: "Poor Fannie! I always thought she would play until she would have to tuck herself up." When a person had run in debt at the card-table, and could not play until the debt was paid, she was said to "tuck herself up." This was in 1731.

Her brother, Gen. Braddock, was for some time kept at Bath by a celebrated prostitute, and went there by the name of Capt. Bilkum. Braddock fought a duel at Bath with the Earl of Bath, who threw him his purse on the field, saying: "You are a poor duck; if you kill me you will have to run away, and then you will not have a shilling to support you." This so exasperated Braddock that he could not fight well, and his sword was struck out of his hand.

Under such a man as this Gen. Washington learned the art of war. Braddock was buried, as we all know, on the road between Pittsburg and Cumberland, Md.

THE FRENCH BOURBONS.

A Love-Affair of Henry V.'s Father.

New York Graphic.

The Count de Chambord, known to a faithful few as Henry V., King of France, is ill with fever at his Frohsdorf chateau, and although he by no means causes the French Republic as much disquietude as he caused the Second Empire, he is still a very important public character. He is the chief of the elder branch of the Bourbon family, the direct descendant of Louis XVI., who lost his head by a stroke of the guillotine during the reign of terror. His father was Charles Ferdinand, Duc de Berri, the younger son of Charles X., who had to leave his throne in a hurry one July day, fifty-two years ago. His mother was the famous Duchess de Berri, known before her marriage as the Princess Caroline Ferdinande Louise of Naples.

The Count de Chambord's father was mortally wounded on the night of Feb. 13, 1830, as he was leaving the Paris Opera-House, by a man named Louvel. Seven months after this event the son was born. His mother left France in 1830 with Charles X., but in 1833 she returned for the purpose of stirring up an insurrection and claiming the crown for this son. She landed at Marseilles, but finding no support there she made her way to La Vendee, where she succeeded in rallying a few adherents. They were quickly subdued, however, and she tried to make her way secretly out of the country. She was betrayed, however, to Louis Philippe's Government and imprisoned in the castle of Braye, where she gave birth to a second son, the fruit of a secret marriage between herself and a young Italian nobleman. The publication of this fact made her harmless in the eyes of the Government, and she was released in June 1833. She retired to Sicily, where she lived up to her demise in 1870, with her husband and his relatives.

The legality of the marriage of the Duc de Berri with the Princess Caroline Ferdinande Louise, of Naples, has been questioned by English Protestant writers, and if their views were to be accepted as the correct ones, the two daughters born to the Duke and Duchess Brown are the only legitimate representatives of that gay and gallant nobleman, while, had certain formalities been complied with by the Duke immediately after his marriage to Amy, in 1806, a quiet gentleman who lived until recently, bearing the commonplace name of George Granville Brown, would have stood in the Count de Chambord's shoes in the eyes of these same writers.

The Duc de Berri, after the revolution, served in the French Legitimist army, and subsequently in that of Russia, but in 1801 he went to England, and three years later made the acqua

The Tribune.

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SOCIETY MEETINGS.

GAUNTLET LODGE NO. 4, K. P.—Meet at Hall A, northwest corner of Adams and La Salle-sts., at 8 p. m. Tuesday. Visting Knights fraternally welcomed. Take elevator. GEO. G. WENTWORTH, C. C. WALTER HARRINGTON, K. of R. and S.

VAN RENSSELAER GRAND LODGE OF FERFECTION, No. 16.—A Stated Communication will be held in Consistorial Hall, 76 Monroe-st., Thursday evening, Aug. 17. Work on fourth and fifth degrees. Sojourning brethren fraternally invited to unite with us. JAMES B. BRADWELL, 33°, Gen. Com. GIL. W. BARNARD, 33°, T. P. G. C. M. Grand Secretary.

KEYSTONE LODGE, NO. 59, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communication Wednesday, Aug. 16, for important business. Members are hereby notified to attend. Visitors cordially invited. By order of L. WEYHE, Secretary. M. PFLAUM, W. M.

APOLLO COMMANDERY, NO. 1, KNIGHTS TEMPLAR—Stated Conclave Tuesday evening, Aug. 15, 1882, at 8 o'clock. By order of the Acting Eminent Commander. SAMUEL M. HENDERSON, Recorder.

CHEVALIER BAYARD COMMANDERY, NO. 52, KNIGHTS TEMPLAR—No Conclave this week. By order of the Acting Commander. HENRY C. RANNEY, Recorder.

CORINTHIAN CHAPTER, NO. 69, R. A. M.—Stated Convocation Monday evening, Aug. 14, at 8 o'clock. Business of importance in regard to leasing hall. Visiting Companions are cordially invited. By order of C. HELFSNIDER, M. E. H. P. J. C. DICKERSON, Secretary.

EXCELSIOR LODGE, NO. 22, I. O. O. F.—Corner Clark and Washington-sts. First degree conferred Tuesday evening, Aug. 15.

LAFAYETTE CHAPTER, NO. 2, R. A. M.—Stated Convocation Monday evening, Aug. 14, at 8 o'clock, for work. Visiting companions welcome. By order of W. E. POULSON, M. E. H. P. WM. J. BRYAR, Secretary.

FORT DEARBORN COUNCIL, NO. 278, ROYAL ARCANE—Will meet in their new hall, Oriental Building, No. 122 La Salle-st., Monday, Aug. 14, at 8 o'clock. All members of the order are cordially invited to attend. H. S. BURKHARDT, Regent. CLAYTON MARK, Secretary.

GOLDEN RULE LODGE, NO. 726, A. F. & A. MASONS—Will hold a Stated Communication at Oriental Hall, No. 122 La Salle-st., on Tuesday, Aug. 15, at 8 o'clock. Important work. Visiting Master Masons cordially invited. THOS. G. NEWMAN, W. M. LEE H. WILSON, Sec.

ASHLAR LODGE, NO. 308, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting Tuesday evening, Aug. 15, at 8 o'clock sharp for business and work. The fraternity cordially invited. J. E. HARDY, W. M. C. H. CRANE, Secretary.

CHICAGO COMMANDERY, NO. 19, KNIGHTS TEMPLAR—Special conclave Monday evening, Aug. 14, at 7:30 o'clock. The "Order of the Temple" will be conferred. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. By order of the Eminent Commander. DAVID GOODMAN, Recorder.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 13, 1882.

WARMER and rainy weather is indicated for this region today.

CONGRESSMEN DEUSTER and Guenther were last evening tendered a banquet in Milwaukee in recognition of their successful efforts in behalf of the Steerage bill which was recently passed by Congress, mainly through the untiring energy of these gentlemen.

LICENSES for 3,000 saloons in the City of Chicago have already been taken out for the current year. There have been 500 or 600 more licenses granted than at this time last year. When all the licenses are out it is estimated the number of saloons in the city will be 4,000. The business must be in a very flourishing condition; it ought to be able to stand an increase of the license fee from $52 to say $300. If the municipality hasn't the "sand" to make this needed change, the Legislature will have to take hold of it. There are about three times too many saloons in Chicago. A $300 license fee would weed out a good many of the doggeries and disreputable resorts, and be a blessing to the community.

THE dispatch announcing the arrest of Gen. Ignatieff shows the uncertainties of official life in Russia. It is only a little more than a year since he ousted Gen. Melikoff and took his place as the confidential adviser of the Czar, completely reversing Melikoff's policy, which the Czar had agreed to carry out. His administration was a brief one, and failed to satisfy either the Czar or the people, and he in turn was compelled to step down and out, the announcement shortly after following that Gen. Melikoff had been made the supreme head of a commission to make certain popular reforms, and now the disgraced favorit is under arrest and on his way to St. Petersburg. The cause of his arrest has not been stated.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 8.—Don't you think it is about time to remind our President about the large number of petitions which came to him from all parts of the country in behalf of Sergt. Mason for a pardon? ONE WHO SIGNED.

"Our President" is not thinking at present of the sufferings of Sergt. Mason, nor yet of those of Betty and the baby. This is the vacation season at Washington, and the President and his Cabinet and all the martinets in the War Department are off on their annual vacations. Some of them are seeking the cooling breezes of the ocean on Government vessels. They care little or nothing for "the common soldier" who did what ninety-nine out of every 100 right-feeling men similarly situated would have done—took a pot shot at the miserable assasin who had deprived the Nation of its Chief Magistrate. Sergt. Mason will have his "vacation" in Albany penitentiary.

YELLOW-FEVER is epidemic at Matamoras and at Brownsville, which is directly opposit on the American side of the Rio Grande. The average number of daily deaths at Matamoras during the last two weeks has been ten. In the same period twelve persons have died at Brownsville. Fortunately the season is far advanced, and the fever is not likely to spread much. It will be remembered that during the last epidemic, which was so severely felt at New Orleans and Memphis, Texas escaped. Now the conditions are reversed. The Congressmen who voted against the appropriation for the National Board of Health have the greatest reason to watch the progress of the fever in Texas with solicitude. It will be noticed that the State-rights Democrats have no compunctions in applying to Congress for relief after a disaster has occurred as in the case of the Mississippi River floods. But there are some of them who believe that the Government should not be permitted to prevent what it may have to provide a remedy for. In their opinion a pound of cure is worth an ounce of prevention.

IT is now stated upon the authority of the New York *Freeman's Journal* that Chicago is not to have a Cardinal after all, and that Archbishop Feehan will remain an Archbishop; further, that when a new American Cardinal is created, the honor will be given to some older city. If the next Consistory wants a real old quiet city it ought to select St. Louis. If age instead of enterprise and smartness is the qualification for the abiding place of a Cardinal let St. Louis have it by all means.

HOW TO DO IT.

The impotency of the police force of Chicago in the matter of legal proceedings against gambling-houses and gamblers is historical. Without stopping now to discuss the question whether this failure of the police in this important matter of criminal proceeding is due to any want of fidelity among the men, or to the protection afforded to the crime by those higher in authority, on which point perhaps justice requires us to say that there is hardly any division of opinion, we wish to point out what was done in New York a few days ago.

In that city one of the greatest iniquities has been for many years the lottery policy business, which is practically a variation of the gambling business, and in many particulars has the worst features of that business. This crime had been successfully carried on for years, the police making occasional arrests, but pleading an inability to break up the business. This is the old Chicago reason given why gambling has been successfully carried on here.

Last week the District-Attorney of New York matured plans for the arrest of the ringleaders and the probable extirpation of the traffic. During several weeks he carefully gathered the testimony against these ringleaders, and after obtaining the witness he laid all the information before the Recorder, sitting in chambers as a committing magistrate. The latter issued the necessary warrants for the arrest of all the chief offenders, and also a number of search warrants to be used if necessary. One New York reporter in his account of the proceedings there adds:

> Arrangements were then made for a raid, proceedings being conducted with the utmost secrecy. Particular pains were taken to keep the matter from anybody connected with the Police Department. District-Attorney McKeon even refrained from taking the attaches of his own office into his confidence, and only two persons besides himself—Recorder Smyth and Deputy-City-Assistant-District-Attorney Allen—who had charge of the matter in his absence, were aware of what was being done. At the request of the District-Attorney Mr. Robert Pinkerton and ten of his detectives were appointed Deputy Sheriffs, with full authority to make arrests. Everything being ready, it was arranged that the raid should take place today. At 1:30 this afternoon all three establishments were visited. The party selected for the main office consisted of Mr. Robert Pinkerton and four-and-two of his assistants. On arriving on the third floor of No. 265 Bowery, in which Simmons & Co. are known to operate, Pinkerton found the door closely guarded by a young man who refused him admission and demanded his business. After inquiring for the manager and stating that he held a warrant for his arrest, the detective, finding that he was still refused admission, broke open the door with a sledge-hammer and burst into the room, followed by his detectives. The officers found the place in full operation, about forty men being engaged in various occupations, principally clerical, connected with the policy business. The detectives arrested ten of the eleven men for whom they held warrants, and permitted the minor attaches to go away. Other establishments were visited in like manner and arrests made.

It will be noticed that the authorities of New York, profiting by the experience of many years of failure and a study of the causes of such failure, wholly ignored the police in this matter. They even suppressed all knowledge of the proceedings from the subordinates of the District-Attorney, and the successful execution of the raid and the capture of the proprietors was intrusted to Pinkerton's force. There was no failure. There was no notice given to the criminals. Nobody at headquarters leaked, and the arrested men were captured in the midst of their work. The evidence having been accumulated in advance of the raid, the capture of the parties was all that was required to enable the State's-Attorney to obtain indictments and follow them up to conviction.

What was possible in New York with Pinkerton and his force of twenty-two men ought to be possible in Chicago with any good Police Captain with an equal force, provided the authorities are on the side of the law, and are not the protectors of the criminals. The success of this proceeding in New York is a conviction of the police authorities in New York City, who have for years pleaded inability to accomplish this discovery and arrest. In the case of these policy-dealers, the establishments were secret; they were widely scattered, and the business was done in remote places and by persons not generally known to be so engaged. In Chicago the gambling-houses are as conspicuous as the hotels or theatres; all the gamblers and their subordinates are personally as well known to the police as are the Aldermen; the gambling itself is hardly disguised, and when gaming is going on it is well known to the police. Yet if a warrant be sworn out the fact is instantly made known to the gamblers; if a raid is to be made the police find the houses deserted and the lights extinguished. If an arrest is to be made the party to be arrested notifies the police when he will come in, and at the appointed hour appears with his bail.

In the New York case of the raid on the policy-operators no police were employed or had notice of what was intended, and to this is attributed the successful execution of the law. Could a like success be obtained here if, as was done in New York, the Mayor, and the city police, and the Police Justices were alike excluded from any knowledge that the law of the State was about to be executed?

THE LAST TO GO UP.

If the current saying is true that real estate is the last thing to go up, land must be on the point of enjoying what is called a "boom" in the business slang of the day. Certainly everything else has been advanced in price. That the market is dull, as shown by our real-estate reports from week to week, is no indication that more activity and better prices may not soon come. Obviously, if every one had the wit that could forecast the approach of such periods they would never come. One of the signs of the times is the vast amount of small building going on all over the country. Every town and hamlet is enlarging its old houses and building new ones. Another is the demand for lots around the cities. These things prove that the proceeds of good crops and years of economy and the disbursements of hundreds of millions in railroad building and other enterprises have gone far towards filling the pockets of the people. When working people, and clerks, and other saving classes have accumulated little hordes, and are looking for something to put them into, the one investment that has more charms for them in this country than any other is—home. The savings-banks that have survived the panic are no doubt good, but the experience of the masses with them has been bitter, and these depositories are not likely to regain their old popularity.

A new sentiment that is likely to give real estate an increasing momentum in popular favor is the profound distrust of stock-exchange manipulations and stock securities which the revelations of recent years have instilled into the public. The stock that you buy today because it is controlled by an able and honest man may pass tomorrow into the hands of one of the great sharks of Wall street. Real estate cannot be juggled away by a Board of Directors. Good crops, which are now all but harvested, and active business of the people a vast amount of money to be put into the security which has advanced less than any other, the only one, too, of which there can never be an overissue.

THE STUPIDITY OF MOB VIOLENCE.

The mob which attacked the suspected ravishers of Miss Bond at Taylorville succeeded only in demonstrating more emphatically than ever the irrational character of lynch law. Other mobs have achieved more disastrous results, but none ever displayed so much cowardlee and injustice. The victims were not hanged, but only tortured. If they were innocent of the horrible crime charged upon them, the outrage was scarcely less fiendish than that committed upon Miss Bond. If they are guilty, the mob has furnished them with an excellent argument to enable them to escape the punishment which ought to be meted out to them. In every way the case is more confused and perplexing than ever before; and, popular resentment having now expended its force in a silly and inconsequential demonstration, the chances are that no one will ever be convicted of the crime against humanity and civilization in which Miss Bond was the sufferer.

The preliminary examination of the four men under arrest had been concluded, and three of them—Clementi, Pettis, and one of the Montgomerys—had been held for trial. The result of the examination was anything but satisfactory. The evidence against the accused was altogether circumstantial, and not strengthened by that chain of circumstances which sometimes is more convincing than direct personal testimony. The bad character of the men suspected told against them, and the alibi they made out rested almost entirely upon the evidence of members of their own family. Otherwise it is probable that the accused would have been discharged. But the populace of the surrounding country had assembled in a spirit of vengeance. Passion was further excited by alcoholic stimulants and the exchange of epithets, and the mob was not willing to separate without venting its rage in some manner. Even in their unreasoning temper the people were not sufficiently convinced of the guilt of the men in jail to proceed with the hanging, but seemed to think that they could bring about some new development by laying violent hands upon the prisoners. Apparently they hoped to force some confession from the accused. They began to demand confessions from the moment they had the men in their hands. It was a great piece of folly. These men would have been stupid, indeed, if they had not perceived that they would forfeit their last hope of life by confession. It required no great discernment to see that the crowd was temporizing. Men who have been convicted of murder beyond any reasonable doubt and have apparently made their peace with God through the agency of priests have been known to protest their innocence on the gallows with the noose around their necks and in the face of certain death. When guilty men can do this it is easy to understand how they would refuse to confess while there was a hope of escape. Hence it was simply senseless in the Taylorville mob to expect that they could wrest a confession from the men whom they merely threatened with death. If these men were guilty they availed themselves of the one chance to save their lives, and they have escaped.

The injustice done to Clementi, Pettis, and Montgomery, if they are innocent, is scarcely greater than that done to the community if they are guilty. The mob has provided them with a telling defense. They and their attorneys will be able at their trial, if there shall ever be a trial, to point to the fact that they denied their guilt at a moment when they had every reason to believe they were looking death in the face. This plea will have all the force of a death-bed statement. It cannot fail to make an impression upon a jury and upon the public. Indeed, there is said to be already a change of sentiment among the people of Taylorville as to the guilt of the accused because they reiterated their innocence at every step taken by the mob. These men will now be released on bail. Fear of further violence may impel them to run away, or, if they remain to stand trial, their demeanor when in the hands of the mob will be a stronger defense than any alibi they can possibly establish.

The case now stands in this way: If Montgomery, Clementi, and Pettis are guilty, they are likely to escape punishment by reason of the stupid mob proceedings; if they are innocent, they are the victims of a cruel outrage for which no verdict of acquittal can compensate them. Added to this there is to be expected an abatement in public indignation, which will be favorable to the escape of those who actually committed the outrage. Altogether, there has never been so clear a warning against mob violence. It has no redeeming feature in a community where there remains the smallest hope for obtaining justice by the deliberate process of law. The Taylorville demonstration is at the same time another reminder of the urgent necessity for such reform in the criminal law and practice of this State as will inspire the people with confidence in courts and juries, and thus help them to avoid the mingled absurdity and injustice of mob violence.

THE NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

Congress while struggling with the Constitution and all other legal and economic properieties as to the appropriation of millions for the so-called river and harbor improvements—that is to say, thousands for Cheesequakes Creek in New Jersey and millions for the levees of the Mississippi—was ferociously virtuous on the subject of a quarantine against small-pox or the yellow-fever. It struck out of the bill all the appropriations to arrest the invasion of the country by hundreds of thousands of non-vaccinated immigrants, and the spread of a loathsome disease over every railroad to all parts of the country, carrying death and contagion everywhere through the land. Despite the fearful ravages of yellow-fever during the past years, when because of failure to close the gate of New Orleans against its admission it swept through Louisiana, Mississippi, Georgia, Tennessee, and other States, Congress was so scrupulous as to the expenditure of public money that it refused to appropriate $10,000 to $15,000 for the Board of Health, and on the same day appropriated $18,000,000 for so-called rivers and harbors.

Congress, however, with the characteristic economy of legislative bodies, in refusing to vote money for the medical supplies needed to enable the Board of Health to do something to arrest if not prevent the ravages of the yellow-fever, exercised its powers of dismissing the half-dozen starveling clerks of the Board of Health, but voted the money to pay the high salaries of the officers of the board, who were left without any duties to perform or any means by which they could be performed.

The National Board of Health of the United States is now the merest skeleton that ever existed. It consists of what may be properly styled a bureau with a few salaried officers, who sit in an office at Washington without power or means. Five vessels are even now lying in the harbor of New York in quarantine with yellow-fever on board; at the American towns on the Rio Grande the yellow-fever is epidemic; at Galveston and other cities and points in Texas the fever is having its own way, resisted only by such efforts as local organizations may make. The National skeleton, called the Board of Health, will sit during the year gathering the news of the mortality North and South from the newspapers, for the means to publish bulletins have been taken away from it. It has no money to pay for telegrams. It would be better perhaps if the concern had been abolished altogether, for then there would be no deception and no fraud, and no misleading of the unfortunate victims of epidemics who may suppose there is such a thing as a living, active, and substantial National Board of Health of the United States. In the past history of these yellow-fever epidemics poverty, destitution, famine, and desolation have been attendants; nurses, medicines, clothing, and even food have been among the most pressing wants, both for the well and the prostrate. But the same Congress that freely voted money by the hundreds of thousands to build marble court-houses and post-offices at country villages in Virginia and elsewhere refused to vote a dollar for vaccine matter to arrest the small-pox or to maintain even the feeble agency with the high-sounding title of the National Board of Health. This is a specimen of Congressional economy.

THE POPULATION OF CHICAGO.

The school census of Chicago has been completed, with the following results:

Whole population of city	562,693
Over 21 years of age	321,000
Between 16 and 21 years	54,518
Between 6 and 16 years	100,648
Under 6 years	86,527

The number of persons in each of the three divisions of the city as shown by this census, and by the one taken by the Federal Government in 1880, is as follows:

Division.	*City.*	*Federal.*	*Increase.*
South	135,062	127,266	8,336
West	312,624	276,321	36,303
North	114,218	99,466	14,752

The gain in the South Division seems at the first glance very small, but this is partly due to the fact that it is not credited with its proportion of the 8,000 sailors now in the city, who are not permanent residents of the State, and were not included in this local census, although they would be enumerated under a Federal one; and partly because the rate of increase in the South Division is smaller than in any other section of the city. If a proper proportion of these sailors were added to the total, the increase in this division would be about 12,000. That this school census is not too large is evident. From 1870 to 1880 the increase in the population was just about 70 per cent, or 7 per cent a year. During the last two years it has been 13 per cent, or 6½ per cent a year, which is too low, for it is precisely during the last three years that this city has been growing most rapidly. The school census of two years ago fell 18,000 short of the enumeration made by the United States Government, and it is very likely that the present one is lower than it should be, though perhaps not as much so as its predecessor. It is evident that the rapid growth of Chicago during the last decade will be equaled, if not surpassed, by its progress between 1880 and 1890. Everything indicates that the real population of Chicago at the present time is not less than 580,000.

FREEMAN'S IMPRESSIONS OF AMERICA.

Mr. Edward A. Freeman has embodied certain results of his observations during his late tour in America in an article for the *Fortnightly Review*. The title of the paper is "Some Impressions of the United States." We wish it were proper or polite to supplement Mr. Freeman's recollections of the United States by "Some Impressions of Edward A. Freeman," which were left on the minds of his hosts and entertainers in this country, particularly in Cincinnati. But as this cannot be permitted it may be profitable to learn what so civil a person as Prof. Edward A. Freeman may think of the New World. It was this same Mr. Freeman who wrote during the dark hours of our Civil War a book entitled, we believe, "A History of Democracy from the Achæan League to the Dissolution of the American Republic." It was his misfortune to live to see the falsification of his "too previous" work.

Whatever prepossessions the reader may have formed against Prof. Freeman it must be admitted that this *Fortnightly* article is singularly acute and well reasoned. Merely as a specimen of good English style it is worth looking into. Faultless style is now too often the only virtue of English review articles; but this charge cannot justly be brought against Prof. Freeman. He has much to say that, apart from the manner in which it is said, will arrest attention. He fears that anything he can say of the United States will be "frightfully one-sided," but his impressions do not justify the apprehension. He was thrown mainly among men whose thoughts and pursuits had some likeness to his own. He lived "chiefly with Professors, lawyers, a sprinkling of statesmen, men of thought and information of various kinds"—like himself, as he modestly says. The pushing, meddling, inquisitive American he did not meet.

He was much bored by being taken to see schools. "Some people, I know not why, seemed to think that I had something to do with schools, or at least that I took some special interest in schools. But I was spared the more fearful grind of going through factories, prisons, hospitals, with all the weariness of an inexpert." So it appears Mr. Edward Freeman does not care about methods of public education, or the punishment and reformation of criminals, or the treatment of the sick. What are such trifling matters as these in comparison with the Achæan League?

What most struck Mr. Freeman in America was how little the country differed from his own. The United States did not seem to him a foreign country; it was simply England with a difference. The difference was somewhat greater than that between the northern and southern counties of England, but less than that between England and Scotland. In speech the difference was much less, both as to parts of England and Scotland.

"It is only in the nature of things," Mr. Freeman goes on to say, "that every American should in his heart value British good opinion more fondly than any other. American dislike toward England—when it is really felt, and not put in simply to catch Irish votes—is something quite different from the forms of national ill-feeling to which we are used at home. It is unlike either the old-fashioned English dislike to France or the new-fashioned dislike to Russia. In this last kind of dislike there is mingled a certain feeling of contempt, of very unjust contempt in both cases, but still of genuine contempt. This is the natural weakness of an old nation, above all of an insular nation. The natural feeling of a young nation is the exact opposit. Such a nation must be touchy; it must be inquisitive. It cannot help caring for the opinion of other nations, above all for the opinion of its own ancient motherland. And if such a nation, truly or untruly, fancies itself slighted, misrepresented, misunderstood, if it fails to meet with sympathy where it seeks for sympathy, the result may easily be a dislike which is possibly real—a contempt which is certainly artificial."

Americans who read the reflections of Mr. Freeman on this head will at first be profoundly irritated; but afterwards, if they are at all disposed to be fair, they must admit that there is much force in what he says. Dislike of England is perhaps more generally felt than he imagines even by those who care nothing for the Irish vote, but contempt of England no man who has eyes in his head and has skimmed the history of the world in the last hundred years can honestly entertain. Why was it that the whole nation was especially moved by Queen Victoria's messages of sympathy and condolence during the illness and after the death of President Garfield? It was not because she was a woman or Queen—for respect for rank, at least, is not ingrained in the American nature. It was because she was the official head of the English people, for whose good opinion and kind feelings we care more than for those of any other people in the world. They are, after all, as Mr. Gladstone expressed it, "our kin beyond seas." We came from the same stock, speak the same language, have the same literature, and enjoy the same essential principles of free government. Much as we may hate and condemn English policy in Ireland, or Africa, or Asia, and denounce her brutal, grasping, and selfish methods of political and commercial conquest, we know that in power, glory, greatness, and intellectual and moral advancement she is in the front rank of nations. She was a cruel mother to America, but since America has an establishment of her own she can afford to forget much and to remember what otherwise would better be forgotten—the ties of blood-relationship.

There is less difference between the American and English laws than between those of Scotland and England. Our laws and modes of procedure are borrowed from England. In some instances we have faithfully preserved imperfections and blemishes that were removed in the mother-country long ago. The wonderful repetitions and contradictions in the indictment of Guiteau, for example, belong to a past stage of English jurisprudence. As our Government in some respects is a petrifaction of the English Government as it was 100 years ago, so the laws of criminal procedure in many States are a Chinese-like copy of the old English practice, faults and all, as it was when the Declaration of Independence was made. England has changed all that; but America seems to prefer the obsolete English practice, and, in effect, to hold that what was good enough for the old country 100 years ago is good enough for the new country now.

THE COMIC REVISION.

A few days ago THE TRIBUNE called the attention of the health officers to the mass of unripe and rotten fruit offered for sale in this market, the consumption of which is in part the cause of the increase in the death rate, especially among children. It is now stated that the city authorities recognize the fact that this stuff ought to be seized and destroyed, but feel unsafe in doing anything, because there is no law for the condemnation of spoiled fruit, though there is for that of bad meat, fish, and vegetables. They say they are authorized to lay violent hands on a bad cucumber, but a decayed banana is beyond their jurisdiction. It seems upon examination that the city ordinances do not, in terms, permit the seizure of fruits which are unfit for food. To give the reason for this is to repeat an old story. A jobbing Council hired a man to make a revision or codification of the ordinances, and paid him several thousand dollars for it. The result of his labors was an extraordinary production which bears about as close a resemblance to Tuley's admirable compilation as the comic Blackstone does to the original law-book. Whatever ought to be in is out, and many things which ought to be out are in. The bright way in which the law for the prevention of the erection of frame buildings was nullified by knocking out all the penalties is well known; and there are several other instances of the jolly, humorous way in which the reviser treated his subject. About once a week one of these extraordinary "outs" is discovered, the last one being that in reference to bad fruit.

The officers of the Health Department now say that if they seize this stuff they render themselves liable to suits for damages, although no jury will ever convict an officer whose offense is preventing the sale of refuse. It is impossible to cure the defective ordinance at present, the Council being scattered from Dan to Beersheba; but there seems to be no reason why the authorities cannot, where there is no question as to the character of the fruit—where it is unmistakably bad—lay hands on it, and carry it off, even though not expressly authorized by the Comic Revision. The main thing to be done is to prevent this noxious stuff being eaten and poisoning ignorant people. The increased mortality among children in Chicago is shown by the daily reports printed in this paper, and is being unfavorably commented upon by the press of other cities. We fancy that Dr. De Wolf can find some way to meet the emergency and to save the children.

LOVE AT EIGHTY-TWO.

The Nemesis of a breach-of-promise case is the publicity given to the mutual confidences expressed in the heyday of love when the world is seen through a sort of glamourous veil, prismatic in tint, and the lovers appear to each other in all the tempting garb which this illusion throws about them. The communications which pass between them catch the same prismatic hues and glow with a generous warmth of rhetoric which never kindles up in other epistolary moods, and abound in amorous exaggerations and passionate idealizations which in after years, when they are taken up cold and flabby, and illusions have changed into realities, make the writers question their own sanity at the time. There is another peculiar feature of this publicity. When these written sentiments are spread abroad in all the cold and inflexible rigidity of print, sandwiched in between the details of the Egyptian crisis and the fluctuations of the grain market, every reader has to regard them as something very funny and absurd, and yet the most pedantic, phlegmatic, and dried-up old citizen wrote just such letters at some period in his life, and if they were put in print he would be horrified at the reminder of his former rhapsodies, and soul-soarings, and heart-yearnings, and every one in the community would be on the broad grin over his letters. Who can explain this seeming paradox—this proclivity to laugh at the same folly in others of which we have all been guilty? When the bold betrayer is an old man, as not infrequently happens, and his letters become public property, the laughter is all the more uproarious upon the broad grounds that there is "no fool like an old fool."

Assuming the grounds to be correct, the old fool has been found in Cincinnati, and that sooty, dirty city under the hills is stretching its huge mouth in a universal guffaw over the O. F.'s letters, which have turned up in a breach-of-promise case, the parties to which are well known. The plaintiff is Mrs. Fred Hassaurek, late wife of the editor of the *Volksblatt*, a gentleman who has held various positions of honor and importance under the United State Government. Their married life was not congenial and a separation took place some time ago by mutual agreement, and while Mrs. Hassaurek was seeking a divorce the defendant appears urging her on under promises of marriage and suggestions that he was rich in love for her and in the worldly goods of Mammon. The defendant is Gov. I. Morton—why "Governor" does not appear—a fat old gentleman of Cambridge, O., weighing 225 pounds, 82 years of age, and hardly able to move his unwieldy avoirdupois. With age and weight against him, the Governor plunged into love like a giddy youth, and indited epistles which would not do discredit to the most youthful and lusty Adonis feeling the ecstatic pains of love for the first time, which was not the case with the frisky old gentleman, as the fires in his heart have been covered many a long year, and this outburst is but a blowing up of embers into fresh flame. Alas! in an evil day the flame died away, and when the time came for him to redeem his promises of matrimony, he failed to come to the scratch, whereupon Mrs. Hassaurek instituted suit, and the tender epistles appeared in print, convicting him with cold rhetoric and warmed-up poetry.

A glance at his letters will show how ardently the universal fire may burn, even on an octogenarian shrine. At all times she is addressed as a "cricket," with various prefatory adjectives of endearment, such as a "Dear Cricket," or a "Darling Cricket," or a "Sweetest Cricket," or a "Sweetheart Cricket," but strangely enough never as a chirping cricket. He always recognizes his age and infirmities, but with the feeling that the Cricket will make compensation for them, for in his first letter he says:

> To know I have but you shall be my solace, and although I stump through life on cane and crutch I shall keep a brave heart. For "your smiles shall be the halos of Heaven, shedding sunshine of love on my face."

In the same letter he drops into poetry, like Silas Wegg: "Your *dead image* is with me. 'Time but the impression stronger makes, as streams their channels deeper wear.'" In his next epistle he feels an apprehension lest he may be deserted for some younger suitor, but how bravely the old fellow bears up against it:

> My only fears are that you may change in your love and forget, or rather cast me off for some younger and perhaps more deserving than I of that great love which has become so essential to my life, my pleasures, my all of happiness on earth. If that time shall come may I never know it, may I never dream it, but die still believing my Cricket the same.

On the 28th of January last the old fellow was lonesome, and he writes:

> All my surroundings are touched with the rosate fingers of love. I am like the anchorite with his rosary in his lonely cell when he counts his "Ave Marias," "Pater Nosters," and concludes his litany to Patria," and in my devotion of love I weave a chaplet of love with which I crown my heart to you, my darling, and devote all, my dear, to your service.

A few days later he drops into poetry again, and declares that when the time comes he "shall be one of the happy mortals of this subluinary sphere," and

> Earth holds no other like to thee,
> Or, if it does, in vain for me.

All the letters close with protestations of love to the Cricket—that Cricket, alas, which will not chirp on his hearth, and with much mathematical precision he dispatches on every occasion but one just 1,000 kisses. The one exception is on the 16th of last February, when he daintily observes: "I put a secret kiss under the postage stamp for my darling Cricket," with a postscript to the effect that the Cricket is "the light of his life." Alas for the hidden kiss, couched behind the benignant features of the Father of his Country and punched by the hands of rude postal-clerks on its way to the Cricket—canceled not only on the mute envelope, unconscious of the freight it carried, but now canceled by the Cricket herself and lost forever.

We need not dwell upon the details of these fond effusions. We only put in a closing protest in behalf of the old gentleman. If young fools may rhapsodize, why may not old fools? If a 20-year-old may pour out his soul on paper when he feels the sacred flame, why may not an 80-year-old when he feels the flames making their way up through the cold ashes, warming them with their cheering heat? Why should he not be tempted to give expression to them in the old way? May he not himself have been deceived? If he has followed an ignis fatuus instead of the true light, leading him into morasses instead of to the chirping little Cricket singing in the thicket, is he not to be pitied rather than exposed to ridicule? Had he been younger, more lively, and sounder he might have followed the Cricket and won the prize; but, alas! he was old, short-winded, and fat, and soon tired in the chase. He may have to pay roundly for the Cricket he has not caught, but he is entitled to the credit of having made a good run while he was at it, and remembering what we have all written ourselves let us not be too hard upon the Governor, who mistook a snapping ember for a full-sized conflagration, nor relegate to ridicule what we should have doted upon had they been penned by Rousseau or Lamartine instead of the Cambridge Governor.

A CORRESPONDENT says that the cable-cars on State street are making slower time than was formerly made by the horse-cars; that the popular interest in these cars was centered chiefly in the hope of more rapid transit, and if they fail in this particular they will come to be regarded with more disfavor than ever. The correspondent is not correct in his starting-point. The rate of speed is slightly faster than that of the old horse-cars. It was much more rapid for a time, but owing to the frequent accidents, which were by some attributed to this very rapidity, the company fell back on slower speed. Had the cars never run at as fast a rate—eight miles an hour on part of the State street line—the present complaint would never be made. As soon as the automatic brake which is now introducing is perfected and is applied to all the cars the speed will, however, be slightly increased over what it is at present. The present complaint illustrates the difficulties under which the company labors—abused because it ran fast, and blamed because it runs slow.

A LETTER in the St. Louis *Republican* from Naples says that the City of Florence, Italy, is probably the best paved and cleanest city in the world. In reckless, easy-going Naples, where rags and riches, hunger and plenty, and honesty and thievery seem to live in such pleasant, promiscuous fellowship, the system of prim cleanliness and faultless order fall short of the high Florentine standard, but the street-paving itself is almost as good. The letter continues:

> The material most used in Naples is lava, which, after its issue in a melted condition from the crater of Vesuvius, near by, becomes a grayish stone, compact and hard as granit, apparently. It is cut with precision into large blocks, all of equal dimensions, and is well laid in sand on undercushions of macadam. With the edges of the paving-blocks so close-fitting, and their dressed surfaces so free from projections, the street-beds in Naples are often as smooth as the marble house-walls that line them at either side. I had seen such pavements before only in Florence and Pisa, where the carriage-wheels roll like on a billiard-table. With us, in St. Louis, such pavements would be impracticable, especially during winter. There, however, the horses are accustomed to them, and rattle about at a break-neck pace without accident; and there are neither ice nor snow in winter to make them more slippery. Besides, the Neapolitans vary their street-paving freely according to the changing local requirements. In streets of uneven grade the broad flagstones on ascents are grooved transversely to secure the better foothold; and where the rise is yet more abrupt this pavement is set aside altogether for small blocks, like those we use, and not infrequently for macadam. The stone curbing to the sidewalks, here as in Florence and other Italian cities, varies in thickness from ten to fourteen inches. It is set with great care and solidity, and that the huge blocks may remain forever immovable they are prepared and fitted closely together at the meeting ends with a projecting half-round and a fitting hollowed half-round respectively. They never sink nor bulge out of line. The love of the beautiful, it would seem, does not abandon the artistic Neapolitan even in the sterile construction of a street. Where the smaller stones are used the road-bed is often embellished with combinations of circular, square, diamond, and diagonal settings, and the effect is not unpleasing.

Anent Poetry.

In consequence of queries from various poetical contributors, the following statements are made:

Long poems are not likely to be printed in THE TRIBUNE. An extreme length is forty lines; and half that is a desirable limit.

Dialect poems are not wanted. The leisure of the average newspaper-reader is too scant to be wasted in deciphering broken English.

Obituary poetry will not be published unless the subject of the verse be of considerable popular note. A paper which should give unrestricted insertion to "In Memoriams" would soon be completely overwhelmed with woful effusions. The mass of obituary poetry should, if printed at all, appear under the head of "Deaths," subject to the advertising rates governing that department of the paper.

Poems in reply to other poems are not admissible—controversies in prose being bad enough. The same rule applies to poetry paying compliments to poets. It is a waste of space, as the average poet needs no praise to convince him that his rhymes are excellent.

Because one poem by any individual is printed, it does not follow that all others, or any other, poems sent in by him will see the light. In the first place, the author of a passable poem rarely—and very frequently never—achieves another success in that line; and, secondly, there are so many poets seeking publicity that it is not fair to allow all the available space to be monopolized by rhymesters whose only claim to preference lies in the fact of their having been lucky enough to get into print before. Of course a good poem is a good poem whoever writes it; and a dozen good poems from one writer are infinitly preferable to a dozen—or a thousand

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of little worth—it is so difficult to
spirit of the original; and, besides,
who can do a good job in translating
all probability do a better one in
ry out of his own head. There are
especially which should be eschewed
slator—"The Eri-King" and "The
to Kevlaar"; their translations
e as great a bore as the piano-
Battle of Prague" and "Maiden's

oems cannot be held for, or re-
e writers. Waste-baskets are more
more accessible, and more easily
n desk-drawers and pigeon-holes.
all desirous of preserving his met-
should not grudge the time necessary
ples of them.
, in sending in a poem, that, however
rits, it is as good in quality as some
which have been published. Such
is very apt to be incorrect; and,
verses have heretofore been ad-
type, it would not better the matter
e of the same stamp.
mber of people copy the poetry of
end it in as their own. These gentry
reful not to steal too good an ar-
e a really fine poem sent in by an
ntributor is likely to arouse strong
once as to its originality.
current events is generally bosh. It
master to throw the true poetic
er an occurrence of yesterday or
The ordinary treatment of such
ly commonplace.
some writers who wish to make
nts to furnish poetry regularly."
ce is a sufficient objection to such
nts"; to say nothing of the fact
re very few—if any—composers who
arly" write poetry that is all of it
publication. And, if lavish writing
few good poets to fail frequently
rity, what must be its sad effect upon
rable poets who are not good?
de: Some poets wish to know the
the rejection of their contributions.
too abundant, and life too short, to
ny such explanations being made.

ONELEFF was interviewed shortly
death by M. Fryze, a Polish journal-
m the General said: "The Germans
mies both of the Russians and the
have enough men to overrun and
least a part of Germany. The Ger-
more to lose than we have, and we
re do them more harm than they can
Russian soldier, too, is more hardy
German, and can afford to remain
f the colors. The German artisan or
laborer must leave his factory or
nd if he were away from them for
year the factory would be ruined
rvest would be lost. A war in Ger-
asted long enough, would end in a
ludon. The Emperor William has
ind to me, but he should not call me
because I see that a war between
Germany is inevitable. *Je ne suis pas
is Russe.*"

iladelphia *Inquirer* says: "The
to forbid printing in the *Congres-*
any speeches except those deliv-
floor of Congress is being pretty gen-
ended by thoughtless newspapers
s have not considered the subject
here are always a great many mem-
to speak on every important bill—
more than can be heard without
House and prolonging the session
onable length; but they are all en-
earing, and the only way to avoid
o let a certain number speak and
"leave to print." Much valuable
in this way, and yet the session is
far from shutting off this excellent
eing the country from a costly flood
en, a better plan would be to ex-
isions of this sort and make it uni-
, make it obligatory to print all
he *Congressional Record*, and let the
in both Houses be confined exclu-
ing. This would be found an eco-
od for the Government, as saving a
of time, and would also tend to
ignity of the Nation; for, of course,
ould have to be so far edited as to
careful revision of the speeches of
and Butterworth."

Herald: Ex-Gov. Seymour says
is should be as free as the rivers,
on is impregnable. Rivers are im-
public expense, but tolls are never
hose who avail themselves of these
insportation. The only individual
ent to river-improvements consists
tion of taxes paid by the men who
any of the property that the boats
State that endures its share of
arbor bill taxation should not
he expense of honestly maintain-
at is constantly adding to the prop-
ry taxpayer.

Hing" is a secret Chinese or-
hich has no smaller aim than the
the present dynasty. How many
as enrolled nobody not belonging
but enough of them live in Phila-
oid a conclave with considerable
nusiasm. Such a meeting assem-
evening and took sufficient interest
dings to make a night of it. Sev-
bers were initiated with various
eremonies, which included the dis-
, mystic symbols, and much dis-
ng.

been discovered at the Nevada
what is considered a great "find."
f the sandaled foot of a human
marks of the track of a mammoth
nd in the same piece of sandstone,
me level, showing that man and
d not only in the same age, but in
r. The marks were found at a
en feet, on what is supposed to
the time the marks were made the
ke, where the man went to fish
noth to drink.

dangerous of the vegetable poi-
son of the year are the hemlocks
e hemlock-dropwort, water-hem-
common hemlock), fool's parsley,
torgiove, black nellebore, or Christ-
ckbrai, henbane, thorn-apple, and
nade. In a case of vegetable poi-
Knowledge, "Emetics (the sulphate
ourable) should be used at once,
e throat tickled with a feather,

and copious draughts of tepid water taken to excite and promote vomiting. Where these measures fail, the stomach-pump must be used. Neither ipecacuanha nor tartar-emetic should be used to cause vomiting, as during the stages they produce before vomiting is excited the poison is more readily absorbed. Vinegar must not be given until the poisonous matter has been removed, but afterward it may be given in doses of a wineglassful, one part vinegar to two parts water, once every two hours in mild cases, but oftener—to half-hourly doses in cases of greater severity. Where there is stupor, the patient should be kept walking about, and if the stupor is great cold water may be dashed over the head and chest. Strong coffee may be used where the narcotic effect of the poisoning is very marked. It is all-important that in cases of vegetable poisoning a medical man should be sent for at once."

THE great English ironclad Inflexible has a tonnage of 11,406 tons; her engines are of 8,000 horse-power; her armor ranges in thickness from sixteen to twenty-four inches; and her four 81-ton guns hurl 1,700-pound shot to a distance of nine miles. Two weeks ago a return was submitted to Parliament showing the actual cost of building the vessel and completing her for sea service. The total cost was £809,594—or say $4,000,000—of which £583,481 were expended on the hull.

A SUCCESSOR to the oyster, the extinction of which is from time to time predicted, has been found in Washington Territory, in the shape of a huge soft-shell clam. The new aspirant to gastronomic favor, when dug out of its home, is said to resemble a plump duck. The edges of the shell are separated by a breast of flesh, which is cut into slices, rolled in meal, and fried—the flavor being equal to the best oyster, while the meat is very tender and juicy.

A TROY shopkeeper thought he was playing a huge joke on at least two persons, the other night, when he carried a fruit-stand from in front of his own store to an acquaintance's shop two blocks away. But he did not laugh when, later in the night, he was awakened by a policeman and compelled, in the presence of several persons, to carry the stand back to its place, on penalty of immediate arrest.

ACCORDING to the official statement of the trade of the United Kingdom for 1881 the value of the imports amounted to £397,022,489 and the exports to £297,082,775, making a total of £694,-105,264. The imports from foreign countries amounted to £305,482,329, and from British possessions to £91,539,660. The value of the exports to foreign countries amounted to £210,-491,583, and to British possessions to £86,681,192.

THE Beaconsfield memorial fund has been more than secured; there are surplus funds amounting to between £2,000 and £3,000. It has been determined to use a portion of the surplus for a picture of Lord Beaconsfield to be hung in the National Portrait Gallery, London. Meanwhile the statue, for which the fund was raised, is nearly ready, and will soon be erected in Parliament Square.

It is fair to conclude from the following advertisement which lately appeared in the *Canyon Chief*, published at Weedsport, that meat is high in Western New York: "Wanted—A gentleman desires to find a partner with capital to assist him in the purchase of a beefsteak. One who owns a frying-pan and a piece of pork preferred."

THE Richmond (Va.) *Central Presbyterian* has come to this conclusion: "Mr. Emerson was dreaming all his life and writing his dreams in hieroglyphics that cannot be interpreted. He was a huge shadow on our modern literature, and has left behind him nothing but a vague impression of perverted power.

BEFORE the dreaded ophthalmia can make havoc with the English troops in Egypt it will have to overcome the resistance of blue spectacles, of which 25,000 pairs have been ordered by the Government, at five cents a pair.

LAKESIDE MUSINGS.

Cetewayo will visit Queen Victoria tomorrow. Cet is in hard luck. He is in the hands of the enemy, and has six wives.

The news comes from New York that Archbishop Feehan is not to be made a Cardinal. It is understood, however, that an effort will be made to do business here as usual.

"I notice that Trinket is going to trot against Clingstone. I had a race with Trinket once at Chicago, but it was awfully lonesome to go around the track all by myself."—*Maud S.*

The statement that Dr. Norvin Green intended to resign the Presidency of the Western Union Telegraph Company is denounced as a canard. Dr. Green has too much respect for his salary to give it away.

A yellow stretch of rippled sand
Curbed by the bay to two gold lips;
An, look! the blue sea slyly nips,
Faint, frothing up the shining strand—
Just takes the kiss, and then for fear
Recows, but ebbs to reappear.

"The sea-shells strewn around sing low
The secret sea-things that they know.
—*Samuel Jones Tilden.*

"You are sad, Myrtle."

The dead leaves were being blown ruthlesly across the lawn by the gusty October winds that sweep over St. Louis, while across the sky leaden clouds whose darksome front betokened a raging storm were hurrying as if in mad haste. Holding her little head against his heart, George W. Simpson saw the sun go down in the reddened west and the shadows of night steal swiftly across the face of a desolate earth.

"Yes," replied Myrtle, looking up trustfully into the glad dark eyes of the only man she had ever loved. "Yes, my darling, it has been such a dull, dark day, with grieving skies, with the sodden, dead leaves falling and wreaths of ghastly mist driftmg about. I have been thinking of you all day, sweetheart, only I have not been here at all, but away, away. I hardly know where. Only in the land where my footsteps have lingered I never cried for love that did not come, nor felt hungered for love's own gifts, nor felt lonely, nor desolate, nor afraid. Because beneath the turquoise skies of my mystical dreamland, in the rose-laden air, love was always with me—love with strong arms and clinging kisses and deathless tenderness. And I knew no sorrow, nor loneliness, nor heartbreak. I was happy and content, and joyous forever."

George pressed the lithe form more closely to to him, as if in fear that some unseen mysterious power might suddenly take from him the one he loved so well. For an instant he did not speak; and then turning away so that his words should not reach Myrtle's ears, he said in low bitter tones:

"God help and keep my loved one. She has evidently been dreaming about Chicago."—From "*An Arabian Night*," by *Murat Halstead.*

PERSONALS.

John W. Garrett, of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, is now at his country seat near Baltimore, undergoing a surgical operation by Prof. Allen Smith for a very painful bone felon. It is not necessarily dangerous.

"Washington, George, President of the U. S., 190 High st.," was the entry in one of the first directories of Philadelphia, which contained a list of less than one hundred distinct occupations.

A dinner is to be given at Delmonico's in October to the senior commander in the Cunard service, who has made over 300 trips across the ocean. The dinner is to be given by a number of his New York friends and admirers.

John Quincy Adams was never known to be late during all his long service in Congress. One time, just as the clock struck, a member asked the Speaker if it was not time to call the House to order. "No," he answered, "Mr. Adams is not yet in his seat." Just then Mr. Adams appeared and proved that the clock was four minutes fast.

Col. Joseph Burdette Stewart, who died in St. Luke's hospital in New York last Sunday, is memorable as the only man in Ford's Theatre who had the presence of mind to pursue the assasin Booth when he rushed across the stage after firing the fatal shot at President Lincoln. Booth rushed past Dundreary, rudely thrust Laura Keene aside, struck with his knife at a man behind the scenes who seemed to be in his way, and reached the stage door into the back alley just in time to shut it behind him in the face of Stuart, who was in hot pursuit. Unfamiliar with the door and in the darkness, Stuart could not get it open until Booth had had time to mount his horse and start away. Stuart was a lawyer, born in Kentucky in 1822, an itinerant traveler, enjoying a wide circle of

POLITICAL.

Mr. Aldrich Will Not Have It All to Himself in the First District.

The Complicated Contest on the West Side of the River.

The Senatorial Entanglements—Views of Cool-Headed Spectators of the Field.

Congressman Davis Thinks the River and Harbor Bill a Good Thing.

"No Government Clerk Is Compelled to Pay the Two Per Cent Assessment."

Bill Springer Explains How He Came to Be Enrolled Among the Bolivars.

Senator Logan Hopes that the Next Legislature Will Be a Republican One.

First Congressional District—A Latter-Day Fight on Aldrich.

The situation in the First, or South Side Congressional District, has changed somewhat within a few weeks past. At one time it seemed as if Mr. Aldrich would have the field pretty much to himself, and would get what is known as a walkaway. That period has passed. One candidate is actively in the field against him, another is said to be figuring on his chances of being struck by Congressional lightning, while still another has the advantage of a boom engineered in his absence by his friends and without his knowledge. This, briefly stated, is about the situation of affairs in the First District at this writing.

Irus Coy, of Hyde Park, is the only open candidate against Mr. Aldrich. Mr. Coy has been on the track for Congress before, but never managed to acquire much of a reputation for speed. This time he is on to stay and hopes to make a good running record before the finish. Mr. Coy is the attorney of the Union Stock-Yards Company, and is popularly supposed to have that rather powerful corporation at his back. He is a much younger man than Mr. Aldrich, and his candidature is based not only upon his own qualifications for the place, but upon the idea that the district has given Mr. Aldrich three terms, that it owes him no more, and, to use the words of Dan Wenn, "has had a han'some enough for the 'boys.'" Mr. Coy, according to this view of the matter, is reckoned as one of the "boys," and his candidacy, therefore, appeals to a certain sentiment in the district, especially in the First Ward, represented by the type just named. Dan Wenn is a candidate himself. Some time ago he wanted to go to the House, and Arthur Dixon was on the track for the Senate. Arthur is now reported as out of the race, and the element supporting him are said to have pooled their issues with Mr. Wenn. Under Dan is for Coy and Coy is of course for Dan, and Coy expects to get the delegation from the First Ward. Mr. Coy looks for help from the First for another reason. Two years ago, the Town of Lake supported Ab Taylor for Congress. As one good turn deserves another, the Taylor forces, represented by Dixon and Wenn, are now for Coy. In addition to the First Ward, Mr. Coy naturally counts upon the Town of Lake and upon Hyde Park, where he lives. State-Senator Condee, who is suspected of a desire to reach Congress some time himself, and who would probably rather not see a new man there until he is the new man, may have something to say as to Hyde Park. He has managed to keep out of the contest pretty well thus far, but it is understood to favor Mr. Aldrich. Living near the Fourth Ward, Mr. Coy is rather hopeful of picking up strength in that locality, particularly from the elements opposed to Mr. Aldrich.

But the Fourth Ward may contribute a candidate of its own. William H. Harper, who has been a familiar figure in Republican politics in the ward for years, said to have Congressional ambition himself, and is undergoing careful grooming for the race. The Fourth Ward, with its large Republican vote, is a power in a convention, and if Mr. Harper should secure the delegation and yet fail to go to Congress himself, he might have considerable to say as to who should go.

Mr. Aldrich will find his most serious opposition, however, in the Third Ward, where he resides. Without that, he could have no show. With it, and with his other strength, he will be a formidable candidate. There is an element in the Third Ward which is opposed to Mr. Aldrich on the ground that he has represented the district long enough, and not represented it, perhaps, with as much ability as should characterize the Congressman from the First District of Illinois, and also on account of his position on the Lake-Front bill and the River and Harbor bill. In other parts of the district his position with regard to these two measures would perhaps give him strength. Even the Third Wards are divided on the question. The opposition, however, have organized a movement in favor of ex-Ald. Eugene Cary. Mr. Cary has been away for several weeks in the neighborhood of Lake Superior. He returned a day or two ago, and when a TRIBUNE reporter saw him yesterday and told him what was going on, he said it was all news to him, that he had never considered the subject, and that if anything had been done in the matter it was entirely without his knowledge, and he fervently hoped THE TRIBUNE would not even mention his name. THE TRIBUNE cheerfully gives him the benefit of his disclaimer, but at the same time warns him that the movement is going on. Should it prevail, Mr. Aldrich might as well give up all hopes of a fourth term, for a candidate without his own backing back of him is distanced at the start. In case Mr. Aldrich carries the Third Ward, however—and his friends are confident that he will, as he has done on previous occasions—his chances are decidedly worth having. The country towns are expected to come up for him as usual, and the same element that is for him in the Third Ward will be expected to reach over into the Fourth and bring it into line. The Second Ward will probably be for him. It was carried against him two years ago by E. R. Bliss and others for Capt. White. The situation is reversed this year. Capt. White is an out-and-out Aldrich man, and the workers of two years ago are not disposed to fight Aldrich, against whom they have nothing personally, simply for the sake of fighting him, especially when there is a prospect of their being "left" in the convention, as they were two years ago.

Mr. Aldrich has not yet returned from Washington, but is expected daily. When he arrives he will no doubt take the field in person and enter upon a vigorous canvass. His main fight, it will be seen, promises to take place in his own dooryard, so to speak, and the present indications seem to be that it will not be lacking in interest.

Third Congressional District—A Very Much Muddled Contest—Entangling Alliances—Calculating the Chances.

The complications over in the Third District are becoming more and more perplexing. The supposed strength of the several candidates in the respective wards is still a matter of general discussion among the politicians and the people of this district generally; but the main interest centres in the preliminary moves soon to be made. The Congressional District Committee was to have met last evening, but it was decided, in view of absences from the city and to meet the convenience of some of the members, to postpone the meeting until next Thursday evening. Mr. M. A. Morse, the member from the Twelfth Ward, is one of the candidates. Mr. Morse doesn't want to take any advantage of his competitors, and has come to the conclusion that, under the circumstances, he will best observe the proprieties by resigning. A nice question has arisen as to who shall be his successor and how he shall be appointed. Mr. Morse will probably ask to be allowed to name a proxy. Several of the committee have as yet been unable to see how that would make any great difference, and are inclined to refer the matter to the Central Club of the Twelfth Ward, with a request that it fill the prospective vacancy. Others insist that Mr. Morse has the undoubted right to name his proxy, and still others that the committee itself has the power to fill vacancies. The prime object of the meeting is to settle this little question, but in addition to this it will probably dispose of another and more important one—namely: the calling of the Congressional Convention.

The conundrum most frequently asked nowadays is, "When shall it be held?" Col. Davis, who has just returned from Washington, is in no hurry about it, and is understood to favor a late convention—say the last of September or the 1st of October, as has been the custom for several years. The other candidates favor an earlier settlement of the dispute. In this they cannot really be said to be taking any undue advantage of Col. Davis. Although he has but just returned, everybody knows that his workers—and they are some of the best in the district—have been plowing the field for weeks, and that the Colonel himself is as fully posted on the lay of the land as though he had been here in person all the while. The County Convention will probably be held on or about the 10th of October, and the idea is strongly advocated of holding the Congressional and getting it out of the way about a month before. Should this be done the primaries will probably be held Monday, Sept. 4, and the convention Tuesday, Sept. 5.

The next question of interest relates to the Twelfth Ward primaries. Col. Davis, in spite of his alleged indifference, would rather take his chances at one mass primary than at nine primaries in as many precincts. There has been and is some question as to just what MR. MORSE does want, but the general impression is that he desires the nine-precinct primaries. There is still more doubt as to the complexion of the committee on this matter. Four of the members have been suggested to favor the precinct primary system if the ward, through its committeeman, asks for it. One of them is a rather doubtful quantity, however, and his vote would make all the difference in the world. Still the committee is pretty apt, on general principles, to do what the Twelfth Ward member asks. The committee is the only organization which represents the voters of the district. A committeeman is supposed to voice the sentiment of his ward, and the feeling that an organization can be best preserved by granting what the ward representatives ask is always a strong one, and is likely to prevail in this case.

More or less intimately connected with the Congressional contest is the question as to when the Senatorial Conventions in the First and Fourth Senatorial Districts shall be held. Possibly the Congressional candidates may, as they claim, have no hand whatever in a movement inaugurated during the past week to get the Senatorial Conventions in those two districts out of the way before the Congressional. If there were a trade between Congressman Davis and George White, by which the former wanted the Tenth Ward delegation in the Congressional Convention in return for a White delegation from the Ninth Ward in the Senatorial Convention, the natural supposition is that Col. Davis would much rather have the Congressional Convention first and the Senatorial afterwards. In this way the ax would be suspended over George White by a hair. If he refused to give Davis the Tenth Ward the hair might give way and the ax might drop. While the other candidates for Congressional and Legislative honors might enjoy the consequences, they would be rough, so to speak, both on Davis and White. Nobody will of course have the hardihood to suggest that there is a trade of this sort, although such things have been known to happen, and are generally excused on the principle that "everything is fair in war and politics." Any attempt to break up a trade of this sort, if any existed, would naturally come from an anti-Davis source. The singular fact about it is, that it comes from both directions—not from the Congressional candidates themselves, but from the Legislative aspirants, some of whom are known to be friendly to Col. Davis, while others are perhaps not so much so.

George White's leading opponent is ex-Senator Francis A. Riddle, of the Eleventh Ward. Mr. Riddle may have his preference for a Congressman, but he is not and has not been engaged in working up anybody's boom. He is sedulously employed, on the contrary, in attending to his own affairs, while Mr. Scrafford, of the same ward, is going around with a moderate amount of feathers and war-paint, in token of his enlistment for the same engagement. Neither is "hollering" for anybody for Congress. And there is a general feeling throughout the Eleventh Ward that the political atmosphere, Senatorially speaking, ought to be cleared of any and all the complications and combinations that might enter into the Congressional contest. Should Mr. Riddle carry the Eleventh, as he expects to do, he believes he will stand an equal chance with White in the Ninth, although White needs all of that ward in addition to his own, and Riddle can get along with less. On the other hand Mr. D. L. Hough, of the Twelfth Ward, who is a candidate for Representative in the Fourth Senatorial District, and who is an avowed friend of Col. Davis, is in favor of calling the Senatorial Convention before the Congressional, in order, as he explained it a TRIBUNE reporter yesterday, to have the former out of the way as soon as practicable and relieve the candidates of the ante-convention strain and pressure. Several of the other aspirants take the same position, and, according to Mr. Hough, it was simply a candidates' movement for the purpose just stated. On the other hand, there is just a suspicion that Mr. Hough's and Col. Whitney's eagerness for the fray is not entirely disconnected from a feeling that they are perhaps stronger now than they might be later on. There are several other candidates in the district, including John L. Parish and Gen. Robert N. Pearson, the present members, and Messrs. M. E. Cole and J. L. Campbell. Mr. Parish has been out of the city a good deal of late, and some of the others have been industriously plowing the field in his absence. An early primary under such circumstances might easily operate to a candidate's disadvantage, although Mr. Parish expresses his willingness to go before the people of the Twelfth Ward tomorrow, and even then believes he would come out ahead.

The Fourth Senatorial District Committee, in fact, held a meeting yesterday afternoon, or tried to, at the office of John R. Parker in the Bryan Block, and but for the slim attendance would have discussed the question of calling a convention and probably fixed the date. Messrs. Hough, Whitney, and Parish were present, in addition to Messrs. Parker, P. F. Williams, and Frank H. Collier, the committeemen from the Twelfth Ward, only a small strip of which remains in the new Fourth District, had notified the committee that they did not intend to claim any representation, and the members from the Eighth were absent. The committeemen decided, inasmuch as the Eighth has been cut in two at Taylor street, a part going into the Fourth and a part into the Fifth District, to notify that ward to send two instead of three representatives to an adjourned meeting to be held next Saturday at the same place at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The primaries are not likely to come off, therefore, for at least a couple of weeks. It may be noticed in passing that Mr. Collier, an enthusiastic friend of Mr. Medill, son, is opposed to an early convention, which he, at least, evidently regards as a Davis move.

The result of the Congressional contest will largely turn, of course, on the result in the Twelfth Ward. If Col. Davis loses all or a large part of that, his chances will not be the best. Said a shrewd, well-posted politician to THE TRIBUNE reporter yesterday: "Mason will get the Eighth, Thirteenth, and Fourteenth Wards, and is figuring on two precincts, or six votes, in the Twelfth. That will give him forty-one votes in the convention. Davis will get the Ninth, Tenth, and Eleventh, and probably ten in the Twelfth. This is on the supposition that the Twelfth holds precinct primaries, and I guess it will. That gives him 36. Morse will get the other five votes in the Twelfth. Mason lacks two votes of a nomination and Davis four. Then the question is, What will become of Morse's five votes? If they are very much anti-Davis—so much so as to discount the objection to throwing the nomination outside of their own ward—they will go to Mason, and that will nominate him, although he has only needed a majority of them. If the Twelfth Ward feeling predominates, they will go to Davis, and he will be nominated. I'd rather know the men before I'd undertake to say what they'll do."

"Col. Davis' vote on the River and Harbor bill," said another equally well-posted politician, who took a somewhat different view of the matter, "has not done any good among people against him who would otherwise have been for him. How will he come out? Well, I figure it in this way. He will get the Ninth and Tenth sure, with chance at the Eighth, where, I understand, he proposes to make a vigorous contest.

The Eighth is likely to go with the Twelfth in the convention, however, no matter how the Twelfth goes, for the reason that the two wards are tied together Senatorially. I give Morse the Twelfth, for if they have precinct primaries it's about a sure thing that he gets away with it. Mason will get the Thirteenth and Fourteenth. In spite of all that has been said to the contrary, Mr. Swett will get the solid delegation from the Eleventh. All the combinations there are in his favor. The convention, after balloting a while, will get into a deadlock, and Swett will hold the balance of power. Davis would rather let Swett have it than Mason, and Mason would rather let Swett have it than Davis. It's also fair to say, I think, that Swett will be the second choice of the Morse faction. Under the circumstances there is a very good chance, in my opinion, that Leonard Swett may be our next Congressman."

The above are two specimen views, selected from the mass offered on every hand, and are given simply for what they are worth. The preliminary moves on the Congressional chessboard are apt to have an important bearing on the final solution of the problem, however, and before anybody wagers his money on the result he had best wait and see who draws first blood.

Congressman Davis.

Col. George R. Davis arrived home last evening from Washington, and he had no more than arrived at his unpretentious little domicile, at No. 142 Hoyne avenue, than he was crowded upon with callers. He had barely time to get his supper or get acquainted with his family, so great was the rush. The visitors kept coming and going, so that the reception was kept up until a late hour. Among the callers was a TRIBUNE reporter, who grasped his chances of asking questions between the intervals of handshaking.

"So you are home again at last," said THE TRIBUNE man.

"I am here," responded Mr. Davis.

"Fences much out of repair?"

"I don't know. I haven't had time to catch my breath since I got home."

"I suppose you found some rails off, and the bars down, and a few intruders in your pasture?"

"Say, young man, you talk in riddles. I have just got back from my work. I was in Washington attending to business."

"What are your chances for a reelection?"

"I hadn't bothered myself to find out. I had all that I could attend looking to the interests of the people I represent in Congress, and the matter of a reelection I left for the people to settle."

"I suppose you will attend to that now?"

"If my fences need repairing I suppose that I will have to go to work and repair them."

"Don't you think that the session of Congress was awefully long drawn out?"

"I think that the session was a long one, but it was not the fault of Congress; it was the fault of their selection of Speaker, and it was his peculiar make-up of the committees that delayed us so long. I presume that Mr. Keifer did his best to select the strongest men, in a party sense, upon the committees. The trouble was he put new men on committees upon which they had never served. It takes time to learn to legislate intelligently, and it took these men time to get posted in order to work understandingly. The present Congress did well, considering everything."

"You voted for the River and Harbor bill?"

"Yes, sir, and I am willing to defend that vote."

"Upon what grounds, please?"

"Upon the grounds, sir, that I am in favor of internal improvements. The present River and Harbor bill exceeds that of the last session by something over $6,000,000. This is made up almost entirely in appropriations made for the Mississippi River and the Potomac Flats. Taking out these two items the bill is not larger than the increase of the business or the population of the country demands at this time. I take it that the Engineer Department and that members of Congress are as honest in making their recommendations and setting forth the necessity for works in other parts of the country as are those who set forth the necessities of Chicago, the second greatest commercial point in the United States. The estimates called for an expenditure of $35,-000,000, which the Engineer Department said was required, and which could be usefully expended during the current fiscal year.

WE SUCCEEDED IN SECURING

an appropriation for Chicago of $200,000; in about that or less proportion have most all of the appropriations been made—that is, the estimate made by the department for the pr sent fiscal year was something over $30,000,000, and that was reduced to $18,000,000. Now, as every dollar of this appropriation is to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, it was believed that it was better to pass the bill which the committee worked on more than four months, although it was possible that the money might not be expended this year, than to make it one-half of the bill, as passed, from the fact that it may not be necessary to prepare another like appropriation bill at the coming short session. The money is not required to be expended during the present fiscal year. There is a balance on hand now of last year's Harbor and River bill appropriation of several millions. I regard the bill as being a proper one, and no greater than the needs of the country required, take it all in all, under the circumstances."

"Then why did the President veto the bill?"

"Because he regarded some of the items of the bill as not being of a National character, and that it was more money than could be judiciously expended during the present fiscal year."

"Was not that argument a good one?"

"As I have stated, it is not necessary to make an injudicious expenditure of money during the present year, and I did not notice anything that was more objectionable than some of the very items that were recommended by the President."

"What do you think of the appropriation for the Mississippi levees?"

"That appropriation was strongly recommended by the President in a special message, and by most of the people in the Southwest. I do not believe that it should have been included in the bill, nor the filling of the Potomac flats. The only constitutional authority that can be brought forth to sustain either of the appropriations is out be in that article of the Constitution which provides for protecting the National welfare. They are not in the interest of navigation or of the commerce between the States, and I thought that they should have been reported in a separate bill or bills. The building of levees is for the protection of the people and the reclaiming of lands. A levee is not required until the river overflows its banks. Then there is plenty of water for navigation. A levee to be useful must be located from one-fourth to one-half mile from the banks of the stream. I do not believe that it is possible to dike the river and confine it to one channel. I have seen the Mississippi River sixty miles wide for hundreds of miles, and I believe that more outlets than one will be required."

"What is your opinion of the chances of the Republicans getting the next Congress?"

"I think that the Republicans certainly will secure it."

"Do you get your information through the Congressional Committee?"

"Mostly. The committee has a complete record of the condition of affairs in each district, and the indications point strongly to Republican success."

THE TWO PER CENT ASSESSMENT.

"Do you approve of your committee assessing 2 per cent on salaries of Government employés?"

"They make no such assessment. Prior to 1868 moneys were paid to Congressmen, to committees, and to individuals, representing themselves authorized to receive money for campaign purposes, and much of it was said to have been diverted from the uses for which it was contributed. Under the instruction of such men as the late Zach Chandler, a Congressional Committee was organized, consisting exclusively of members of Congress and Senators, who advised all parties, Government employés and others, that any money which they desired to contribute for campaign purposes, such as securing campaign documents, speakers, and work of that kind, should be sent to the Congressional Committee, and it would be legitimately expended. Since the time the committee has been in existence, such moneys as they have received have been, and are, expended in this way. Circulars were sent to all, but no one is compelled to contribute, and that is the long and short of it."

Congressman Springer.

The Hon. William M. Springer, Representative in Congress from the Springfield District, arrived in Chicago early yesterday morning, and spent the greater part of the day in attending to private business and eluding reporters. Notwithstanding the honorable gentleman's adroitness in the latter direction a TRIBUNE reporter cornered him on the Chicago & Alton train as he was leaving for his home near Springfield. Although apparently preoccupied with the formulation of the report which he will make to his constituency of his conduct during the tedious session just closed, the gentleman courteously granted the reporter a brief interview upon various topics concerning himself and the great Nation, a portion of which he modestly represents.

A number of readers of THE TRIBUNE having had their curiosity excited regarding the significance of the decoration recently bestowed upon Mr. Springer by the President of Venezuela, the reporter made inquiry in that direction. Mr. Springer said that shortly before the close of the session he had received a letter from the President of the Venezuelan Republic thanking him for his very able efforts in the Forty-fourth Congress in exposing the fraudulent allowance of $1,250,000 of claims brought against that Government by irresponsible persons. Mr. Springer briefly reviewed the history of the case, which is that a commission, which was known as the "Mixed Commission," was appointed, consisting of a representative from Spain, the United States, and Russia, to adjudicate upon the claims mentioned; that the commission reported favoring the allowance of the claims, and that it was subsequently proven that Talmage, the American member, had received $37,000, and that the other two members had received $25,000 each for their report. Mr. Springer exposed these facts, which led to the downfall of Fish, the Consul to that country. He also stoutly protested against the payment of the claims, which finally resulted in a report from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, made lately, in favor of a new commission to adjudicate upon the claims which Mr. Springer and the Venezuelan Government regard as fraudulent. And the gentleman thinks there is no doubt a

NEW COMMISSION WILL BE APPOINTED.

With a view of expressing the gratitude of the Government toward Mr. Springer for his untiring efforts in its behalf, the President of the Republic a few days ago forwarded to him a letter informing him that, with the consent of the Federal Council, he had conferred upon him the decoration of the third class of the Order of the Bust of the Liberator. The communication states: "It is the highest honor this country can confer on its distinguished officials, and also upon those, whether natives or foreigners, who make themselves worthy of this illustrious distinction by their eminent merits or by services they render mankind or to civilization and nations." Mr. Springer said he had filed the communication with the Secretary of State until Congress shall consent to its acceptance.

The decoration is the highest that has ever been received by an American citizen from the Government, and Mr. Springer may be excused the feeling of pride which possesses him at the present time in consequence of the bestowal. The decoration was founded by the Congress of Peru in 1825 and adopted by the Venezuelan Legislature in 1854 in honor of Simon Bolivar, who in his time was to the Republic what Washington was to the United States. That Mr. "Bolivar" is now compelled to parade about this country as an attraction of one of the numerous "greatest and only circuses on earth" is a matter which the Government to which he originally acknowledged allegiance may deeply regret, but which it cannot control. So far as is known the fact does not detract from the importance of the decoration, nor does the circus suffer. In fact "Bolivar" has always been considerable of a mascot, and will probably continue in that role for some time to come. At any rate Mr. Springer feels highly complimented at the acknowledgment of his services by the Government whose interests he protected. The class which was given him was the highest that could possibly be conferred for the reason that the first class is only given Kings and Emperors, and the second class is granted only to Ministers of State and Ambassadors. The third class is bestowed upon Senators, Judges of the Supreme Court, Representatives, and Generals-in-Chief. There are two other classes, but their bestowal is not limited.

Speaking of the River and Harbor bill, which had passed Congress over the President's veto, Mr. Springer said he thought it was one of the most stupendous steals he had ever seen in Congress. It had always been a part of his religion to vote against the bill, for it was always a steal, but this time it was worse than ever. As to the Bank-tax bill, he said that the bill was "a what was vulgarly termed the "nine hole," and it couldn't be got out before Congress adjourned under any circumstances.

In reply to an inquiry as to his opinion regarding the coming Senatorial fight in this State, Mr. Springer said he had seen Senator Logan in the afternoon, and he cleaned from him that matters were decidedly mixed. He would not be surprised if David Davis would again show up as the dark horse in the race.

Senator Logan.

The Hon. John A. Logan, United States Senator, arrived from Washington yesterday and is temporarily stopping with his family at the Leland Hotel. His present stay will be a short one, as he intends either today or tomorrow to start for Southern Illinois for the purpose of visiting a brother who is lying dangerously ill. Returning to the city he will spend several days in attending to both private and public business, and then expects to accompany his family in a pleasure and vacation tour to New Mexico, where his son-in-law is about to settle. The Senator is looking extremely well, and shows little if any trace of his indisposition during the spring and early summer months. He looks better than he feels, for he speaks of almost continuous poor health for the past six months, and of having been so worked down that rest has become a matter of necessity. The Western trip is taken solely for relaxation of mind and body, and, should he recuperate as fully and as rapidly as he hopes, he intends taking an active interest in the fall campaign. Otherwise he will be obliged to remain in quiet at home, doing as little work as possible.

To a reporter who called upon him at the hotel last evening Senator Logan expressed himself as very strongly of the opinion that the straight Republican ticket would win in Pennsylvania and Ohio, and that this State would roll up a very handsome majority. For a while in Pennsylvania the issue seemed a little doubtful, but the Republican party had not been slow to perceive that there was no use in splitting its vote, and thereby making possible the election of a Democrat. The best in that State was on account of wrongs more imaginary than real, and the straight ticket was now gaining rapidly.

Concerning Ohio the Senator claimed to have definite information, having seen and consulted with prominent, active politicians of that State. He did not feel at liberty to mention names, but he felt as assured as they that the contest would result in yet

ANOTHER REPUBLICAN TRIUMPH.

In our own State there was no reason why the Republicans should not win. Everything was progressing amicably, as it always ought, and there was no intention of party lines, nor any personal animosities to be gratified.

On the Senatorial question Senator Logan respectfully declined to be interviewed. It was the duty and the interest of every Republican to elect a Republican Legislature, and there discuss the merits of the candidates before such a Legislature, and leave them to decide who it should be. They would do that any way, without suggestions from any one. The Presidential question was dodged in an equally adroit manner. A recent dispatch from Philadelphia credited Senator Logan with saying that he was not a candidate, and did not expect to be. What he said yesterday does not accord very well with the contents of the dispatch. "There is plenty of time," said he, smiling, "to talk about the Presidential candidate. I am not busying myself in that regard at all, for that is a matter for the people to attend to and select whom they please. I

ISLAND WILD.

The Home of "Gideon's Band" in Brown's Lake.

Arrival of a Car-Load of Chicagoans—A Dance.

The "Drug-Store"—Trying to Get a Sleep—Amusements and Guests.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

ISLAND WILD, BROWN'S LAKE, Wis., AUG. 12.—My stay in Lakeside was necessarily brief, and I disliked to tear myself away from the beautiful little place, but I was obliged to to take the half-past 2 o'clock train yesterday for Milwaukee and continue on my travels. Owing to some slight misunderstanding among the hostlers at Lakeside's livery-stable, the conveyance which was to take me to the station—a distance of about a mile—did not show up at the hotel until my margin of time was very small, and I feared I would get left; but the Chicago boy I had met came nobly to the rescue, and volunteered to take the driver's place and drive me to the train. The driver acquiesced, and, as we drove away, we heard him say, "Don't drive her too hard; she's got to go out again when she comes back." My Chicago friend jogged her along quietly until we were out of sight of the hotel, and then

HE LET HER GO.

The road was hilly and rutty, and as I had eaten nothing but three oyster-crackers since breakfast, I felt like a dice-box as we rattled over the ground. We reached the brow of the hill at the foot of which the station is situated, and saw the train coming around a bend about a quarter of a mile up the road. Then it was a race to the death. The barbed-wire fence along the road looked like the score of one of Wagner's operas as we flew down the hill, and myself and grip were landed at the station just as the train pulled up. I succeeded in catching my breath, which I had left at the top of the hill; and, as we began our journey Milwaukeeward, I wondered what the driver would say when the Chicago boy brought the horse back covered with wet, creamy lather, and smoking like a Yale student.

Just this side of Lakeside, at the other end of Pewaukee Lake, is the little Village of Pewaukee. It was started up as a summer-resort at one time; and a gentleman who discovered a spring near the shore erected a hotel, which is known as

THE OAKTON SPRINGS HOTEL.

He though his fortune was made; but the lake shore in front of the hotel is low and marshy, and people were afraid of malaria—so the house did not succeed well, and guests were as few and far between as fish in our own sweet river. Last summer the hotel passed out of his hands, and was run as a sort of road-house; but its illluck followed it, and no money was made. New parties have taken hold of it this season, and are trying to redeem its reputation; but their deserving efforts have not been rewarded by any great pecuniary return. Island Wild has really taken possession of Pewaukee Lake, and other places in the neighborhood seem to stand no show. About 5 o'clock the brakeman woke me up, and told me we were in Milwaukee.

IT WAS SO QUIET

I had not noticed our approach to it. I deposited my satchel in the depot baggage-room, and started to spend the two hours which would intervene before my train left. It was one of the pleasantest days I have ever met, and I consumed the time in strolling around watching the little urchins catching butterflies, and the plump dairy-maids milking the cows, and the sturdy German milking the beer-keg. The hum of bees was plainly heard, and upon the air floated the delightful aroma of fine cigars. Milwaukee is indeed a pretty little place, and always calls to my mind the delightful pastoral melodies of Willie Carleton.

At 4 o'clock I struck the depot again, and boarded the train for Burlington. On a seat in the smoking-car I found a 10-cent piece, and will devote it to an excursion to Western newspaper enterprise. In one of the cars at Union Junction we met the north-bound train from Chicago, attached to which was a special car-load of Chicagoans bound for Island Wild. On the car platform I descried Harry Milligan, Vice-President of

GIDEON'S BAND,

and Theodore Craig, one of Chicago's oldest settlers. I transferred my baggage to that car when it was attached to our train, and found it filled with a jolly crowd of about 40 ladies and gentlemen. A ride of an hour brought us to Burlington, and there we found buses in waiting to convey us to the island. The crowd was large, but the accommodations for their conveyance were so perfect that there were seats for all, and there was no delay in making a start. The night was quite dark, and the two-mile drive to the lake, interspersed only by the passage through the pretty little Town of Burlington, was rather slow. The street-lamps were not lit, and I thought for a minute that Gas-Inspector Baldwin had advertised the cost of his moons for this section. As we drove along a particularly dark piece of road, Milligan said we were passing a graveyard; but I found out subsequently that it was nothing but a "stiff," instead of a whole cemetery. Soon we turned on of the main road, and a drive through a little grove brought us to the shores of the lake. The crowd boarded the ferry, which is a large flatboat operated by a crank—that is, a regular iron crank. A rope stretches across from the shore to the island, and a process of winding pulls the boat along.

Over on the island we could see the

BRILLIANTLY ILLUMINATED CLUB-HOUSES

and the trees hung with Chinese lanterns; and when about half-way across a large quantity of fire-works was ignited. First a shower of rockets was sent up as a welcome to us. In the cupola of the large club-house a pan of rosin-pots burned brightly, and the building looked like a huge Madison street sign. Cheers were exchanged as the ferry came to the landing, and we were at once invited to proper parade of a warm supper which had been prepared for us. The lower floor of the main building is one large hall, the sides of which are composed of swinging doors, which can be thrown up, giving any breeze which may be loafing about the neighborhood a chance to circulate, and forming a roof to the wide piazza which encircles the house. The ladies would have been on the island had decorated the large hall in excellent taste. Flags, Chinese lanterns, evergreens, and flowers were combined to make a very pleasing effect. On one side of the room a music-stand, faced with the Island Wild flag, had been erected, and an excellent Milwaukee orchestra was on hand.

After supper the room was cleared and

DANCING WAS BEGUN.

The feature of the orchestra was a lady with a high forehead and a deep voice who called off for the quadrilles. This novelty was appreciated, and the Committee of the Whole voted that she captured the dourhnut. Many of the ladies appeared in evening-dresses; and, taken altogether, they were the handsomest collection of femininity I have seen for some time. On the floor were several old-time gentlemen, who cut out the pigeon-wing and described marvelous hieroglyphics on the waxed floor with their somewhat ancient but agile feet. The Virginia reel caught them where they reached, and occasionally their effervescent spirits would find vent in an old-fashioned whoop. About 12 o'clock there was an intermission, and Mr. Jules Lumbard, of Chicago, favored the company with several fine solos, while other gentlemen contributed vocal and instrumental offerings. Whether bass violinist folded up his dog-house it was just 4 a. m., and even then the happy crowd did not care to disperse.

Across the lawn from the large club-house is what is known as

THE "DRUG-STORE."

I saw a red light in the window, and thought I would go over and get a little soda-water at the wink; but when I forced my way through the crowd that blockaded the door, I found I did not have to wink at all. All you had to say, apparently, was "The same." I tried it, and found it very good. Hearing a rattle of boxes in the back room, I thought it was a minstrel-show, and I went in to investigate. A man with a cigar-box in his lap said, "Dollar limit," when I asked the price of admission; and I noticed that each man around me had five tickets, while in front of one stood a large bunch of tickets. The performance appeared to be for the benefit of a widow, as contributions for "the widow" would be dropped in a tumbler on the table occasionally. I did not think I cared to witness this performance, so I withdrew to seek my downy couch.

I asked the office for the key of my room, and was informed that everything was full. They said the ladies had all been provided for, and the gentlemen would have to shift for themselves; so

I PROPOSED TO SHIFT.

I thought for a time I would have to sleep out under the silent stars; but it was a mite cool, and I decided to organize a go-as-you-please in search by myself, rather than work the grass. The sun was just peeping above the eastern horizon as I went out, and I had just about resolved to sit up the rest of the night and play the string out, when a kind friend offered to fix me up in a hammock in his boat-house. I was not familiar with hammocks, but my knowledge of them has increased. My friend boosted me up in one and went away, forgetting to leave the combination. As a consequence, when I attempted to change my position, I fell out and struck on the carlock of a boat which reposed beneath me. After wiping up the blood and unraveling my legs from the tiller-rope I found one of the players was a brother, and the other was a man well known in Third street as a speculator and frequenter of the brokers' parlors. The game was played in the broker's rear office, and was begun with pennies in the merest sport. Four or five mutual friends were present, who watched the sport with interest. Their interest was changed to excitement when the principals, rapidly raising their stakes, were engaged in matching for hundreds, and then thousands of dollars. The broker was not only successful, but his opponent, with all the pertinacity of a gambler who is sure that the next throw will bring back everything, kept on recklessly doubling and losing. In this way $18,000, and not $12,000, as was incorrectly stated at first, were won by the broker. At that stage of the game the loser began to appreciate how largely he was out, and desired a chance to retrieve his ill-luck. This the broker courteously granted, although more than once before he had signified his willingness to stop at any time. Three more trials were had, and the amount was reduced to $15,000. Then the friends of the two players said it was getting late; that the broker had given all the chances that could be demanded of him, and that he ought not to be compelled to play any longer. Then the game came to an end, and the broker pocketed a promissory note for $13,000.

THE WEATHER.

The Signal Service.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, D. C., AUG. 13—1 a. m.—For the Tennessee and Ohio Valley, during the day warmer easterly to southerly winds, fair weather followed by local rains, stationary or lower barometer.

For the Lower Lake region, partly cloudy weather and local rain, variable winds shifting to east and south, stationary or lower temperature, rising followed by falling barometer.

For the Upper Lake region, light to easterly shifting to slightly warmer southerly winds, partly cloudy weather and light rains, followed by falling barometer.

For the Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valley, slightly warmer southeast to southwest winds, becoming variable, partly cloudy weather, and light rains, lower barometer in the southern portion.

The Chief Signal Officer furnishes the following special bulletin:

The barometer is highest in Tennessee and lowest in the Northwest. Local rains and partly cloudy weather are reported from the Southern States and Lake region, with thunder-storms northwest winds, except in the Upper Lake region, where the winds are variable. Fair weather prevails in the Middle States, New England, and the Ohio Valley, and thence westward to the Missouri Valley, with slightly warmer south to west winds. The temperature has risen slightly in the South Atlantic States and the Lower Lake region, and fallen slightly in the Upper Lake region. The following special temperatures were reported at 7 a. m. yesterday: Eastport and Quebec 59, Montreal 66, Mount Washington 43, Cleveland 72, Detroit 68, Alpena 63, Duluth 57, St. Paul 60, Denver 65, San Francisco 55.

Indications are that warm, fair weather will continue in the southern portions of the Middle and New England States during Sunday, followed during Sunday night by slightly cooler weather. Local rains are indicated for the Lake region, the northern portion of the Middle and New England States during Sunday and Monday.

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12—10:18 p. m.—The following observations are taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

Stations.	Ther.: 7:18 p. m.	Ther.: 10:18 p. m.	Wind.	Rn	Weather.
Albany	82	43	S., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Alpena	65	54	W., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Bismarck	74	54	S.E., Brisk.	.12	Cl'dy.
Buffalo	68	58	W., Brisk.	.25	Cl'dy.
Cairo	71	68	S., Light.	0	Clear.
Concho, Tex	78	70	S., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Cheyenne	84	66	W., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Chicago	68	59	E., Light.	0	Clear.
Cincinnati	78	70	S.E., Light.	0	Clear.
Cleveland	72	59	S.W., Brisk.	0	Clear.
Davenport	78	70	S.W., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Denison	87	73	S., Light.	0	Clear.
Denver	83	51	S., Fresh.	.02	Clear.
Des Moines	82	64	S., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Detroit	71	68	W., Light.	.19	Cl'dy.
Dodge City	86	71	S., Brisk.	0	Clear.
Dubuque	85				
Duluth	59	58	N.E., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Erie	67	59	S.W., Fresh.	.07	Cl'dy.
Escanaba	60	52	N.E., Light.	0	Clear.
Champaign, Ill.	78	66	W., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Ft. Assiniboine		66	W., Fair.	0	Clear.
Fort Buford		62	W., Fair.	0	Clear.
Fort Custer		72	N.W., Light.	0	Cl'dy.
Fort Garry	72	60	W., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Ft. Smith		70	Calm.	0	Clear.
Gairesville	86	72	S., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Grand Haven	67	62	S.W., Fresh.	0	Cl'dy.
Huron, Dak	88	71	S.E., Fresh.	0	Th'ng.
Indianapolis	78	71	S.W., Light.	0	Clear.
Keokuk	83	71	S.W., Calm.	0	Clear.
Lake Anitusa	94	80	S.W., Fresh.	0	Cl'dy.
La Crosse	80	71	S.E., Light.	0	Clear.
Leavenworth	84	73	S., Light.	0	Clear.
Louisville	82	73	S., Light.	0	Clear.
Little Rock	83	73	E., Light.	0	Clear.
Marquette	55	43	N.W., Light.	0	Clear.
Memphis	84	74	S., Light.	0	Clear.
Milwaukee	61	62	E., Fresh.	.04	Cl'dy.
Moorhead	73	68	S.E., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Nashville	81	74	S., Light.	0	Clear.
North Platte	92	83	S.E., Brisk.	0	Clear.
Omaha	86	76	S., Brisk.	0	Fair.
Pt. Sanders	75	67	W., Fresh.	.22	Rain.
Pittsburg	80	67	S., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Qu'Appelle	74	62	N.E., Light.	.04	Cl'dy.
P. A. Landing					
Chattanooga	81				
Rochester	65	57	W., Fresh.	1.07	Rain.
San Antonio	88	74	S.E., Light.	0	Cl'dy.
Sandusky	77	70	S.W., Fresh.	0	Cl'dy.
Springfield, Mo.	80	70	S., Fresh.	0	Clear.
Shreveport	86	75	N., Light.	0	Clear.
Springfield, Ill.	80	69	S., Fresh.	0	Clear.
St. Louis	83	70	S., Fresh.	0	Clear.
St. Paul	73				
St. Vincent	70	60	E., Fresh.	0	Fair.
Stockton, Tex.		73	S., Brisk.	0	Clear.
Toledo	79	73	S., Fresh.	0	Cl'dy.
Vicksburg		74	S., Fresh.	.6	Clear.
Yankton	88	78	S., Fresh.	0	Cl'dy.
Washakie	84				

"Too small to measure.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Time.	Bar	Ther.	Hu	Wind.	Vel	R'n.	Weather
6:35a. m.	29.930	62.0	73	S., W	10	0	Cloudy.
10:35a. m.	29.950	74.7	53	S., W.	12	0	Clear.
2:35p. m.	29.907	80.8	51	W	10	0	Clear.
6:35p. m.	29.864	65.9	90	N	10	0	Fair.
9:35p. m.	29.874	66.0	86	N. E.	5	0	Clear.

Maximum temperature, 82.1.
Minimum temperature, 62.1.
Mean daily barometer, 29.937.
Mean temperature, 69.9.
Mean daily humidity, 70.3.

The Heavy Rainfall at St. Paul, Minn., Not General.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 12.—The heavy rains of Friday night that fell in St. Paul, Minneapolis, and vicinity caused some apprehension that they were general. It was feared also that there might have been rain enough to do some damage to the crops or materially interfere with harvesting. Fortunately it is found by weather reports obtained yesterday at the various railroad offices that the rainfall was not widely extended, neither was it as heavy as it was in this locality. Along the line of the Chicago, St. Paul, Milwaukee & Omaha in Wisconsin there were showers that were light, though rather heavy at Camp Douglas. Most of the grain this side of Milwaukee to St. Paul is reported to be cut, in shock, and stacked. On the line of the St. Paul & Duluth there were only light showers, as also on the river division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul. On the northern division of the Omaha line light showers extended not more than fifty miles southwest. On both divisions of the Manitoba line there were no rains, and the weather in the Northern Pacific region was reported clear and pleasant, and in some places cool.

That Great Match-Penny Game—A Philadelphia Broker Quits $13,000 Winner.

New York Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7.—The great match-penny game played in Third street on Saturday was not between brokers, as at first reported. One of the players was a broker, and the other was a man well known in Third street as a speculator and frequenter of the brokers' parlors. The game was played in the broker's rear office, and was begun with pennies in the merest sport. Four or five mutual friends were present, who watched the sport with interest. Their interest was changed to excitement when the principals, rapidly raising their stakes, were engaged in matching for hundreds, and then thousands of dollars. The broker was not only successful, but his opponent, with all the pertinacity of a gambler who is sure that the next throw will bring back everything, kept on recklessly doubling and losing. In this way $18,000, and not $12,000, as was incorrectly stated at first, were won by the broker. At that stage of the game the loser began to appreciate how largely he was out, and desired a chance to retrieve his ill-luck. This the broker courteously granted, although more than once before he had signified his willingness to stop at any time. Three more trials were had, and the amount was reduced to $15,000. Then the friends of the two players said it was getting late; that the broker had given all the chances that could be demanded of him, and that he ought not to be compelled to play any longer. Then the game came to an end, and the broker pocketed a promissory note for $13,000.

THE SPOOPENDYKES.

They Go a-Crabbing.

Brooklyn Eagle.

Coming up the river the other day, I saw a middle-aged gentleman in a plug hat and a business suit seated in a scow beside an attractive lady, feeling around among a lot of strings pendant from the side of the boat, and warning the lady that she could not keep too quiet.

"Now, my dear," observed the gentleman, "don't you move, because I feel a crab on this line. I'll pull him up until he is in sight and then you slip the net under him. See?"

"Yes, dear," replied the lady a little flustered as she contemplated her share of the performance. "But, Mr. Spoopendyke, what shall I do when I get the net under him?"

"Scalp him!" retorted Mr. Spoopendyke, drawing slowly on the line. "Now wait, he's there," and Mr. Spoopendyke became even more cautious in his movements. "See him! There he is! Scalp him quick!"

Mrs. Spoopendyke jabbed the net into the water and swashed around with great vigor.

"What ye doing?" yelled Mr. Spoopendyke, straightening up and glaring at her, as the crab struck a line for Newark Bay. "What'd ye think I had there, the bottom of the river? What I was after you was trying to catch, a church? Take it out! Give it here!" and he grasped the lady around the waist and took the net away from her.

"Did I scalp him?" asked Mrs. Spoopendyke, flushed with her exertions and trembling with excitement. "Show him to me! Let me see what he looks like!"

"Look like!" roared Mr. Spoopendyke. "He looks like Sandy Hook by this time! Why didn't ye scalp him? What's the matter with you?"

"I—I couldn't tell which was his head," faltered Mrs. Spoopendyke, who hadn't seen anything at all. "Pull him up again, and you'll see if I don't scalp the last hair on his skull!"

The English language lost its last charm for Mr. Spoopendyke, and he turned to her stung with a withering look of contempt for his wife.

"Now you be careful," he said at length. "Here's another varmint, and you mustn't let him get away. When I say 'scalp!' you shove the net under him and just bring him aboard."

"Can you see him yet?" asked Mrs. Spoopendyke, waving the net over her head and peering into the water.

"Wait! Yes, there he is! Careful, remember. Now, scalp!"

He must have been a crab of phenomenal scholastic advantages to have gotten rid of that swoop, for Mrs. Spoopendyke, with a view to redeeming herself, went for the end of the string blindly and with a strength of purpose that made failure impossible. She not only got the crab, but she slammed net, crab, and all over Mr. Spoopendyke's head.

"What have I—" shrieked that gentleman as he felt himself impounded.

"Lost him again!" exclaimed Mrs. Spoopendyke, who hadn't the remotest idea what a crab looked like. "Why, sure, it's that awful big spider in the net! Good gracious!"

"Take it off!" howled Mr. Spoopendyke. "Take it—wow! the dod-gasted thing has got me by the ear! Help me, will ye?"

Mrs. Spoopendyke dropped the handle of the net as if it were an old-fashioned bonnet, and gazed upon her husband in consternation.

"Dod-gast the measly crab," yelled Mr. Spoopendyke, tearing the net away. "Let go, ye brute! Wah-ha!" and the unfortunate man wrenched the fish from off his ear and dashed it in the bottom of the boat. "What's your measly scheme in doing that?" he demanded, holding his ear with one fist and shaking the other at his wife. "Think you've got to eat 'em right out of the water? Got a notion to have 'em fried, cooked and you must down him quick or he'll spoil?" yelled Mr. Spoopendyke, enraged beyond control by the sight of the carnage that trickled down his cheek. "Show our leading manufacturers are constantly improving in style and workmanship. Mr. E. Baggott, who placed these as well as all the plumbing and also the large iron ventilators, is widely known, especially as authority in the plumbing, gas-fitting, and fixture lines. The upholstering of the proscenium boxes is elegant as well as the general carpeting and upholstering, and is very creditable to the house of Charles Gossage & Co., who furnished these accessories.

THE RAILROADS.

A Still Further Decrease in East-Bound Freight Shipments from This City—The Causes for the Decline.

Although the freight business going East by the roads southwest of Chicago has much improved during the last four weeks, yet the business going East by rail from this city is not only not showing a similar improvement, but shipments are continually getting lighter. Instead of an increase in East-bound freight shipments during the past week, as was confidently predicted, a still further decrease has taken place. The managers of the roads leading east from this city seem to be at a loss to comprehend why they are not doing as well as their Southwestern competitors. And yet the cause of this state of affairs is quite plain. The business coming to Chicago from the West finds a much cheaper outlet by lake than by rail and consequently seeks the former channel. THE TRIBUNE has often stated that the present system of basing rates for all the roads in the country on Chicago rates is detrimental to the Chicago roads leading East during the time that these roads have to compete against lake navigation. While it cannot be charged that a rate based upon 25 cents on grain from Chicago to New York is exorbitant for roads having no water competition, yet it will be generally admitted that the existing low lake rates the Chicago lines running East cannot get much business at the above rate. During the summer months the Chicago roads ought to be allowed to make such rates as will enable them to compete in a measure against the lake lines, regardless of the prevailing tariff rates from points having no such competition to contend against. As it is, the roads from Chicago cannot possibly compete against the lakes and must necessarily remain comparatively idle until navigation closes. Instead of making such rates as will give them a fair share of the business coming here from the West, the roads running east from Chicago have been taking measures lately that are calculated to aggravate matters materially. They have largely advancing charges for switching and handling the business at this point. The increase in terminal charges affects the Chicago roads much worse than would be the case if a general advance in freight rates was made. A general advance in freight rates would correspondingly increase the rates from all points in the West, but this increase in terminal charges affects Chicago alone and gives competing points in the West an opportunity to wrest from Chicago much of the business which otherwise would come here. That such is the fact is proven by the expressions of delight echoed by the Indianapolis, St. Louis, and other Western papers over the recent increase in terminal charges at this point. Unless the roads leading east from this city will adopt measures shortly that will induce shippers to use the rail from this point they need not look for a marked increase in business until navigation closes. By the time navigation comes to an end the bulk of the large wheat crops raised in the West will have been shipped, and they will have to depend upon the corn crop. A very corn crop would of course give these roads considerable business during the winter, but the crop has by no means been assured yet, according to all accounts such crop will not be much more than half a crop in the principal corn-producing States with the best of weather, and if there should be early frosts or other mishaps the corn crop is doomed to failure. In such an event the Eastern roads would find themselves in a bad predicament, and many of them would not be able to meet their obligations before the end of the year. There is therefore no good reason why the roads east from this city should not try to make hay while the sun shines, and at least attempt to get a portion of the large wheat crops raised in the West.

The total shipments of flour, grain, and provisions by the six pool lines running east from this city for the week ending Aug. 12 amounted to 16,611 tons, against 16,269 tons for the week previous, a decrease of 658 tons. The total shipments by the same roads for the corresponding week last year amounted to 43,167 tons.

The following statement shows the amount of flour, grain, and provisions shipped East from this city by the six Eastern lines during the past week, and also the amounts shipped during the corresponding week last year:

	Flour, bris.	Grain, tons of 2,000 lbs.	Provisions, tons of 2,000 lbs.	Total tons.
Mich. Cent'l	11,057	1,786	552	3,450
Lake Shore	2,447	3,057	1,801	5,082
Ft. Wayne	3,855	2,552	1,942	4,279
Pan Handle	2,385	555	1,775	2,568
Balt. & Onio	635	1,513	294	1,875
Grd Trunk	4,134	328	417	1,857
Total, 1882	24,563	9,978	6,181	18,611
Same week 1881	91,674	24,196	9,372	43,167

The percentages this year were: Michigan Central, 18.60; Lake Shore, 27.30; Fort Wayne, 23; Pan-Handle, 13.80; Baltimore & Onio, 10.10; Grand Trunk, 7.20. The percentages last year were: Michigan Central, 19.80; Lake Shore, 24.90; Fort Wayne, 20.30; Pan-Handle, 15.50; Baltimore & Ohio, 4.10; Grand Trunk, 15.50.

A Revised Joint Classification to the West—The Western and Eastern Classifications Cannot Be Harmonized.

The Committee of General Freight Agents of Western roads which went to Niagara Falls a few days ago to meet there a similar committee from Eastern roads to bring about an amalgamation of the various freight classifications now in force returned yesterday. The committee did not accomplish the work it set out to do owing to the bullheadedness of the representatives of the Eastern trunk lines. They found it impossible to agree upon an amalgamation of the trunk-line and Western classifications. The west-bound trunk line classification is claimed to be very crude, and makes no distinction between large and small quantities of freight, nor does it recognize large manufacturing interests. To adopt the trunk-line classification by the Western lines would work detrimentally to Western producers and manufacturers. The trunk lines, owing to their poor terminal facilities in New York, having to transfer most of the freight in barges, fail to distinguish between car-lots and less than car-lots, and the Western committee could not convince the trunk-line committee of the wrong their classification was inflicting upon certain classes of business.

Finding that no compromise with the Eastern committee could be effected, the Western committee held a separate meeting and decided to harmonize the "Revised Joint Classification" and the "Revised Western Classification" and make a new joint classification applying to all business between Chicago and all points West, Northwest, and Southwest to the Missouri River. If such a classification as the committee recommends is adopted, the freight business in the West will be greatly facilitated.

West-Bound Rates from Council Bluffs to Be the Same as from Omaha.

Mr. E. P. Vining, General Freight Agent of the Union Pacific Railway, has just issued the following special notice:

All Eastern lines having placed Omaha and Council Bluffs upon an equal footing by making the rates the same between Eastern points and the two cities above named, it becomes necessary for this company to make the same rates between Omaha and all western points as are made between Council Bluffs and the same points. Notice is hereby given that all previous tariffs, special orders, and special rates between Omaha and stations west thereof, are hereby repealed, and that hereafter the same rates will be charged and allowed on all classes of freight to Omaha from westerly stations or from Omaha to westerly stations that are in force at the time of shipment upon similar freight in the same direction to or from Council Bluffs.

Opening of Milwaukee & St. Paul's Council Bluffs Line.

Mr. C. J. Eddy, Assistant Commercial Agent at Chicago of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, gives notice to shippers and connecting lines that, commencing Monday, Aug. 14, his company will receive freight for Council Bluffs, Omaha, and all points on or reached by the Union and Central Pacific Railway Companies or their connections. The following are current rates on classes named between Chicago and Council Bluffs or Omaha: First class, 90 cents per 100 pounds; second, 75 cents; third, 50 cents; fourth, 32 cents; special, 28 cents; class A, 37½ cents; class B, 32 cents; class C, 25 cents—subject to revised Western classification.

The Boston & New York Air-Line to Be Leased to the New York, New Haven & Hartford Company.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—An agreement has been made between the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company and the Boston & New York Air-Line for the leasing of the latter to the former corporation. The matter will be passed upon at the annual meetings of the two roads to be held in September. By the terms of the lease the New York, New Haven & Hartford Company agrees to pay an annual rental of $130,000 in two instalments of $60,000 each, payable in April and October of each year, beginning in April, 1883. This is virtually paying 4 per cent interest to the preferred stockholders of the Air-Line road. This stock amounts to $3,000,000. The lessee also agrees to keep the property of the road in as good condition as when delivered to it, and to restore it to the lessor in equally good condition at the termination of the lease in ninety-nine years from Sept. 30, 1882. It also agrees to pay taxes and assessments, all running expenses, and expenses incidental to necessary repairs and improvements. It further agrees to pay the interest upon the $500,000 of first mortgage bonds and upon the $250,000 guaranteed mortgage bonds issued for the construction of the Colchester Branch of the road, or the interest upon any bonds issued in their stead, providing that such interest shall not exceed $150 per mile per year. Should the terms of this lease be ratified, it will virtually operate to convert the Air-Line preferred stock into ninety-nine-year bonds, bearing 4 per cent interest.

A Proposed Celebration of Louisville at the Opening of Three New Roads.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 12.—At a public meeting of the merchants and manufacturers, held at the Board of Trade rooms, it was determined to celebrate, on the 12th of September, the opening of the Chesapeake & Onio, the Chesapeake & Onio Southern, and the St. Louis Air Line Railroads. It was agreed that this should be done by an industrial street pageant; by an exhibition of the products of the State; by an association and the Louisville Exposition; by decorating houses for the entire week, from the 11th to the 16th proximo; and by a grand illumination of the city on the night of the 12th. The industrial procession referred to will consist of displays of manufacturing and mercantile interests on floats or wagons, the planning of which will be left to a committee, and designated by number as application is made. It is presumed that every firm and corporation will join in the undertaking and make a display worthy of the occasion which will at once testify appreciation of the vast developments of railroad advantages.

The Northwestern Stealing a March on the Illinois Central at Galena, Ill.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

GALENA, Ill., Aug. 12.—Excitement has run high in this city since yesterday afternoon on the occupancy of Water street by a force of 200 men in the employ of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company, who are engaged in laying two tracks down the west side of the street from their engine-house to Green street, thus stealing a march on the Illinois Central Railroad, whose officers were here yesterday for the purpose of entering into a contract with the city to bridge the Galena River and lay their track down Water street as far as the levee. The authorities here claim that the Northwestern are taking unfair advantage in more than they possess under their contract with the city, yet no effort has been made to put a stop to their operations, and the work is going on with as much rapidity as possible.

Temporary Settlement of the Grand Trunk's Difficulties at Detroit.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 12.—The Great Western transfer steamers Michigan and Transit were released at 2 o'clock this afternoon after a consultation between the attorneys for the Erie & Chicago Car Loan Company and the Grand Trunk Railroad. The Michigan was seized on Thursday and the Transit at 12 o'clock last night. Both have been given in temporary charge of R. W. Meddaugh, attorney for the Grand Trunk, which has absorbed the Great Western, against whose property the attachment was issued, and an early adjustment of the difficulty is probable. Interrupted traffic has been resumed. Freight has been at a standstill all day, and through passengers for the East on the midnight train were sent over the Canada Southern.

Negotiations for the Settlement of the Grand Trunk's Debt to Montreal City.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MONTREAL, Aug. 12.—Negotiations are now in progress for a settlement of the Grand Trunk Railway debt to Montreal City growing out of their absorption of the St. Lawrence & Atlantic Road several years ago. The amount in dispute is some $600,000. This sum is the residue of the amount, some $400,000 having been paid some years ago. There is a question of law in the case which urges the Grand Trunk Railway to claim exemption from the whole amount of the claim, and this view is supported by the City-Attorney. The Finance Committee recently sought advice from three other lawyers, Messrs. Barnard, Lacoste, and Kerr, and rumor says that all three have given their opinion that the Grand Trunk Company is liable.

Proposed Consolidation.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

OTTAWA, Aug. 12.—Those who are interested in the Ottawa, Waddington & New York and the Pontiac & Pacific Junction Railway Companies have for some time past been considering the subject of an amalgamation. Correspondence has already passed on the subject, and the proposed amalgamation appears to be very popular among the people of Pontiac County. The amalgamation in question would undoubtedly prove a mutual strength to the corporations named.

Litigation in Arkansas.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 12.—The case of the Batesville & Brinkley Railroad vs. St. Louis & Iron Mountain Railroad to prevent the latter from building a parallel line within ten miles came up in the Chancery Court for argument today. Able counsel has been engaged on both sides, and a protracted legal duel is anticipated.

Abraham Bloom and wife of New Orleans, have brought suit in the Federal Court against the Hot Springs & Malvern Railroad for $4,500 damages. Complainants charge that Mrs. Bloom in August, 1881, was ejected from the train at night in the woods eight miles from any station by Conductor James Graves. It is further alleged that Mrs. Bloom had a ticket good for passage over the road.

No Trains Between Montreal and Ottawa on the Canada Pacific.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

OTTAWA, Aug. 12.—The Canada Pacific Railway Company has discontinued running trains between Montreal and Ottawa since that section of the line came into its hands.

Miscellaneous Items.

Mr. A. J. Kibby has been appointed agent of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific at Mitchellville, vice C. H. King, transferred to Dispatchers' Department.

The Northwestern Railroad has just opened two new stations in O'Brien County, Iowa, on the Toledo & Northwestern branch. They are named Pauline and Sutherland.

Mr. Thomas Jackson, formerly chief clerk in the freight department of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad in this city, has been appointed chief clerk in the general freight office of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad.

Mr. W. P. Johnson, General Passenger Agent of the Lake Shore, has published a very neat "Railroad Guide and Time-Table." It is gotten up in book form and gives all information regarding the Lake Shore any passenger may want.

The gross earnings (estimated) of the Illinois Central Railroad for the week ending Aug. 7 were as follows: Freight, $97,300; passengers, $40,099; miscellaneous, $26,180; total, $163,569. The total actual earnings for the same period in 1881 were $170,959.

Mr. C. G. Eddy, General Freight Agent of the Chicago & Northwestern, is going to leave tomorrow for the White Mountains, Saratoga, and the seashore, where he will spend a month's vacation. He will be accompanied by his wife, and expects to have a glorious time.

The Lake Shore brought in during the past week seven car-loads of European emigrants. The Michigan Central yesterday brought in three car-loads of emigrants. Two hundred and fifty European emigrants are expected to arrive this morning by the Baltimore & Ohio.

Mr. C. L. Rising, General Agent of the Wabash in this city, announces that the bridge at Greenup, on the Peoria, Decatur & Evansville, recently damaged by the flood, having been repaired, his road is now again prepared to receive shipments for all points on the line of that road south of Majority Point.

The "Manual of Coupon Ticket Points and Coupon Ticket Agents in the United States and Canadas," an invaluable guide for ticket and passenger agents, has been thoroughly revised by the compiler, Mr. A. E. Little, of the General Ticket Department of the Chicago & Northwestern, and is now more complete than any of the former issues.

The Northwestern will open up shortly a new line through to Hawarden, in Spink County, Dakota. This is an extension of the Watertown line. Hawarden, which has been so named after Gladstone's country seat in England, is to be the county seat of Spink County, Dakota, and promises to become one of the most flourishing towns in that section of Dakota.

The Northwestern people object to the continued assertions that the new Milwaukee & St. Paul Council Bluffs line is the shortest between Chicago and Council Bluffs. The Northwestern people claim that distinction for their line. The Milwaukee & St. Paul line, they state, is 489 miles to the depot and 490 miles to the Union Pacific transfer. The Chicago & Northwestern is 486 3-10 miles long to the depot and 489 miles to the transfer. According to the Northwestern is shorter by seven-tenths of a mile.

ON THE BOARD.

The Markets Yesterday Very Dull and a Shade Easier.

The produce markets were very dull yesterday—so dull that it was often difficult to tell whether they were strong or weak, or whether they would be one or the other of these two if there had been any trading. A duller day has not been known in several months. About the only outside orders that were noticeable on the floor were a few to sell May corn, some to sell August oats, and some to buy wheat for export. Outside of these the trading was local, and more exclusively of the scalping character than the usual run. The telegraph lines had very little to do, and the big operators, who usually receive twenty to fifty telegrams per day and think nothing of it, had to content themselves with two or three, or none at all. Under such conditions there was no individuality in the markets. They all ran along on about the same key. There was a little strength early, probably because

consumption. The reason is that they
d so green that they will never ripen.
y wilt in time and have about the tex-
oft rubber, but they are as unfit for the
stomach as the rotten peaches about
much has been said. If the fruit was
o stay on the tree until Nature had
for consumption it would rarely be poor.
responsible for this state of things.
roudly the commission-man. The ship-
pick and pack as the commission-man
for the man who sells the fruit is the
y how they can be made to produce the
ney. The commission-man wants the
ome in such a way that he can set down
that if it does not sell today it will be
tomorrow or the following day. In
he is able to crowd it all off on to buy-
every time they go to purchase fruit,
up and down the street thinking that
they will draw a better prize in the
ery. As it is now, if a receiver happens
box of ripe peaches he is very indignant
st man who looks at it does not grab it
rices. With a good season to keep fruit
he higher than during the War. The
the commission-men is to increase their
ions. W.

PIGEON-POPPING.

take Shooting at Grand Crossing Yesterday.

udubon Gun Club of Chicago held a
d sweepstake shoot yesterday at Klein-
ark, Grand Crossing. The shooting
ced at 10 o'clock in the morning and con-
uring the day. In the morning several
eeps were shot, there being but few
on the grounds till noon. The first
the afternoon was a sweep at five single
irty-one yards rise. The following is
: Wadsworth, 3; Watson, 3; Tucker, 3;
4; Kleinman, 5; Felton, 3; Dunham, 4;
ond, 4; Christians, 3; and Bellamy, 3. The
ney was awarded A. Kleinman and the
as divided among Dunham, Barlow, and

econd shoot was another sweep at five
irty-one yards rise. The following is
: Deli, 3; Dunham, 5; Christians, 2;
2; Pond, 3; A. Kleinman, 3; Emory, 5;
, 3; Barlow, 4; Wadsworth, 3; and
3. The first money was divided be-
unham and Emory, the second between
rth and Barlow, and the third between
man and Tucker.
ird shoot was the medal shoot of the
n Gun Club. The medal was a hand-
old one, valued at $150, which
on by the Audubon Gun Club
thirteenth annual meeting of the
l Sportsman's Association in 1876. It was
W. Foss before the shoot. It was shot
six-yards rise, fifteen single birds to
n. The following is the score:
ss, 14; C. E. Felton, 12; S. H. Turrill, 13;
hnson, 12; T. R. Hasdell, 13; T. Seary, 13.
wn by the score. W. Foss was awarded
al without a shoot-off. This is the third
medal has been won by Mr. Foss, and
g to the rules governing the shooting of
ial he must win it twice more before it
his property.
mainder of the day was pleasantly taken
sweepstake shooting, in which all en-

FALSE PRETENSES.

t Jewelry on Credit and Soaked It with Pawnbrokers.

Lapp & Fiershem, the wholesale
at No. 81 State street, seem to have been
ir in hard luck" of late. Only a few
go one of their salesmen was arrested
ulating heavily from the firm and con-
his guilt, being unable to raise
time and waiting an indictment by the
ury. And now the same jewelers appear
ections of a smooth-talking individual
ttsfield, Ill., who gives the name of L.
Mr. Russell was arrested yesterday
on by Detectives Thorpe and Tierney
rrant for obtaining money under false pre-
The warrant was sworn out several
ro before Justice Meech, since which
Russell has been diligently searched for.
mplaint alleges that he obtained $1,500
of jewelry—diamond rings and rings of
ther description, watch-chains, breast-
arrings, etc.—all on credit, making the
presentation that he was the owner of
e estate and was going into
welry business in a small way. When
rm discovered, however, that the
had disposed of at least a portion of the
in pawn tickets. The detectives recov-
eral of the rings from pawnshops, but
Currier was very reticent about the
, telling the INTER OCEAN reporter that he
must be suppressed until the remainder of
ods had been recovered.

GLAMIS CASTLE.

Famous Mystery" Solved by a French Paper.

New York World.

Paris *Gaulois* has undergone another
tion: M. E. de Cyon and M. Jules Simon
been replaced by M. Arthur Meyer and M.
de Dion, who have combined it with the
Journal, and who signalize the new enter-
by announcing a solution of the famous
y of Glamis Castle. This ancient edifice,
ated by Shakspeare, we are assured has
rom time immemorial the seat of the no-
wealthy C—— family. As a matter of
has belonged for centuries to the family
res-Lyon. For the last 300 years a singular
y has followed the C—— family. When-
he heir has come of age he has been smit-
a mysterious malady, and has pined,
ined, finally going mad or falling a victim
lepsy, to St. Vitus' dance, or to some
nervous affection. Vainly have eminent
ians been called in; the malady has defied
or even detection, and so it has come to
at for more than thirty years around
Castle is an article of belief that the
himself haunts the turrets of that stately
But the *Gaulois-Paris-Journal* has exor-
the fiend. "Do not," says the writer,
it a mystification; the history is true."
300 years ago there was born into the
family a horrible monster, half-man, half-
who, instead of dying as any monster is
with a proper sense of family pride
have done, lived and throve, grew
and stronger day by day. He was the
the Glamis's great estates! When
w up to be a young man-frog a grou
nstructed for his use in a secluded corner
grounds of Glamis Castle, all approach is
ibited to the retainers
the family, and there he was
is diet being raw potatoes, which it be-
to been erroneously believed had
o could be induced even to introduced into
Britain, while his intellectual wants were
d to with supplies of playing-cards and
apers. Newspapers, also, it had hitherto
thought, were not established in Great
ain near the end of the first quarter of the
enteenth century. When the monster
f age the family entered into negotia-
with him, for, we must bear in mind, the
y had a mind some rudimentary
ts and some scraps of English." This explains
oks well on the face of it, but the objection
will ask how, if the monster was of this
ellectual bent being but a step or so re-
from an idiot, he could possibly write
newspapers? The monster was a mil-
er. He made no objection to resigning
tates to his younger brother, but he exact-
condition that each succeeding heir
upon his 21st birthday, and
ith thereafter, pay him a ceremonious
in his ground. For 300 years, we are in-
ed the writer in the *Gaulois* says he
s facts directly from a member of the
amily, these conditions were complied
and heir after heir was scared out of his
and his wits. The present heir, however, is ill
health. He is only 23 years of age
en supposed that in Great Britain men
of age at 21, for that, apparently, is the
erence, and it is hoped he will have
the doom of the family, as the
to pay the fatal visit as the
er died a month after the age of 300. He
onsense. The present heir, however, is ill
writer hopes he has, and we embroil
at a fine fantastic tale mixed up with
pon this theme!" Such is the ower true
ory of Glamis Castle, which we read
t with interest and gratification by the
of Strathmore and his family and by
of Glamis Castle
e who have visited
e of the curse which has brooded over
since 1562. It is pleasant to see that
on of new blood into our crowded Paris
ontemporary has taken to fabricating
ntly by a marked increase in its readers
and we venture to express the hope th
fted writer who has solved the mystery
erage will not head himself there, as the
France, but aspire to fresh fields a
ures now.

The Colonel and the Cat.

New York Star.

Tom. Clark, of Brooklyn, once own
which he showered all the affection o
lor heart. And the shower took the e
ound of mince meat every day. One mo
e Colonel noticed that his feline name
wasted away to a mere skeleton, and
ately he summoned his boy Bill to sp
e the bar.
idn't I tell you to give that cat a pound
every day?" asked the Colonel.
es, sir, and that's what I give her ev
ing before you're out of bed," answe

Don't believe a word of it. My opini
you either pocket the money or eat
yourself. Bring me the scales and

e scales and cat were brought; the l
placed on the former and Tom and
er stopped at the one pound mark.
here," exclaimed the boy in triu
n't I tell you I gave him a pound of
orning?"
here's the pound of meat sure enough
the Colonel, striking his chin. "But w
evil's the cat?"

THE TURF.

How S. J. Morgan Lost the Wine on a Sure Thing.

Friday's Sensational Victory in the Goodwood Cup.

Sale of Aldine, Record 2:19 1-2, to Charles Schwartz.

Excellent Time Made at Rochester, N. Y., Yesterday.

The Central Park Matinee—Turf Notes and Gossip.

A Challenge to Trot Monroe Chief Against Von Arnim for $5,000.

How Mr. S. J. Morgan Bet the Wine with Manager Hall on a Sure Thing and Lost.

"I know a daisy story about Sam Morgan," said Manager D. L. Hall of the Driving-Park the other day to a select coterie of horsemen who were seated in the Driving-Park rooms with their feet at various angles of upward inclination, "and it wouldn't take much to make me tell it."

A horsey individual who had hitherto contented himself with gazing abstractedly out of the window at the eleven-story Montauk Building across the street turned around at this point and remarked with great solemnity and apparent deep conviction of the entire truthfulness of his statement that "Hardwood would beat every blankety blank stud-hoss in the country next season" and furthermore informed his audience that he was prepared to wager his unthematized existence on this point.

As Mr. Hall possesses a financial interest in the animal whose merits were set forth with such terse eloquence by the profane person in the corner, this remark had the effect of mellowing to an unusual degree the naturally genial element of his nature, and he proceeded at once to relate the "daisy story about Sam Morgan"—which gentleman will be remembered as the former owner of Piedmont, and one of the most popular and straightforward men ever connected with the trotting turf.

"During the July trotting meeting here," said Mr. Hall, "there was a race which Jerome Eddy won; I forget just what class it was, but anyhow—

"I know all about that race," interjected the man who had been contemplating the Montauk Building with such fixity of purpose, "because Billy Boyle told me that Natad Queen couldn't lose it. Do you know," he continued, "that Boyle actually lugged out a stack of Stud Books and things as long as your arm from behind that box of his to prove that Natad Queen couldn't help getting first money? He gave me and greatest talk you ever heard of about her being by Gooding's Champion, out of Tackey; then he went on to tell about her being by Pilot Jr., the sire of the dam of Maud S., and talked about the value of a double cross of Messenger blood on a pacing strain until I was dizzy. I would own a run, for fear the pool-box would be closed before I got there, and landed $47 on that mare."

"So did sis win?" asked a man whose memory was evidently not of the best.

"Well, I should gurgle that she didn't," replied the repository of Mr. Boyle's extensive information concerning pedigrees. "She was distanced in the first heat, and then I found out that everybody in town except Boyle knew the mare had the pinkeye, and was only started to try and help Mattie Graham win a heat," and the victim of misplaced confidence again turned his attention to the Montauk Building.

"Well," resumed Manager Hall, "as I was saying, the day that Jerome Eddy won his race I was one of the losers and Mr. Morgan was another. After Eddy had taken the second and third heats, and it was certain that nothing but an accident could make him lose the race, Mr. Dewey, one of the owners of Eddy, called Mr. Morgan out of the stand, and said that he would like the timers to be very careful about taking the time of the next heat, because he intended to cut their horse loose and win the $500 extra money offered by the association in case 2:21 was beaten. The horse could trot, he said, in 2:18 sure, but the only occasion he would go along in about 2:19—just fast enough to get the money without any trouble. Morgan said the time would be taken accurately, and then he started up-stairs again. On the way he concluded that it might be just as well to win a bottle of wine from me on what he knew—we were always betting a bottle on some scheme or other—and so when he came down he told me he began talking about the war in Egypt and a whole lot of other things that neither of us knew anything about. I wondered what was the matter with him, but finally he appeared rational again, and began talking horse.

"'Jerome Eddy is a great horse,' he said.

"I admitted that he was a pretty good one.

"'I wonder if he can beat 2:19?' said Morgan, 'if he was to win that extra money this heat—anyhow, I'll bet the wine for the party that he does.'

"Well, of course I took the bet, not thinking that I was supposed to be going against a sure thing, but when Jerome Eddy swung into the homestretch about five lengths ahead of all the others, and I saw that the driver was shaking him up at every stride, it occurred to me that Morgan must have had a pointer before he bet. But somehow or other, Jerome Eddy wasn't just at his best that day, and couldn't beat 2:25, so Morgan lost the wine."

The Sensational Victory of Friday in the Goodwood Cup.

The London *Standard*, in its issue of July 28, gives the following account of how Friday a horse, against whom 25 to 1 was offered by the bookmakers before the start, won the Goodwood Cup:

The scene is one rather to enjoy than to describe, though as a scene it is certainly picturesque enough. Costumes this year are for the most part remarkably neat and tastefully simple, patterns of flowers stamped or worked on a light ground being apparently the most popular dress. The Princess of Wales, who wore an attire of this sort the other day, has this afternoon a robe of a most delicious shade of lemon, with over it a sort of cuirass of buff
r light coffee-colored lace, while she
is still constant to the bunch of deep crimson
ses. From her balcony her Royal Highness
graciously surveys the kaleidoscopic picture of
the lawn; indeed, the Princess on her balcony
s a most indispensable part of the scene, and it
would not be a suitable Goodwood Cup day with-
out her. Meanwhile the numbers have gone up
for what is nominally the great race of the day:
4, 5, and 6. M. Ephrussi's chestnut colt Bario-
let, from France to cut down the hitherto
invincible Friday, Mr. Greenall's gray colt Le-
fevre's Tristan, and the Duke of Hamilton's
Friday, which has been jumping hurdles, and
starts at an outside price, it being generally
thought when the Duke takes a thousand to
forty about the animal that he is simply
making a present of the amount to the
layer. Bariolet, bearing Rolfe in the un-
familiar blue and yellow spots, is a good-looking
animal, but does not show to advantage by the
side of Tristan. He is not what sportsmen call
"such a good topped horse," and does not fill
the eye like the 4-year-old son of Hermit, on
whom odds of 6 and 7 are freely laid. But Ford-
ham, in the owner's red, white, and blue jacket,
does not regard the race as already over—he
knows the temper of his mount too well.
"They're laying three to one on me. It's not
nice to one that I can keep him in the course."
remarks he to a friend as he prepares for the
fray. When mounted, the horse is led away
by a long run, and attended with a hunting-
whip being at hand, while Shepherd, Lord
Lonsdale's huntsman, who is keeping
his course in his bright "pink," looks
to see as he passes that the girths are not
nor rucked up. On the whole he con-
cluded that it might be just as well to win a
bottle of wine from me on what he knew—we
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A Challenge to Trot Monroe Chief Against Von Arnim.

Since the race at the Chicago trotting meeting between the millions Monroe Chief and Von Arnim, in which the last-named horse was victorious, the friends of Von Arnim have repeatedly said that he could beat Monroe Chief at any time or place for any amount of money. The owners of Monroe Chief, Messrs. White and Doble, think differently, and THE TRIBUNE is authorized to say that they will match Monroe Chief against Von Arnim for $2,500 a side, mile heats, three in five, in harness, the race to be trotted any day in September, over any good mile track west of Cleveland.

If the Von Arnim party mean business they now have a chance to make a race for the stallion championship of the country.

Aldine Purchased by Mr. Charles Schwartz, of This City.

The news comes from Rochester that the chestnut mare Aldine, record 2:19½, by Almont, has been purchased from F. L. Noble, of Grand Rapids, Mich., by Peter V. Johnson for Mr. Charles Schwartz, of this city. Johnson has driven Aldine in all her races since the Chicago meeting, and has reduced her record from 2:23¾ to 2:19½. It is understood that the price paid was $4,000, and half the mare's net winnings in the entire circuit. At the close of the present trotting season she will be driven on the road by Mr. Schwartz as a mate to Arconant.

The Trotting Meeting at Rochester, N. Y.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 12.—The weather was good, also the track, but the wind high for the Rochester races today. Betting was not quite as heavy as on the previous days, the best part of the unfinished race was won by Aldine easily. Onawa was set back from third to sixth place for running.

ROCHESTER DRIVING PARK, Aug. 11 and 12.—Class 226, purse $1,500, $750 to first, $375 to second, $225 to third, $150 to fourth:

Name.	Sire.	Am't won.	Record.
Clingstone	Kyrdyl	$1,500	2:18
Wilson	Geo. Wilkes	1,000	2:21¼
Van Arnim	Sentinel	1,000	2:19½
Unalala	Volunteer	1,000	2:20¼
Aldine	Almont	750	2:21
Edwin Thorne	Thorndale	750	2:19
Overman	Simmons	750	2:23
Lucy	Unknown	750	2:17¾
Barbara Fletcher	Peck's Idol	750	2:24½
Early Rose	Almont	750	2:—
R. F.	Happy Medium	500	2:24
Joe Bowers	Joe Bowers	500	2:20¾
Minnie R	J. C. Breckenridge	375	—
King Wilkes	Geo. Wilkes	375	—
Golden Rule	Golden Rule	375	—
Rockton	Highland Beauty	375	2:24½
Abe Downing	Joe Downing	375	2:21¾
Flora Belle	Sanchez Rainbow	375	2:21
Gladiator	Blue Bull	375	2:24½
Kate Sprague	Gov. Sprague	300	—
Mattie	Hambletonian	300	—
Driver	Volunteer	300	—
Lamb Jack	Tom Hal	250	2:30
Cornelia	—	250	—
May Thorne	Edwin Thorne	225	—
Yellow Jacket	—	225	—
Mattie Hunter	Prince Pulaski	225	—
Barrett	Chester Chief	225	—
Lady Rolf	Tom Rolf	200	—
Fred Douglass	Green's Bashaw	200	—
Ethel Medium	Happy Medium	150	—
Topsy	Walkill Chief	150	—
Eva	Princeps	150	—
Ma da Bon	—	150	—
Rigoletto	Exchequer	150	—
Gem	Tom Rolf	150	—
Allegheny Boy	Wood's Hambleto'n	150	—
Warrior	Warrior	100	—

Time—2:25; 2:22¼; 2:21¾; 2:21¾.

Central Park Matinee.

The summaries of the trotting at the Central Park matinée yesterday afternoon are as follows:

FREE FOR ALL, IN HARNESS.

Dr. Lucas' ch. m. Lady Lucas	1 1 2
A. W. Longley's gr. s. Silver Chief	2 2 1
Dr. Olin's b. g. Wonderful (pacer)	3 dr.

Time—2:32; 2:30; 2:30.

FREE-FOR-ALL CLASS, TO WAGON.

D. W. Kendall's ch. g. Dom Pedro	1 1
Ira Phillips' blk. g. Jupiter	2 2

Time—2:39; 2:38.

TWO-FORTY CLASS, TO HARNESS.

I. H. Clark's br. m. Pet	1 1
John Brennock's blk. g. Lady Lynn	2 2

Time—2:46¼; 2:38½.

There will be another matinée at this track next Saturday, weather permitting, when, among other events, there will be a special pacing race between Dr Olin's two pacers, Wonderful and Oculist, in harness. There was a large attendance of ladies and gentlemen in the stands and in carriages yesterday.

The Monmouth Park Races.

MONMOUTH PARK, N. J., Aug. 12.—The first race, three-quarters of a mile, was won by PIZARRO, Magnate second, and Jacobus third. Time, 1:18¾.

The second race, one and three-quarter miles, was won by Forester, Dupiex second. Time, 3:13½. Only two ran.

The third race, one mile, was won by Strathspey, Laura Glass second, Sweet Home third. Time, 1:45¾.

The fourth race, one and five-eighths miles, was won by Monitor, Girofié second, Checkmate third. Time 2:39½.

The fifth race was a walkover for Itaska.

The extra race, five-eighths of a mile, was won by Fleur, Yorkshire second, Constantina third. Time, 1:04¾.

The steeplechase over the short course was won by Frank Short, Harvey Gow second, Guy third. Time, 3:36. John T., the favorit, fell at the water jump and broke his leg.

The Races at Coney Island.

CONEY ISLAND, Aug. 12.—The first race, seven furlongs, was won by Hostage, Malise second, Odette third. Time, 1:31½.

The second race, one mile, was won by Tonawanda, Bill Bird and Vanguard running a dead heat for second place. Time, 1:44.

The third race, one and one-sixteenth miles, was won by Faith, H. O. Nay second, Moscow third. Time, 2:06.

The fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, was won by Hickory Jim, Churchill second, Lute Fogle third. Time, 1:16¼.

The hurdle-race, one and one-quarter miles, was won by Jim Vanderveer, Smoothwater second, Nol Pros third. Time, 2:19.

The Races at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 12.—The first race, three-quarters of a mile, was won by George Kenney, Barnes second, and Toosin third. Time, 1:15.

The second race, one and one-half miles, was won by Bend Or, Gen. Monroe second, and Ella Warfield third. Time, 2:36¾.

The third race, one mile, was a dead heat between Col. Watson and Interstring, Northland next. Time, 1:44½. In the run-off Watson won in 1:45¼.

The fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, was won Amazon, Martinique second, and Iola third. Time, 1:15¾.

Turf Talk.

Hardwood will not be started again in the Grand Central Circuit. In his race at Cleveland he trotted the last quarter of the third heat in 32½ seconds, and it was then decided to save him for the great stallion race at the Chicago Horse Fair.

A driving park association has been organized in Covington, Ky., and a mile track will be built at once. A running meeting will be given next spring. The Hon. T. J. Megibben, a well-known breeder of thoroughbreds, is President of the association.

A week ago yesterday, at Mr. Robert Bonner's farm, Lucy Clayter pulled a road wagon a quarter in 31 seconds, and on the same day Maltee trotted two miles in 4:46, which is 2½ seconds faster than the record. The first mile was done in 2:23¾, and the second in 2:22¼.

The pacer Sorrel Dan is not at the Driving Park, as erroneously stated by several city papers, but at the farm of W. R. Armstrong, Almont, Mich., where he is being jogged. His trouble is pneumonia, but it is possible that he may be able to start again in the fall meetings.

Mr. H. V. Bemis, the head and front of turf matters in Chicago, who has been in Europe for the past three months, is expected to sail for New York Sept. 17. While in England Mr. Bemis made a number of valuable points, and began the organization of a coaching club upon his return to this city.

Mr. John Forbes, of Canada, has recently purchased of Mr. J. T. Williams, of Eminence, Ky., the br. h. Gladiator (5), by Waverly, dam Gilly Flower, by Gilroy, out of Sister to Eurie, by imported Sovereign. Wimbledon is at present performing at McVicker's Theatre in this city in "Taken from Life."

Andy Johnson, the chestnut stallion, foaled in 1853, and by Hoy Clay, out of a mare by Tormentor, died at Belle View Farm, Dundee, N. Y., on Monday, July 31. He was the sire of Joe Hooker, 2:28¾, and of Ellsworth, 2:29. He was formerly known as "Spink Horse," and many regarded him as the best son of Henry Clay.

Punkin R., chestnut gelding, entered by J. A. Bland & Co., trotted in the 2:37 class at Crawfordsville, Ind., June 27, 1881, winning the first heat in 2:32½. A chestnut gelding called Punkin R. is entered by H. Bell, Nashville, Tenn., in the 2:38 classes at Buffalo, Rochester, Utica, and Hartford, in the Grand Central Circuit. If they are one and the same, the horse is not eligible in the 2:38 class.

The management of the Cleveland (Ohio) Club, in closing up the business of their recent race-meeting, are so well satisfied with the result that they have initiated arrangements for the holding of a fall meeting. It is understood that a four-day meeting has been agreed upon, and eight purses of $750 each will be offered for the following classes: 2:50, 2:29, 2:33, 2:21, 2:17, 2:25, 2:40, and 2:19 pacing classes.

John Turner says he would rather own a pacer than to have the President's salary of $50,000 a year. "You see," says Turner, "one pacer goes and wins a heat easy, and then becomes a big favorit. Next heat he breaks his check, and is beaten; and so another horse wins an easy heat; but the next heat he gives it up. A third horse tackles the race and gets away with a heat, but fails down before another heat is paced. In this way the race is prolonged until the suckers are all taken into the pool-box, which gets fuller than a Lord on the Queen's birthday."

Hindoo has resumed slow work, and it is possible that the good horse may see the post again at Sheepshead Bay or Jerome Park. He has never broken down, but toward the close of the Sheepshead Bay meeting his leg began to fill, and it became an alternative of let-up or break down, and the Dwyers stopped him. It is by no means certain that he will appear again in this season, but if he continues to do well he may make the autumn campaign. He is one of the best horses our turf has seen in years, and at the present time he could ill be spared.

A DREAM.

For The Chicago Tribune.

Deep-hidden in the bosom of a rose,
At early dawn ere yet the Sun has risen,
A dewdrop lies, its presence all unguessed.
Now comes the Sun, with kisses close,
And draws the little captive from its prison.

So hidden in thy heart of hearts, my rose
(To thy fair dawn the light of Love unknown)
Lie tender thoughts, with fancies sweet impressed.
Comes to thee Love. He doth the heart unclose
And draws its treasure from thee—thou, his own.

B. C. WESTON.

BASE BALL.

Chicago Cutting a Sorry Figure in the Race for the League Championship.

Providence Won Yesterday 2 to 0, and Now Has Almost a Sure Thing.

Cleveland Beaten 5 to 0 by Boston, and Worcester 7 to 4 by Buffalo.

American Association and Other Games—Base-Ball Facts and Gossip.

The League Championship.

The career of the Chicago team on their second Eastern trip has thus far been a sore disappointment to their friends in Chicago and elsewhere, and has also placed the team in a position where it is well-nigh impossible for them to win the championship. Leaving home in the full flush of a remarkable succession of victories which had brought them into first place, and with every player in the best of physical condition, the Chicagos took two games out of three from the crippled Detroits. This was a good enough send-off, but when they got to Boston they weakened badly, and there lost two out of three, the third game (2 to 18) being the severest defeat they have suffered this year. Two days later they beat Providence 3 to 1 in a well-played game, but the very next day they lost a game which up to the sixth inning, when the score stood 5 to 0 in their favor, they seemed to have won beyond question. A little hard hitting by Providence and three bad errors by Kelly in short field yielded eight runs in one inning and lost the game in a most discreditable manner. Yesterday Chicago was beaten again, this time 2 to 0, and all the advantage of the situation was forfeited. The club now stands three games in the rear of Providence, and nothing but a bad falling-down by the latter can lose it the championship. The Tailenders in the early part of last June predicted that Chicago would not win the championship, and declared it could not retain the pennant without playing a phenomenal game for the remainder of the season. Chicago did play a phenomenal game from the middle of June up to the 25th of July, but then came a let-down just at a time when the play should be the strongest. Providence in the meantime has won eight out of eleven games, while Chicago has lost six out of ten. Nothing but a reversal of this ratio can win the championship for Chicago. The latter now has six more games to play in the East, three each with Troy and Worcester. Of these Chicago should win at least five, as, allowing for losing one at Troy, they ought not suffer a single defeat at Worcester. But ought not and will not are two very different things, as Chicago has so many times demonstrated this season. Providence has for its next six games Detroit and Buffalo, and will have hard work to win four out of six. The situation at the close of yesterday's play was as follows:

	Boston.	Buffalo.	Chicago.	Cleveland.	Detroit.	Providence.	Troy.	Worcester.	Games won to play.	Games won to date.
Boston	—	4	4	6	4	5	3	7	8	33
Buffalo	2	—	6	6	7	3	3	3	8	30
Chicago	5	2	—	7	8	5	4	4	3	35
Cleveland	3	6	2	—	3	4	4	6	8	28
Detroit	5	3	1	6	—	3	4	3	8	25
Providence	5	3	4	5	4	—	9	8	3	38
Troy	6	6	2	2	4	3	—	6	8	29
Worcester	5	1	2	0	1	1	3	—	8	18
Games lost	38	29	24	32	36	25	30	47	59	24

Providence 2, Chicago 0.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 12.—The Chicagos were Chicagoed here today in the presence of 2,300 people, turnstile count. Radbourn was pitching great ball, and only three men in the Chicago nine hit him safe, and those hits were scattered. The Providence nine were playing for the pennant, and played to win, showing an almost perfect game; so no Chicago man went further than third base. Corcoran was also pitching at his best, and Hines was the only man who hit him freely. Providence secured two runs in the seventh inning as follows: Carroll made a hit over third bag, Denny struck a nasty one to Burns, who fumbled it, and both runners were safe. Then a wild pitch advanced them a base, and Hines' baser to left field brought them home, amid the tumultuous cheering of the crowd. Both clubs fielded in excellent form, Gore especially distinguishing himself by a difficult fly catch. George Wright is better, but not yet able to play.

THE SCORE:

	A	R	B	T	P	A	E
Providence.							
Hines, c. f.	4	0	3	3	2	0	0
Farrell, 2b	4	0	1	1	2	3	0
Start, 1b	4	0	1	1	11	0	0
Ward, s. s.	4	0	1	1	0	2	1
York, r. f.	4	0	0	0	3	0	0
Radbourn, p.	4	0	1	1	0	3	0
Carroll, r. f.	4	1	1	1	0	0	0
Denny, 3b.	4	1	0	0	0	1	1
Gilligan, c.	4	0	0	0	7	0	0
Total	35	2	7	7	27	9	2
Chicago.							
Dalrymple, l. f.	4	0	1	1	0	0	1
Gore, c. f.	4	0	0	0	2	0	0
Kelly, s. s.	4	0	0	0	1	1	0
Anson, 1b.	4	0	2	2	11	0	0
Williamson, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1	1	0
Burns, 2b.	4	0	0	0	1	3	0
Corcoran, p.	3	0	0	0	0	10	0
Flint, c.	3	0	0	0	9	4	0
Nicol, r. f.	3	0	1	1	1	0	0
Total	33	0	4	4	27	19	2

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Providence	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

First base on balls—York, 1.
First base on errors—Providence, 1; Chicago, 2.
Struck out—Providence, 8; Chicago, 2.
Passed ball—Gilligan.
Wild pitch—Corcoran.
Umpire—Kelly.

Boston 5, Cleveland 0.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 12.—It took the Boston Base-Ball Club but one hour and twenty-three minutes to whitewash the Cleveland nine on the South End grounds this afternoon. The home team had everything their own way from the start, two bad errors by Dunlap, a base hit by Hornung, and a double bagger for Morrill, giving them an insurmountable lead of three runs in the first inning. But for a beautiful double play by Muidoon, Morrill would have scored, making four runs in the inning. Muldoon stood on third base and caught a bot liner from Deasley's bat, thus also retiring Morrill, who had started for the home plate. The Clevelands started off well, both Dunlap and Phillips hitting safely, but a fine double play by Wise, Burdock, and Morrill prevented them from scoring. During the rest of the game only five Clevelands men reached first base, and but two to second, beyond which none were allowed to pass. Whitney's pitching proved more effective than in any previous game with the Clevelands. McCormick was batted more freely, and only by sharp fielding was the number of base hits kept down. The general good play of Wise was the feature of the game, which was witnessed by 1,318 people. Unlike the two preceding games in Boston this week, the umpire appeared rather to favor the Bostons in close decisions, although there was nothing particularly glaring.

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Boston	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	—5
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Earned runs—Boston, 2.
Base hits—Boston, 9; Cleveland, 6.
Total bases—Boston, 10; Cleveland, 8.
Two-base hit—Morrill.
Errors—Cleveland, 1.
First base on errors—Boston, 4.
Left on bases—Boston, 7; Cleveland, 4.
Double plays—Wise-Burdock-Morrill, Muldoon.
Passed balls—Briody, 1.
Umpire—Pearce.

Buffalo 7, Worcester 4.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WORCESTER, Mass., Aug. 12.—Two home runs after the side should have been out settled today's game. Foley got one in the fourth, bringing in O'Rourke, and White one in the eighth, on which Foley, Brouthers, and Rowe also scored. Galvin proved a terror for the Worcesters, every man in the team striking out once, and Stovey, Corey, and McLaughlin twice.

| *Innings—* | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |

THE CITY.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

Peter Crichton, of Scotland, is at the Palmer.

William Muir, of Perth, Scotland, is at the Pacific.

Daniel Webb, of South America, is at the Pacific.

Senator John A. Logan and wife are at the Leland.

L. B. Wadleigh, of Clinton, Ia., is at the Tremont.

Lloyd Sexton, of London, Eng., is at the Tremont.

A. A. Turner, of Nashua, Ia., is at the Sherman.

Judge E. Wakely, of Omaha, Neb., is at the Pacific.

E. A. Chapman, of Meriden, Conn., is at the Palmer.

John Q. Adams, of Negaunee, Mich., is at the Tremont.

Dr. E. B. Galloway, of Leadville, Colo., is at the Pacific.

Lieut. George D. Evans, of Boston, Mass., is at the Palmer.

George S. Kennedy, of Philadelphia, Pa., is at the Tremont.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Vance, of Wheeling, W. Va., are at the Palmer.

John Chenoweth and wife, of Lake Superior, are at the Sherman.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Bowers, of Rochester, Minn., are at the Pacific.

Dr. and Mrs. J. H. St. John, of Paris, France, are at the Palmer.

C. Netto, of Japan, and C. W. Hodson, of India, are at the Sherman.

W. A. Van Slyke and family, of St. Paul, Minn., are at the Tremont.

Algernon Sartoris and Charles F. Benton, of New York, are at the Palmer.

George L. Lloyd and R. C. Hyde, of Fairchild, Wis., are at the Sherman.

Dr. and Mrs. Jeremiah F. Hall, of Portsmouth, N. H., are at the Pacific.

Senator William Pitt Kellogg, of Louisiana, is registered at the Pacific.

George E. Parker and Lowell S. Snow, of Boston, Mass. are at the Tremont.

The Hon. T. O. Howe, Postmaster-General, and Miss Grace Howe are at the Pacific.

F. P. Barlee, Governor of British Honduras, accompanied by his wife, is at the Palmer.

W. F. Lewis, proprietor of the Windsor Hotel, Montreal, Canada, is at the Palmer.

The Rev. P. McCarthy, of Dublin, and J. M. Perrie, of Belfast, Ireland, are at the Palmer.

Charles E. Jones, Salt Lake City, A. E. Story, Philadelphia, and W. H. Stevens, Winona, Minn., are at the Briggs.

Edward Rawlings, Managing Director of the Guarantee Company of North America, Montreal, Canada, is at the Pacific.

A. B. Gladwin and James S. Gladwin, New York, George Burdick and wife, St. Louis, and W. E. Armstrong, Rochester, are at the Leland.

Burglars entered the residence of H. Wesson, on Huron street, Friday night, and stole about $60 worth of stuff, including $10 worth of old coin.

A male waif was found about 3 o'clock yesterday morning at the corner of Jackson and Robey streets and sent to the Home for the Friendless.

Mr. Louis L. Munson, of the North Chicago Rolling-Mills, has gone East on a business and pleasure trip combined, to be absent about two weeks.

The thirteenth annual meeting of the Fire Underwriters' Association will be held at the Grand Pacific Sept. 6 and 7. Many interesting papers will be read.

The friends of the late Joel Prescott, who was so foully murdered a few weeks ago at his bathing-rooms on Desplaines street, offer a reward of $1,000 for the arrest of the assasin.

Oscar Bradford, St. Louis; J. P. Parsons and family, New Orleans; H. L. Pevere, Boston, Mass.; N. F. Baldwin, St. Joseph, Mo., and C. Caldwell, Mattoon, Ill., are at the Matteson.

One of the steam-pipes of the canal-boat Welcome exploded yesterday near the Alton railway-bridge, and the engineer, A. Vanderbilt, had one of his legs broken by the accident.

The receipts in the office of the Collector of Internal Revenue were yesterday for spirits, $21,888.00; tobacco, $3,435.20; cigars, $2,425.80; beer, $3,265.25; specials, $161.25; snuff, $9.60; total, $31,186.

W. H. Stanley, Cincinnati, O.; W. B. Johnson, Hamilton, Ont.; Harry Winters and wife, Cleveland, O.; J. H. Longstreet, Savannah, Ga., and C. Chadbourne, Fond du Lac, Wis., are at the Crawford.

The Rev. Dr. J. L. Burrows, of the Church of the Evangelists, Oswego, N. Y., is visiting his son, Dr. Eggleston Burrows, for a couple of weeks, at the corner of Michigan avenue and Thirty-first street.

Frank B. Moore, an inmate of the jail upon a charge of embezzlement, yesterday gave $300 bail for his appearance for trial at the September term of court. The complaining witness was one of the bondsmen.

The Executive Board of the Cigarmakers' Union met at No. 135 East Madison street last evening "for the transaction of routine business." Several of the members said no immediate strike was in contemplation.

Lauretta Cling, the woman who shot her own thumb off while trying to shoot a woman named Maggie Sipple, and Mary Price were yesterday removed from the jail to the County Hospital. Bailiff Dixon has them in charge.

Ex-Sheriff Kern and Mr. E. C. Hibbard left yesterday afternoon on the Pullman hunting coach "Isaac Walton" for a two weeks' shoot at prairie chickens in Iowa. They will be joined at Milwaukee by a party of a dozen, including Alexander Mitchell.

The body of an unknown man, 50 years of age, clad in black cashmere pants and vest, brown coat, blue stocking, and who was about five feet six inches tall, was fished out of the lake at the North Pier yesterday afternoon and taken to the morgue.

A lady named Wears, who arrived in the city Friday from Michigan, put up temporarily at the Adams House, but was found upon the street yesterday by Officer Pembroke, out of her mind. She was taken first to the Harrison Street Station, and afterward to the County Jail.

The cars on the Lincoln Park and Wells street lines will run via Chicago avenue and Clark streets Monday. A new track is being laid on Wells street, between Chicago avenue and the river. The Wells and Larrabee street cars will also run via Chicago avenue and Clark street.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Manasse, optician, 88 Madison street (Tribune Building), was as follows: At 8 a. m., 66; 9 a. m., 71; 10 a. m., 73; 11 a. m., 71; 12 m., 77; 1 p. m., 80; 2 p. m., 81; 3 p. m., 82; 4 p. m., 83; 6 p. m., 72. Barometer, 8 a. m., 29.60; 6 p. m., 29.60. Wind southwest, with barometer standing.

Mr. William A. Redfield, the telegraph operator who enlisted in the regular army under false representations, and who deserted therefrom and was arrested and confined in Columbus barracks, was welcomed yesterday on his release by a number of his old friends. Mr. Redfield owes his release to Secretary-of-War Lincoln.

The Swedish Consul called at the Desplaines Street Station last night with a shorthand reporter and took full statements from both of the Swedish prisoners who confessed to the murder of Sophie Dahlberg. This step is taken probably for the purpose of verifying the truth of their stories before starting them for Sweden.

Messrs. George Sliker and Dexter Wright, who were arrested on a charge of perjury in an important case by a Constable from Justice Brayton's court, wish it understood that the officer had not the slightest difficulty in making the arrest. Through an error, THE TRIBUNE stated that the gentlemen went unwillingly with the Constable.

A couple of 16-year-old lads, Fred Cornell and Timothy O'Connell, were yesterday held to the Criminal Court by Justice Wallace in bonds of $200 each on a charge of burglary. O'Connell was caught in the act of entering a shoe-store on Madison street through a ventilator-hole, and his partner was found having in his possession several pairs of shoes taken from the store.

A number of employés of Crane Brothers' foundry gathered in a neighboring saloon last night to present the foreman, John Manning, with a gold ring. Some of the men got a little drunk and a row ensued, in which Edward Sheridan, Dan Callaghan, and James Moran were conspicuous, and Moran was kicked in the face. They were taken to the Desplaines Street Station.

Justice Wallace yesterday issued a judgment against E. N. Marks, a well-known Police-Court bondsman, for $27, this being the amount of a fine and costs outstanding against one Tillie Cavanaugh, who was fined by Justice Summerfield some time ago and took an appeal. Marks going upon her bond. The appeal was afterwards dismissed, and now the authorities want the money.

A young man named Harry Mettler, of Avondale, was taken to the County Hospital last night with a bullet-hole in his left cheek and a bullet lodged somewhere in the back of his neck. He claimed to have been accidentally shot at the corner of Milwaukee avenue and Diversey street by a colored friend named Charles Johnson. The physicians say the wound is not serious. Johnson was not arrested.

An expressman driving leisurely along State street yesterday afternoon observed two young men following first one lady and then another, and attempting, as he states, to pick their pockets. He called Sergt. Croke's attention to the little game, and that officer, after chasing through the throng of fair ones, finally arrested the young men and had them locked up at the armory. They gave the names of Charles Newell and Ed Burns.

The fourth annual reunion of the Danforth family will take place in Wesleyan Hall, No. 36 Bromfield street, Boston, at 9 o'clock a. m. on Wednesday, Sept. 9, next. The Hon. P. S. Danforth, of Middleburg, N. Y., will deliver an address. The "family" will partake of a banquet at the Quincy House in the evening, whereat brief speeches will be made by several of the "boys." All who are in any way connected with the name, either by blood or marriage, are especially invited to attend.

The Secretary of the Citizens' Association, in answer to the numerous complaints sent in to him about the inordinate whistling which occurred Friday evening about 9 o'clock, and continued for an hour, wishes to report that it was caused by an accident to the tug Alpha, which fouled the headgear of a sailing vessel in such a manner that the whistle could not be stopped. It was so plainly accidental and afterwards irremediable that a prosecution would be improper and useless.

Mr. T. L. Slocum bought a horse from D. Bertram and paid $110 for the animal. Bertram represented that it was a splendid horse for work, was all sound, and would drive single or double. Slocum discovered that the equine was a wreck physically and not fit to work or to drive either single or double. Yesterday he swore out a warrant before Justice Brayton charging Bertram with obtaining money by false pretenses. Bertram, who has often been defendant in cases of this kind, gave bail to appear for a hearing Aug. 15.

A sailor named Joe Coture went to a concert-saloon at No. 476 State street Friday night, and, after drinking considerable, was inveigled into an alley in the rear of the place and robbed of $35 in Canada money, a $30 watch and chain, and a knife. Officer Casey got hold of the case soon after, and arrested Robert Young, Charles Strong, and John Taylor as the robbers. The prisoners were identified by Coture. They had about $8 in Canada money when arrested, and one of them had Coture's knife. Justice Wallace held the trio to the Criminal Court in bonds of $500 each.

The Republican Club of the Ninth Precinct of the Twelfth Ward met at the corner of Ogden avenue and Wood street last night, and occupied the brief time which the meeting lasted in listening to an interesting talk by Mr. L. H. Whitney and some good singing by a chance quartet. Col. McLaughlin was Chairman. Mr. Whitney, in the course of his remarks, called attention to the necessity of choosing legislators who would revise the criminal code and jury system of Illinois, and of choosing Congressmen who would not countenance such steals as did the friends of the River and Harbor bill.

Lately a number of small musical instruments were stolen from Lyon & Healy's music store, corner of State and Monroe streets, and suspicion finally attached to a young man named Edward Coleman, employed by the firm as a polisher. Yesterday Coleman was arrested by Lieut. Hayes, who afterward sent an officer to Coleman's room, where upwards of $150 worth of the missing instruments were found—about all that had been stolen. Coleman was brought before Justice Wallace on a charge of larceny, but he took a change of venue to Justice Prindiville, where the case was continued to Aug. 14.

The Adams & Westlake Manufacturing Company gave the third annual picnic to their employés at Sharpshooters' Park yesterday. This company employ about 450 hands, and with their families the number at the picnic was 1,200, conveyed in a special train of eleven cars over the Fan-Handle Road. Everything that was possible was done by the officers of the company to make the picnic a success, and there was the most perfect arrangement of all details. There were some sixteen races, including foot and sack race, an egg race, and a greased pig, and the prizes offered were of considerable value. With perfect management and good weather everything passed off with pleasure and profit to all concerned.

Nick Fechtel, of 113 South Canal street, appeared before Justice Walsh yesterday on a charge of abduction and was granted a change of venue to Justice Woodman. The victim of the abduction is Katie Burg, 14 years old, of 131 South Canal street. The girl cannot be found and it is supposed that she has been lodged by Fechtel in some house of prostitution. The father, Henry Burg, who is the complainant in the case, obtained a continuance in order to find the missing girl and make the evidence in the case more complete, though he claims to have sufficient proof without her to convict the man Fechtel.

The United States authorities today commenced a warfare upon the thieves and swindlers who daily infest the Government piers, which will be kept up until the last three-card monte man and professional gambler is made to understand that no doings of any kind will be permitted upon the piers that are not permitted upon other Government property. The visit yesterday was not a very successful one—that is, the Inspector found only a "locomotive cigar-fake" in operation. The owner, M. Michel, was escorted to the Government Building, and was there given a wholesome lecture by the Collector of the Port. Michel promised to remove at once from the pier.

Secretary Critchell, of the Union League Club, was questioned yesterday as to the preparations which the club were making to receive President Arthur, who is expected to visit Chicago next month. Mr. Critchell said that until the day of the President's arrival was fixed it would not be possible to put forth any official program. "This much you may say," said he, "the President is certainly coming to Chicago; probably about the middle or toward the latter part of September. The Union League Club will do everything in its power to do honor to its distinguished guest. Certainly there will be a reception in these rooms, but I have not heard anything of a banquet. The arrangements are in the hands of the Committee on Reception, and just as soon as they have something definit to act on they will get to work."

A young man named James S. Killner was on trial before Justice Wallace yesterday charged with making threats to kill his wife, a rather quiet-looking lady. She had been married several times, and Killner was her last venture. She left him about six weeks ago, and took up her abode at No. 1731 Wabash avenue. She swore yesterday that since she left her husband he had followed her about and threatened to shoot her, and had sent her threatening letters. The defendant said he had been roped into the marriage with the woman, and that when she left him she made the excuse that one of her former husbands was in Chicago, and that she would have to go to him. Justice Wallace discharged the defendant.

Four inquests were held yesterday. Patrick Powers, 32 years old, was found to have died from a fracture of the spine received July 22 by falling from a high railing at the corner of Jefferson and Monroe streets while intoxicated. He was homeless. John Hynes was found to have died from a fracture of the skull, the result of being accidentally struck by a coal-bucket on the schooner Lizzie Law. Mrs. Jane Thomas, of Hyde Park, was found to have died from injuries received by being struck by an engine of the Illinois Central, the engineer being blameless. An unknown man, whose body was found in the lake, was found to have come to his death by drowning. The body had evidently been a long time in the water, and was awfully decomposed.

Mrs. Murray, living at the corner of Fourteenth street and Ogden avenue, was the victim of an outrageous assault at an early hour yesterday morning, the perpetrators of which unfortunately succeeded in making their escape. It was shortly after midnight when she was awakened by an unusual noise in the rear portion of the house, and upon going to investigate the cause, discovered three men getting in at the window. She denounced their object, whereupon they seized her, pounded and choked her until she was nearly dead, and then one of them struck her a violent blow over the right eye, cutting a rather bad gash. Leaving her almost unconscious they jumped out of the window and ran away. Mrs. Murray says they were all young men, about 20 years of age or thereabouts, and were dark clothes. She says, however, that she would not be able to recognize them again.

The Executive Committee having in charge the arrangements for the Irish National demonstration to be held on Tuesday at Ogden's Grove, met last evening at McCoy's Hotel. It was unanimously voted that all games for money be prohibited. Frank Agnew was given full control of the grounds. Committees on printing and other details of the work were appointed, and a long list of Vice-Presidents named. Every arrangement has been made for a very enjoyable time, and there is no doubt that the coming demonstration will be the biggest thing of the kind on record. The Rev. George C. Betts, of St. Louis, and James Redpath, the well-known journalist, will be the speakers of the day. In the evening there will be a magnificent display of fireworks. No spirituous liquors will be sold on the grounds, and the best of order will be preserved.

COUNTY-BUILDING.

Deputy-Sheriff Best yesterday sold fifty shares of stock of the Wilmington Coal Company, the property of Stewart & Schenck, to satisfy a judgment in favor of T. S. Ormond, Duncan Rankin, and Fannie Neil.

The legal representatives of the Pullman Palace Car Company were again before the Committee on Equalization of Taxes yesterday endeavoring to secure a reduction in their assessment. The reasons given for this request were that the Assessor of Hyde Park did not get his books completed in time to comply with the law, and that therefore the assessment is illegal. Assessor Hugh Maher says on the contrary that he did have his books completed in time, and he has proposed to make an affidavit to that effect if necessary. The Pullman Company were assessed on a valuation of $800,000. This amount was cut down just one-half, and yet the corporation is not satisfied. The committee state that they will oppose any further reduction of the tax against the company.

The Committee on Town and Town Accounts yesterday recommended the payment of sundry bills amounting to $283.25. A Mrs. Devine, living in the Town of Lake, who has for a long time been receiving assistance from the county, was found to have a well-to-do brother, who is able to take care of her, and the committee resolved to compel him to do so. Wallace Wright, of the Town of Lake, presented a bill for supplies furnished to the poor of that town. County-Visitor Chamberlain indorsed the following on the bill, which caused considerable merriment among those who heard it read.

"Mr. Wright (not the wheelwright) could write his name right, but couldn't write this bill right, so a schoolmaster was called on to write it right for Wright, but, though he could write right, he didn't write it right for Wright."

A bill was received from Coroner Matson inclosing a statement of charges made by Constable McKenna for serving a subpœna upon a witness to appear before the Coroner's jury in the case of one John Olsen, who was killed by the cars of the Chicago & Alton Road in the Town of Palos. The committee decided to reject the bill on the ground that the Constable had no authority to charge for such services.

THE PARNELL MEMORIAL.

Program of the Demonstration to Take Place Today.

The committee having in charge the arrangements for the memorial meeting for the late Fanny Parnell have made final arrangements. Following is the program:

John Connell, President of Branch No. 1 A. O. H., has been appointed Marshal of the procession. The societies will rendezvous on Adams street, east side of Halsted, and form in promptly at 1:30 p. m. in the following order:

John Connell, Marshal.
Hibernian Rifles, five companies, Clan Na Gael Guards.
Ancient Order of Hibernians, four divisions.
Solidities.
Temperance societies.
Knights of Labor.
Citizens.

The procession will move south on Halsted to Twelfth, thence to Turner Hall, so as to arrive at the hall at 2:30 p. m., sharp, when the meeting will be called to order by the President of the Committee of Arrangements, Miss Fanny O'Grady, who will introduce the Chairman of the meeting, Mr. J. J. Curran, after which the Secretary will read the names of the Vice Presidents, fifty in number, to be followed by the memorial services, as follows:

Funeral Dirge, by orchestra.
Hymn, by the choir.
Appointment of Committee on Resolutions.
Recitation of Fanny Parnell's appeal to her country women, Miss Lillian Dunstan.
Orations by the Rev. John H. Knowles, the Rev. Thomas Pope Hodnett, the Rev. Thomas F. Cashman, the Rev. M. J. Dorney, Prof. V. B. Denslow, John F. Finerty, John F. Scanlan, and Richard Prendergast.
Reading of resolutions and adjournment.

Front seats and gallery reserved for ladies. The public are requested to be in their seats at 2:30 p. m. sharp. As the number who will attend will be more than the hall can accommodate, arrangements have been made to hold an overflow meeting in front of the hall on Twelfth street, so that all who come can be entertained. The committee hope, in the event of the hall being overcrowded, the gentlemen will give place and seats to the ladies.

THE GAME OF LACROSSE.

Chicago vs. Calumet.

The Chicago and Calumet Lacrosse Clubs played a match game, best three in five, yesterday afternoon at the base-ball park in the presence of about 300 spectators, a goodly proportion being ladies. It was the second public exhibition in Chicago of this little-known sport, and it proved to be exciting and enjoyable to the spectators. The Chicagos were captained by Mr. T. Feron, formerly known as an expert hand-ball player, and the Calumets by Mr. C. Goldsmith, and Mr. Marshall, a well-known lacrosse player of Louisville, officiated as umpire to the satisfaction of all. The first game was played with nine men on a side, and was won in seven minutes by Calumet, Goldsmith "carrying" the goal in fine style in spite of all opposition. The next three games were played with ten men each, and were won consecutively by Chicago in one and one-half, eighteen, and thirty minutes respectively. In the second game O'Neill threw the goal, in the third Gilfoyle, and in the fourth Feron. It soon became evident that the Calumets, though presenting far the better appearance on the field, were overmatched, the Chicago players showing by far the greater agility and skill. Hardy and Goldsmith, of the Calumets, are exceptionally fine players, and with ten of their sort the club would be hard to beat. The game is extremely simple in its elements, but involves an immense amount of activity and endurance, and is full of action and excitement. It is a favorit sport with Canadians and Indians, and in the hands of first-class players there is no reason why it should not become popular in Chicago. A match is to be played at the base-ball park next Saturday between the Ottawas of Grand Rapids, Mich., and the Calumets of this city.

Shamrock vs. Montreal for the Championship of the World.

MONTREAL, Can., Aug. 12.—A lacrosse match for the championship of the world between the Shamrock and Montreal clubs was won by the Shamrocks.

LAKE GENEVA.

Items from That Beautiful Watering-Place.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LAKE GENEVA, Wis., Aug. 12.—Strong winds have prevailed on the lake most of the week. A sudden squall a few days ago capsized the yachts Florence and Eclipse, but although there were several persons on each boat they escaped with only a slight wetting.

A couple of narrow escapes from drowning occurred recently. Several young ladies were in bathing, when a Miss Phillips, of St. Louis, got beyond her depth. Miss Hattie Spiegel, of Chicago, went to her assistance, but she in turn found the water too deep for her and also cried for help, when Mrs. E. De Benkelaer, of Chicago, who was on the bank, plunged in and waded and swam to the young ladies, and kept them above water until a boat arrived with assistance.

The boys of the choir of the Ascension, Chicago, have been camping this week at Mallory Springs, returning home yesterday. The Rev. Dr. Ritchie was with the party.

Extensive preparations are being made for the Sheridan regatta, which occurs two weeks from today, and the sail-boats are being put in readiness for the occasion.

R. T. Crane's steam yacht Passaic was blown ashore a day or so ago, but was hauled off by the Lady of the Lake without sustaining any damage.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Public Library Board held a meeting yesterday. Librarian Poole submitted his report for July, from which it appears that 28,531 books were taken out of the library during the month, against 26,967 in July last year. Several applications for positions in the library were received and referred to the proper committee. The official bond of Secretary Wickershaw was received and approved. The janitor and the superintendent of the reading-room, it was stated, had both been sworn in as special policemen.

After a cursory discussion of several minor matters in connection with the library, the board adjourned.

STILL IN THE FIELD.

The fire on the premises of the Chicago Paint & Color Company, 246 Lake street, will not prevent filling promptly orders for Popular House Paint—best in the world. Temporary office 244 Lake street.

"Rough on Rats."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bedbugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

The best and cheapest car-starter is sold by Borden, Selleck & Co., Chicago, Ill. With it one man can move a loaded car.

Big reduction in prices of low shoes. G. G. Pierce, 281 West Madison street.

We recommend Eldredge sewing-machines.

LOCAL ITEMS.

If you want to know what Russia needs, what England should do, or how the United States should be run, get a horse and buggy and drive out to the first country store. The men on the steps can tell you all about it.

The noted electrician and scientist, Dr. Gaugengigl, was recently sent from New York by a large European corporation to test the merits of the various electric-light systems in Chicago and elsewhere. The tests, which were quite interesting, showed the highest per cent of power returned in current to be that from the Van Depoele apparatus, which was 93 per cent. The highest per cent of other American machines being 81 9-10 per cent; Siemens', Berlin, 59 per cent, and Gulcher, London, 74 8-10 per cent. —*Chicago Times.*

"I guess dad wishes we'd all die and go to Heaven," said a miser's son to his maternal parent. "Why so?" she asked, upon recovering from her astonishment. "Oh, 'cause Heaven's such a cheap place to live in."

Persons intending to purchase diamonds can certainly be pleased in price, quality, and assortment by calling on Rowe Brothers, 105 State street, who have just received a fine lot of the cut of 1882, the best goods ever brought to the United States.

It is a comfort to know the Dwhalagah of Tglathpolt, has decided to remain neutral and will not be mixed up in the Egyptian war.

The Aldrich Bakery are especially famous for their oyster crackers, known to the trade as "Peerless." Many Western bakers are trespassing on or infringing their trade mark by imitating the style of goods. To obtain the genuine see that the word Aldrich is stamped on each cracker.

When a man marries a good woman the Devil turns his back on him, because he has easier work elsewhere, and when a man marries a scolding woman the Devil turns his back on him also, because he knows that there is only one road for him to travel.

If you intend buying a buggy or carriage of any kind you should call on Henry Willets, 80 Twelfth street, the oldest house in city. Special and prompt attention given to repairs and repainting.

In response to the postal-card inquiry, "When is a Bey not a Bey?" we would state that it might be when he's sorrel have to surrender, but in all probability it's when he sees that his country cannot hold her rons.

Some years ago D. F. Bremner obtained perfection in bread-making, and consequently placed it on the market under the name of "Eureka," and so rapidly did his bread grow in popularity that many imitated its style, but fell far short in quality. To obtain the genuine see that each loaf is stamped D.F.B.

A New York critic says that Mrs. Langtry's form is perfect. That means a bustle, hip pads, patent skirt, tight shoes, stuffed calves, shoulder puffs, and small corset.

Money saved is money made; 20 per cent saved on furniture and carpets during August at the Empire Parlor Bedstead Co.'s warerooms, 381 and 383 West Madison street. See their immense stock.

"Talk about turning water into wine and all the other transformations we read about, I saw one that beats them all," said the man from Elgin. "Over on Randolph street I saw a barrel turn into a cellar."

In warm weather appetite has to be coaxed. A dinner at O'Neil's delightful restaurant, next THE TRIBUNE Building, is the best apetite persuasive extant.

After declaring there is no Hell, Mr. W. H. Murray lectured on it for two hours in Texas recently. It was a mistake. When a man has made up his mind that there is no Hell he should let it alone.

For thorough and scientific plumbing and sewer ventilation call on J. J. Wade, the expert, 587 West Madison st. He is unexcelled.

Arabi is all right. If he whips he will be Queen of Egypt, and if he gets whipped he can come to America and lecture.

"Aurora" carpet-sweepers are *the best.* Call at Dilley's brush store, 162 E. Madison.

Jay Gould has gone to Saratoga. But he didn't have to. Saratoga would willingly have gone to Jay Gould if he had wished it.

Ahlborn's life-size crayon portraits are superb. Studio 335 West Madison street.

Milton, besides writing a good deal of original poetry, used to make puns. When asked if he intended to have his daughters instructed in the languages he said: "No; one tongue is enough for a woman."

Vennor says cold weather ahead. Provide for the same by calling on Pond & Demarest, 93 and 95 Lake street, and buy the best heating apparatus in the market, the Economy Wrought Iron Warm Air Furnace. We guarantee to heat your house or store to your entire satisfaction.

Buck & Rayner have a dentifrice which whitens and preserves the teeth.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

Name and residence.	Age.
Hinrik Christensen, Chicago	22
Christine Christensen, Chicago	21
Chris A. Chrestapherson, Jefferson	23
Inga Lungun, Jefferson	22
Michael Dillon, Aurora	23
Lizzie Cunningham, Aurora	20
George Rieder, Chicago	33
Camilla Miller, Chicago	23
Joseph Schultz, Chicago	24
Anna Vansuska, Chicago	22
Joseph Vancura, Chicago	22
Daniel H. Hallahan, Chicago	23
C. Gustave Kerlin, Chicago	4
Susanna Weimer, Chicago	2
Franz Urbanisk, Chicago	24
Paulina Wolski, Chicago	21
Jacob Weber, Chicago	20
Bertha Bredow, Chicago	23
Julius Johnson, Chicago	21
Attie Gustafson, Chicago	21
Albert Hill, Chicago	30
Sarah Oliver, Chicago	30
John Deacey, Lemont	23
Mary Young, Lemont	24
Charles A. Swensen, Lemont	32
Josephine Anderson, Lemont	32
Werner Mansi, Chicago	22
Agnes Stysel, Chicago	21
Harry Jones, Chicago	21
Sophia Brenaur, Chicago	19
Frank J. Halleman, Chicago	21
Bertha Benson, Chicago	22
Henry Brittun, Wascca, Minn	26
Lena B. Nelson, Elgin, Ill	21
Frank Wildman, Milwaukee	21
Carrie Heming, Milwaukee	21
Adolph Erzany, Chicago	26
Minnie Snacker, Chicago	19
John Nansen, Salina, Ill	53
Adelina Beinlik, Barrington, Ill	50
Edward Perlick, Chicago	33
Rosalia Matek, Chicago	35
Patrick Crasty, Chicago	30
Bridget Mahoney, Chicago	25
John Gilber, Chicago	36
Louisa Dahl, Chicago	28
Neil G. Jensen, Chicago	21
Cecilie M. Jorgensen, Chicago	18
Jnoikorge Frank, Chicago	27
Minnie Ennasp, Chicago	30
George W. Truckersmith, Hyde Park	28
Mary Sheehan, Hyde Park	19
John Sohl, Washington Heights	23
Paulina Mueller, Washington Heights	17
Charles J. Nordstrom, Chicago	52
Johanna Nystrow, Chicago	40
William F. Deweese, Chicago	24
Lizzie F. Shrader, Chicago	24
Henry M. Harvey, Chicago	30
Sadie A. Pearson, Chicago	34
Charles Gustaf Peterson, Chicago	28
Hulda A. Frolich, Chicago	28
Louis S. Silverman, Chicago	34
Nellie G. Kahn, Chicago	19
Hynek Sleszek, Chicago	25
Barbara Giltzman, Chicago	24
Phil G. Partman, Chicago	24
Etta Hyde, Chicago	30
Karl Norncek, Chicago	24
Annie Simft, Chicago	30
Michael Felly, Chicago	30
Maggie Smith, Chicago	21
John Geiger, Chicago	35
Katharine Schafer, Chicago	22
Henry C. Clausing, Chicago	21
Amelia Schlisker, Chicago	19
Abraham Jones, Chicago	35
Mary Davis, Chicago	28
Vaclov Nilnarek, Chicago	22
Christina Bausner, Chicago	30
Anton Slice, Chicago	22
Virginia Tvelik, Chicago	30
Barnard Hermann, Chicago	40
Mary Tudalif, Chicago	44
Eugene Beaumont, Chicago	27
Augusta Glockhouse, Chicago	21
John Peterson, Chicago	36
Sophia Peterson, Chicago	38
John P. M. Forbragel, Chicago	28
Mary Peterson, Chicago	26
John Sedlak, Chicago	28
Annie Pecka, Chicago	29
August Lyuterlund, Chicago	28
Christiana S. Hansan, Chicago	22
Daniel Beck, Lake	27
Mary Colson, Jefferson	22
Gotzfred Schulz, Chicago	40
Elizabeth Preis, Chicago	46
Kard Kypke, Chicago	35
Margeta Desort, Chicago	21
James Quinlin, Chicago	32
Margaret Garmora, Chicago	36
Ludwig Gentz, Chicago	35
Emilie Randke, Chicago	38

MARRIAGES.

BREYTSPRAAK-HERTIENNE—Aug. 10, at the residence of the bride's parents, 39 Goethe-st., William J. Breytspraak to Bertha Hertienne, all of Chicago.

DEATHS.

BONFIELD—Aug. 12, Frederick Irwin, youngest child of M. W. and Ella J. Bonfield, aged 6 weeks. Funeral from residence, 287 Archer-av., Monday, at 10 a. m., by carriages to Calvary.

DEATHS.

CHRISTIAN—Charles Francis Christian, born Feb. 14, 1877, died Aug. 12, 1882. Robert James Christian, born April 11, 1879, died Aug. 12, 1882. Children of John M. Christian and Josephine Christian.

Friends of the family are invited to attend their funeral Tuesday morning, 10 a. m., at their residence, 282 West Taylor-st., thence to Graceland Cemetery.

DEVINE—On the 12th inst., Michael Devine, brother of Joseph Devine.

Funeral from residence of his brother, 2126 State-st., at 10:30 o'clock on the 13th by carriages to Calvary.

HAMPTON—At 30 Arbor-place, Chicago, Mrs. Thomas Hampton, aged 67 years, late of Kerrow Glass, Michaet, Isle of Man.

Funeral Sunday at 1 o'clock by carriages to Graceland.

☞ Isle of Man papers please copy.

HEELAN—Aug. 11, Jerry, beloved son of Edward and Elizabeth Heelan, aged 6 years 11 months and 14 days.

Funeral from residence, 54 Nebraska-st., by carriages to Calvary, at 11 o'clock a. m., Sunday, Aug. 13.

HIRSCH—Aug. 11, at his home at Irving Park, Ill., after a long and painful illness, at the age of 44 years, Abe Hirsch, of the firm of Hirsch & Schwabacher.

His remains will be taken to New Orleans for interment.

CARMODY—At 845 Hinman-st., Maggie, the beloved and only daughter of Patrick and Kate Carmody, aged 6 years and 5 months.

Funeral from residence on Monday, Aug. 14, at 9:30 o'clock, by carriages to Calvary. Friends are invited to attend.

BOGGS—On Aug. 11, at 3836 Vernon-av., Olive Ann, infant child of O. J. and the late Fanny C. Boggs.

MICHAELIS—After great suffering, Marrianna Michaelis, age 58.

Funeral this Sunday at 1 p. m., from her late residence, 345 Blue Island-av., to Graceland.

Friends of the family invited.

O'BRIEN—On the 11th day of August, at Colorado Springs, Col., Charles J., beloved son of J. W. and Elizabeth O'Brien, of Highland Park, Ill., aged 26 years.

☞ St. Louis papers please copy.

DRISCOLL—Mrs. Mary Driscoll died Aug. 12 at her daughter's residence, 1710 Dearborn-st.

Funeral Monday from St. John's Church to Northwestern depot, and thence by cars to Calvary.

WARNER—Frankie Warner, at Georgetown, Colo., 9 p. m., Aug. 10, only son of Gray and C rrie Warner.

CONLEY—Aug. 11, John Conley, beloved son of John and Ellen Conley, aged 13 years.

Funeral from his late residence, 560 South Jefferson-st., by cars to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited.

NORBERG—Aug. 13, Amelia F. Norberg, wife of Andrew Norberg, aged 39 years.

Funeral from residence, No. 16 Milton-av., on Monday, Aug. 14, at 2 p. m., by carriages to Graceland. Friends of the family invited.

GROBL—Aug. 13, Oscar, beloved son of Joseph and Mary Grobl, aged 17 months.

Funeral from residence, 25 North Halsted-st., to St. Boniface Cemetery, Monday, Aug. 14, at 1 p. m.

O'BRIEN—On the morning of Aug. 12, at 5 a. m., Daniel H. O'Brien, aged 40 years. Born in Innis, County Clare, Ireland.

His funeral will take place at his late residence, 2205 Garibaldi-st. Monday by carriages to St. James Church, thence by carriages to Calvary Cemetery.

☞ Lockport (N. Y.) papers please copy.

HAMILTON—Charles E. Hamilton, of consumption, aged 40 years, at the residence of his mother, Margaret E. Hamilton, 803 West Madison-st.

Funeral Sunday, at 3 o'clock, by carriages to Rosehill.

HYNES—John Hynes, native of Gurthmire, Galway County, Ireland, killed on board of the Lizzie A. Law by reason of a defective hoisting rope.

Funeral from his late residence, 340 North Branch-st., at 10 o'clock a. m., Monday, Aug. 14, by carriages to the Church of the Immaculate Conception, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

ANDERSON—Aug. 11, at 5:45 a. m., Charles E., son of George and Charlotte Anderson, aged 18 years and 11 days.

Dear boy, how we love you none but us can tell,
But God, who loves you better, has taken you home to dwell.

Funeral from residence, 3124 Prairie-av., today at 1 o'clock.

KNAPP—At Douglas House, Aug. 12, Trafford P., son of Edward J. and Annie S. Knapp, of cholera infantum, aged 10 months and 2 days.

☞ Detroit papers please copy.

GASKINS—Aug. 12, at 8 a. m., Frank C., son of Thomas P. and Effie E. Gaskins, aged 1 year and 5 days.

Funeral from 115 Throop-st. Sunday at 2 o'clock.

MCALISTER—Archibald McAlister, aged 3 years 3 months and 3 days.

Funeral from residence on Justine-st., between Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth-sts., by carriages to Calvary.

GIBSON—Friday, Aug. 11, at the residence of his parents, 30 Shulto-st., Timothy J. Gibson, son of John and Ellen Gibson, aged 19 years.

Funeral Sunday, Aug. 13, at 10 o'clock, to Jesuit Church, thence by cars to Calvary Cemetery.

MACKEY—At Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 11, Thomas Mackey.

The remains will be sent to Chicago at once, to his sister, Mrs. Ellen O'Brien, 313 West

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CONOMY
Randolph-st.
R MEN ONLY!
IT OUT!
said. How cruel of them.
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vacant lots Nos. 210 to 214
Randolph-st., John Borden
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RGAINS.
H. REVELL & CO.
forms, Nos. 210 to 214
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Fifth-av. & Randolph-st
W STYLES
ARRIVALS.
now exhibit at our new
rooms an unusually full line
CLUSIVE DESIGNS
ARLOR & CHAMBER Fur-
all kinds; NOVELTIES
PIECES, etc., not obtain-
elsewhere, to which we in-
YOUR SPECIAL ATTEN-
N.
ANT Passenger Elevator to each of the 3d
C. HOLTON,
the late firm of Holton & Hildreth,
226 & 228 WABASH-AV.
facilities are such that we can FILL
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CENTRAL MUSIC-HALL
HAIR STORE
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. BURNHAM,
71 STATE-ST.
solutely Pure Tea.
rop Formosa Oolong.....80 cents
" Orange Pekoe, and Caper Tea, 70 and
80 cents per pound.
mosa Tea Importing Co.
88 STATE-ST.
SE THE BEST.
DERYEA'S
ATIN GLOSS STARCH
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Champion Radiating Boiler
BARKER & JACKSON,
1802 Wabash-av.
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Electric, Russian,
Mercurial, and other
Baths. The most favorable
results follow their
use. DR. G. C.
Kin, Grand Pacific Hotel.
PMAN'S
Loan Office
99 Madison-st.
Cash paid for Old Gold, Si
ver, and Precious Stones.

RELIGIOUS.

Canon Farrar on the Salvation Army—His Protest Against Rowdy Christianity.

Elevation of the Archbishop of Algiers to Membership in the Sacred College.

Litigation Between the Orthodox and Progressive Dunkers in Pennsylvania.

General Notes at Home and Abroad—Personal Mention—Sunday Musings.

ROWDY CHRISTIANITY.

CANON FARRAR ON THE SALVATION ARMY.

LONDON, July 18.—Canon Farrar delivered at Westminster Abbey on Sunday last an eloquent sermon in which he earnestly and valiantly defended the Church of England against the charges of its enemies, and that great body of dissenters who are anxious for its disestablishment. The Church of England is by no means guilty of the sloth and lethargy which are attributed to it, as the Canon ably proved, and the discourse in question was of the greatest interest, bearing as it did upon two points which are already topics of the day in the United Kingdom. But it is doubtful if it ever comes to the notice of the public at large. Had it been delivered in the United States, the full context would have appeared next morning in the columns of our energetic daily press, but in England it is doubtful if the Canon's words ever attain the glory of print unless he publishes them at his own expense. The second topic upon which the learned clergyman enlarged was the "Salvation Army," a religious body that has spread itself throughout the length and breadth of the land, and against which the Canon chose this opportunity of inveighing with all the power at his command. And not without reason, for the Salvation Army is a gigantic monument of fanaticism, ignorance, and absurdity.

Its origin was very humble indeed. A few years since one Booth and his wife, itinerant preachers, obtained a small following among the lower orders by parading the streets and loudly exhorting the passers-by to "come and be saved." They arrayed themselves in a species of uniform, and were accompanied in their peregrinations by individuals carrying brass instruments and gorgeous banners. Booth dubbed himself "General," and appointed a few leading spirits as "Colonels," "Majors," "Captains," "Lieutenants," "Sergeants," and "Corporals," and conducted affairs as nearly as possible upon military lines. This fact and the inspiring music of a quantity of trombones and brassy cornets, together with the non-commissioned officers of the British heart for some title or other, brought an astonishing number of recruits in a very short space of time, and by dint of unceasing contributions from the pockets of the faithful Booth was soon enabled to rent a hall in Whitechapel, which he ambitiously termed the "Barracks." The faith of the recruits—or rather their desire for brass bands and drums, appeared to be satisfied by their comrades—must have been very great indeed, to judge by the amount of their contributions to the "cause," for the "General" and his worthy spouse soon found themselves in the Queen's highways themselves, and were comfortably established at "headquarters," where they directed their attention to organizing branch movements in the country. That their efforts were attended by a truly remarkable success, for at the present moment there is not a city or town or even a village of any consequence in England in which the Salvation Army does not flourish. Its ranks are recruited mainly from the lowest portions of the middle class. Every Sunday is a "field-day" for the army. In the poorer portions of the town and in the country districts the inhabitants is more easily worked upon and where the brass bands and banners cannot fail to have the desired effect, the Salvationists take up a position in the street and, having advanced "in fighting order" through some of the principal thoroughfares, with the men, women, and children shouting at the tops of their voices some "Gospel hymn and his soldiery. Yet in such cases the latter never act upon the offensive, and in the past very rarely upon the defensive. With a laudable effort to make martyrs of themselves they have generally either persevered in their march, or if that has been found impossible, through the superior force and muscle of their opponents, they have retreated, but with louder and more vehement exhortations than ever. But of late the "army" has shown a growing inclination to fight the roughs, and the happy consequence is a shower of bricks and stones or any missiles capable of cracking a skull or breaking a leg. Of course these festive proceedings wind up with the appearance of the constabulary or the military upon the scene, and the inevitable reading of the Riot act. The "army" has not been wanting in forcible illustrations of the fact that the loudest praying and most vehement exhorters are not always the most sincere. The "ranks" afford capital opportunities for the exercise of ingenious hypocrisy, and there are not wanting those who hasten to avail themselves of the advantages thus offered. Only a few weeks since, one of the most zealous officers of the London "Brigade" was tried and convicted of a heinous crime.

With such a history, and with such events as happen upon every appearance of the Salvation Army, with the unhappy results that must always attend such a movement, surely Canon Farrar had ample ground for strongly declaiming against it and for using his magnificent rhetoric to expose the follies that have attended its past, and warning the people against the demoralizing influences that are the outcome of a popular cry founded as the Salvationist movement unquestionably is, upon vanity and bigotry, and appealing only to the vulgar tastes of the ignorant masses. That many worthy and earnest people are connected with the movement, and actuated by motives that if transferred to a really worthy cause would be productive of real and lasting good, I will not take upon myself to deny; but one thing is certain: brass bands, brass badges and buttons, brazen impudence, fanaticism, and red uniforms are not religion, and have nothing to do with it, and a movement like the Salvation Army, relying as it does upon these adjuncts, appealing to the vanity of mobs and rousing the indignation of the lower orders against the Established Church of England, is a movement against which respectable people should set their faces; a movement fully deserving the name this one has earned—"Rowdy Christianity."

THE CARDINAL'S HAT.

ELEVATION OF THE ARCHBISHOP OF ALGIERS.

The elevation to the purp. e Archbishop Lavigerie of Algiers—the first African prelate who has worn it for six centuries—is regarded, as he pointed out in his address on receiving the insignia of office, in the light of a reinstatement of Africa as a component unit of the ecclesiastical body politic; and, remarks a high Catholic authority, "as completing the cosmopolitan character already conferred on the Sacred College by the admission of the representatives of America and Asia in the persons of the Cardinal Archbishop of New York and the Cardinal Patriarch of Armenia." "The northern coast of Africa, wrote Gibbon, "is the only land in which the light of the Gospel, after a long and perfect establishment, has been totally extinguished. . . ." About the middle of the twelfth century the worship of Christ and the succession of pastors was abolished along the whole coast of Barbary. After an interval of centuries Christian priests and missionaries were once more found on African soil endeavoring to alleviate the sufferings of Christian captives enslaved by Barbary pirates, and the captivity of St. Vincent de Paul, who was sold as a slave at Tunis, gave a great stimulous to Christian effort. He was bought by a renegade Christian whose Turkish wife told him that the religion he had abandoned was better than that he had adopted, and influenced him to escape with his slave to France. St. Vincent sent to Tunis about 1610 two missionary priests under the title of Chaplains to the French Consul at Tunis. The one number of captives and their descendants then on the Barbary coast was estimated at from 25,000 to 30,000. The great stimulus to the Christianization of Northern Africa was given by the French occupation of Algeria. In June, 1830, on the day of the decisive action of Staouch, sixteen French priests, who celebrated mass on the battlefield, took possession of the soil in the name of religion, and Algeria has now 100,000 Christians and three sees. The Jesuits have eight branches in the country, and the Trappists a flourishing convent at Staouch, on the site of the battle, where they are largely engaged in the cultivation of flowers for the manufacture of perfumes. Female orders also muster largely. The Trinitarians of Valence have thirty-two houses and 300 sisters, who have done excellent service among the sick. Mgr. Lavigerie, who holds the title of Superior of the Algerian missionaries, is the first missionary prelate admitted to the Sacred College. Missionary work has been entrammelled with many restrictions for fear of arousing Mohammedan antagonism, and the North African races are slow to change, but, once converted, have oftentimes proved fervent in the faith to the very end. In 1540 a very young Arab boy was made prisoner and baptized as Geronimo. When about 8 he was recovered by his relatives, but subsequently he returned to the Christians. In 1560 he was taken prisoner and sent to Algiers. Refusing to abjure Christianity, he was sentenced to be thrown into a mold in which a block of concrete was about to be made, and the block containing his body was built into a fort then being constructed. The exact spot was indicated by a chronicler who expressed the hope "that God's grace may one day extricate Geronimo from this place and reunite his body with those of other martyrs whose blood has consecrated this country." In December, 1853, the fort was dismantled, the bones were found as indicated, and liquid plaster being poured into the cavity, an exact cast was obtained in the hot concrete. The features of the British heart for some title or other, brought an astonishing number of recruits in a very short space of time, and by dint of unceasing contributions from the pockets of the faithful Booth was soon enabled to rent a hall in Whitechapel, which he ambitiously termed the "Barracks." The faith of the recruits—or rather their desire for brass bands and drums, appeared to be satisfied by their comrades—must have been very great indeed, to judge by the amount of their contributions to the "cause," for the "General" and his worthy spouse soon found themselves in the Queen's highways themselves, and were comfortably established at "headquarters," where they directed their attention to organizing branch movements in the country. That their efforts were attended by a truly remarkable success, for at the present moment there is not a city or town or even a village of any consequence in England in which the Salvation Army does not flourish. Its ranks are recruited mainly from the lowest portions of the middle class. Every Sunday is a "field-day" for the army. In the poorer portions of the town and in the country districts the inhabitants is more easily worked upon and where the brass bands and banners cannot fail to have the desired effect, the Salvationists take up a position in the street and, having advanced "in fighting order" through some of the principal thoroughfares, with the men, women, and children shouting at the tops of their voices some "Gospel hymn and his soldiery. Yet in such cases the latter never act upon the offensive, and in the past very rarely upon the defensive. With a laudable effort to make martyrs of themselves they have generally either persevered in their march, or if that has been found impossible, through the superior force and muscle of their opponents, they have retreated, but with louder and more vehement exhortations than ever. But of late the "army" has shown a growing inclination to fight the roughs, and the happy consequence is a shower of bricks and stones or any missiles capable of cracking a skull or breaking a leg. Of course these festive proceedings wind up with the appearance of the constabulary or the military upon the scene, and the inevitable reading of the Riot act. The "army" has not been wanting in forcible illustrations of the fact that the loudest praying and most vehement exhorters are not always the most sincere. The "ranks" afford capital opportunities for the exercise of ingenious hypocrisy, and there are not wanting those who hasten to avail themselves of the advantages thus offered. Only a few weeks since, one of the most zealous officers of the London "Brigade" was tried and convicted of a heinous crime.

With such a history, and with such events as happen upon every appearance of the Salvation Army, with the unhappy results that must always attend such a movement, surely Canon Farrar had ample ground for strongly declaiming against it and for using his magnificent rhetoric to expose the follies that have attended its past, and warning the people against the demoralizing influences that are the outcome of a popular cry founded as the Salvationist movement unquestionably is, upon vanity and bigotry, and appealing only to the vulgar tastes of the ignorant masses. That many worthy and earnest people are connected with the movement, and actuated by motives that if transferred to a really worthy cause would be productive of real and lasting good, I will not take upon myself to deny; but one thing is certain: brass bands, brass badges and buttons, brazen impudence, fanaticism, and red uniforms are not religion, and have nothing to do with it, and a movement like the Salvation Army, relying as it does upon these adjuncts, tending communion as long as the objectionable liquid was used. Thereupon the Sunday-school Superintendent was dismissed from his position for mischief-making. This step made the feeling more bitter than ever, and the rector found it necessary to state from the pulpit that the use of wine would be continued as long as he remained in his position. And now a petition has been sent to Bishop Bedell requesting his intervention to prevent the controversy from leading to the disruption of the congregation.

The New York *Observer* says: "Protestants do not sufficiently utilize their large and costly houses of public worship. Many of them are open only twice a week, and then only for two services of one and a half hours each. That would be only 156 hours out of 8,760 hours in a year. During all these long hours, except for a wedding, funeral, or occasional service, the building stands closed. Is there no use to which Christians might put their churches during these days and months? Perhaps the time will come when Christians of the whole world will find it in their minds to offer daily sacrifice of their hearts in the house of God.

A curious illustration of the adage, "Cleanliness is next to godliness," may be seen every day under our windows. Adjoining the Arcade entrance to the Y. M. C. A. building is a saloon where sour mash whiskies are dispensed in the most respectable fashion known to the traffic. Three times a day the saloon pavement is swept, scrubbed, and rinsed until it is as white as an old-fashioned kitchen floor, while the Y. M. C. A. pavement goes black and grimy the whole week through. The cleanliness of the saloon is next to the godliness of the chapel and the prayer-room in point of location, but why should the devil have all the clean paving-stones?—*The Signal.*

PERSONALS.

The Kentucky evangelist, Mr. Barnes, recently left Dayton, O., for Indianapolis, his new field of labor.

Dr. H. M. Sawders, of New York, will preach at Immanuel Baptist Church, both morning and evening today.

The Rev. Charles Garrett, of Liverpool, Eng., has been elected President of the British Wesleyan Conference.

The Rev. G. H. Peeke has returned from vacation pleasures and again taken up the pleasures of labor and service at Leavitt Street Church.

The pay of Mr. Harrison, the boy evangelist, for his services at the Loveland camp meeting, near Cincinnati, is officially stated by the Treasurer to have been $100 a week and board.

The Rev. Dr. Hugh Miller Thompson, of Trinity Parish, New York, has been induced to withdraw the resignation which he recently sent in upon receipt of a call from St. Luke's Church, Rochester.

The Rev. Charles E. Stowe, son of Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, does not get along well with his flock at Naco, Mex. Many of his congregation are opposed to his advanced ideas on evolution and kindred topics.

The Dominican Father Bertrand Wilberforce is talked of as a favored candidate for the vacant See of Hexham and Newcastle, England. Should he be appointed, there would be two members of one family wearing mitres in the same cathedral city, for Father Bertrand is a cousin of Ernest W. Wilberforce, the new (Church of England) Bishop of Newcastle.

The Rev. Dr. D. B. Turney, who is a candidate for Congress in the Sixteenth Illinois District, has caused strips of cloth bearing that intelligence to be nailed on posts at the cross-roads and on trees in the woods. If the same amount of originality, a religious journal remarks, had been used in church work is is doubtful whether he would have at this time necessary for running a political canvass.

Father Ignatius, the English Ritualist, is said to display amazing skill in getting money for the support of his monastery at Llanthony, in the Black Mountains. He has even induced pilgrims to his shrine for the extraordinary functions during Ascensiontide one benighted individual remained as a monk, and another, before leaving, left behind some £600 for the completion of the shrine of the Perpetual Adoration and other works.

The new Canon of Canterbury Cathedral, England, the Rev. William Henry Freemantle, is quite well known and favorably remembered in Episcopal circles in this country. He participated in the meeting of the Evangelical Alliance in New York in 1873, reading a paper on "The Church and the Nation," and assisted at the general conferences which accompanied the meeting. He also officiated in one or two pulpits during his stay.

William Booth, the General of the Salvation Army in England, receives and disburses, with absolute despotism, the annual $250,000 a year, rents in his name 250 buildings used for religious meetings, directs the work of 15,000 exhorters, and publishes a paper, the *War Cry*, which circulates 300,000 times a month. He is well-educated, very winning as a speaker, clear-headed, and arbitrary in management, and according to general opinion, an honest zealot.

Mr. McAll, from England, began evangelical work in France about ten years since. He now has thirty-two places for religious meetings in Paris, and fifty-seven in the various portions of the country. The meetings are held in halls, or in shops temporarily hired for the purpose, and supplied with benches of the plainest description, singing is in the style of the "Gospel Hymns," of Moody and Sankey. Twenty-five meetings for children are held on week days and eighteen on Sundays. Also several medical missions.

PIOUS SMILES.

The *Arkansaw Traveler's* aged colored person says: "My idea of de better worl' is whar dar is a election goin' on all de time, case den de white folks is allers perlight."

"I guess dad wishes we'd all die and go to Heaven," said a miser's son to his maternal parent. "Why so?" she asked, upon recovering from her astonishment. "Oh, 'cause Heaven's such a cheap place to live in."

From the Rev. Mr. Jackson's sermon on "Faith," in Boston: "Oh! I've got great faith in de Lord," he cried. "Ef de Lord was to say, 'Jackson, go butt yer head agin dat tree,' I've got faith to believe dat de tree 'ud be removed afore I got dere."

"Well, John," said a minister to one of his hearers, "I hope you hold family worship regularly?" "Ay, sir," answered John, "in the time o' year o't." "In the time o' year o't! What do you mean?" "Why, sir, we cannot see in winter." "But, John, you should buy candles." "Ay, sir," replied John; "but in that case I'm afraid the cost might o'ergang the profit."

A clergyman in the country had a stranger to officiate for him one day, and meeting his beadle afterwards, he said: "Jamie, how did I preach? did you like last Sunday's preaching?" "It was a great deal owre plain and simple for me," replied the beadle; "I like sermons that jumble the judgment and confound the sense, so that I never saw ane that could come up to yourself at that!"

Unsatisfactory arithmetic: Parson—"I wish to complain, Mrs. Diggins, of the conduct of your daughter in the play-ground. Her conduct was rude to the extreme." Mrs. D.—"Ah, it's what they taches her at that theer board school as dun it; yesterday she came home and she says: 'Mother, they are a-teaching of me 'rithmetic fraxions.' What can you expex after that, sir?" —*London Fun.*

A Hewletts, Hanover County, letter-writer tells the following anecdote of a preacher near there who is not only widower. He has recently fallen very much in love with a good, pious lady of his church, and a few days ago he said to her: 'Sister Lizzie, the Lord sent me to this church (meaning his pastoral charge) to marry you.' She blushed and bowed her head a minute or so, and then looked up at him and said: 'The Lord's will be done.'"

A young Chicagoan aged exactly 4 years, who has been spending the summer at Fargo, Dak., was recently taken to church for the first time since he was old enough to notice his surroundings. One evening in the ensuing week he was taken to the theatre, where he highly enjoyed himself. The succeeding Sunday he found himself once more in the house of God, but he protested boisterously that he wanted to go the "curtain church and not to the bare wall church."

"I cannot believe, Mr. Spa," said a Bishop to an English teetotaler, "that under all circumstances it can be wrong for a Christian man to take wine, when the apostle distinctly prescribes it to Timothy 'for his stomach's sake.'" But the man o' water was upsides with the prelate. "Hexternal application, my lud!" says he. "Hexternal application!" After hearing this the Bishop was speechless, grew pale, went home, drank aerated waters, rubbed himself morning and evening with champagne, and died.

When he said he had lived in Nevada several years a man who looked something like a church deacon stepped forward and asked:

"My friend, is the Bible respected in that State?"

"Oh, yes."

"Do they have churches?"

"Plenty o' 'em."

"And the Lord rules there as well as in New Jersey?"

"Well, I don't know about that," was the doubtful answer. "When I bought mining stocks for 20 per cent of their face value and saw them jump to 80 above par I thought the Lord had a firm grip on the State, but again, when I struck a silver mine worth millions in digging fish-bait, and sold the hole for a gallon of whisky which burnt the soles off my boots, I had a dim suspicion that the devil and Nevada were partners in stocking the cards!"

CALENDAR FOR THE WEEK.

EPISCOPAL.

Aug. 13—Tenth Sunday after Trinity.
Aug. 18—Fast.

CATHOLIC.

Aug. 13—Eleventh Sunday after Pentecost.
Aug. 14—Of the Octave: Vigil of the Assumption.
Aug. 15—Assumption of the B. V. M.
Aug. 16—St. Hyacinth, C.
Aug. 17—Octave of St. Lawrence.
Aug. 18—Of the Octave of the Assumption; St. Agapitus.
Aug. 19—Of the Octave.

Sanford's ginger for the worn out.

REAL ESTATE.

A Period of Inactivity in Land Transfers—New Suburbs Contemplated.

A Large Amount of Building in a Small Way—The Michigan Avenue Boulevarders.

A Market of Decreasing Activity.

Although real estate was duller last week than the week before, the continuance of the demand for lots, and the character of the inquiry that was made for investments was such as to indicate a steady strengthening of the market. Few transactions of note are being made, but the opportunity to secure bargains in the absence of competition from the buyers who are away at the seashore or in the mountains is not wholly neglected. A leasehold interest in business property was secured last week for a consideration rising above $100,000 that will net the buyer 12 per cent. Nothing indicates any revival of speculation this fall, but the prospect for a sound, healthy business at advancing prices is considered good by the experienced brokers. Acre property in the Calumet region is very firm in anticipation of the advent of new manufacturing concerns and the early completion of the railroad now in construction. It is reported that all the arrangements have been made for the establishment of new locomotive-works at Pullman. A subject of interest is the point at which the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Road will strike the line over which it will come into the city. It will probably be in the neighborhood of Eighty-fourth street. Real estate south is in such demand that even submerged lands can be sold at high prices, and a liberal offer was made and refused last week for the bed of one of the minor lakes south of the city. Nothing better illustrates the advance of values there than the proceedings before the Committee on Equalization of Taxes to reduce the valuation of the lands about Pullman. These are assessed at $450. The committee refused to reduce the assessment, and the Chairman stated that the lands were worth at least $3,000 an acre. But a little more than two years ago these lands were purchased at prices ranging from $75 to $150 an acre. Surveys are now being made and plats prepared of a tract of 500 acres just across the Indiana line, where it is proposed to establish a suburban town. This land belongs to Gen. John Condit Smith, the contractor, who is building the Chicago & Atlantic Road, and Messrs. C. G. Wicker and J. H. Clough, IIIs, situated on the line of the road, which will be in operation by October. All the trains will stop at this point, and special suburban trains will also be run. The time to Chicago will be less than one hour. The town will be laid out into acre and half acre lots. As it lies in Indiana, the taxation is very light.

In the sales of the week have been 50x90 feet on Fifth avenue, 32 feet north of Adams, $60,000; 20x165 feet on Van Buren, 152 feet north of Fifth avenue, $10,000; 65x109, improved, on Ontario, 160 feet west of Cass, south front, $45,000; 50x165 feet on Michigan avenue, north of Douglas, $13,750; 334x100 feet on State, between Twelfth and Fourteenth, $111,384; 201 Prairie avenue, with lot 28x177½, $22,500; 198x77½ on corner, southwest corner of Adams, $20,000; 745 Washington boulevard, with lot 60x124, $12,000; and 5.57x235 on Union street, southwest corner of Forty-third street, with 175x125 in opposite lot, $18,000.

Henry L. Hill reports sale of 106 feet on Michigan avenue, north of Forty-third street, at $100 a foot; also 66 acres in quarter section 29, 38, 13, at $75 per acre; house and lot on Twenty-first street at $5,000; frame house and lot on Thirty-seventh street, $3,500 cash; two lots on Kossuth street, near Portland avenue, for $1,600.

The Western Avenue Congregational Chapel Society are building a neat church edifice at the corner of Polk street and Western avenue. The building will be 60x90 feet, auditorium 40x60 feet, and a chapel 30x40. It is of brick, and will cost when completed, $10,000. The foundations are already laid, and contracts for construction are being let. Daniel Ambrass is the architect. This society is a mission of the First Congregational Church.

Ira Brown sold eight lots in Glencoe to M. S. Robinson for $800; one lot to N. W. Town, $100; two lots to Anna French, $200; four to James M. Williams, $400; thirty-eight lots in Lakeside to J. C. Tilton, of Pittsburg, $3,800; two in same place to A. M. Gaines, $200.

Saturday's Transfers.

The following instruments were filed for record Saturday, Aug. 12:

CITY PROPERTY.

Sullivan st. 135 ft w of Sedgwick, e f, 25x80 ft, improved, dated Aug. 10 (L. and H. Neuendorf to Kate Fleming)	$ 800
West Ohio st. 252 ft e of Wood, s f, 21x125 3-10 ft, dated May 2 (John Wooldredge to Patrick Burke)	600
West Erie st. 141-10 ft w of Sedgwick, s f, 20x120 ft, dated July 18 (Levi Davis to J. M. and M. J. Forbes)	3,000
Wallace st. 75 ft s of Thirtieth, w f, 50x125 ft, dated July 29 (David Davis to Roger Mulcahy)	1,300
Homan av. 225 ft n of Clayton st, w f, 25x125 ft, dated July 20 (Mary E. Haley to Clara C. Calkins Jr.)	850
Gurley st. 55½ ft w of Shoto, n f, 25x100 ft, improved, dated Aug. 1 (F. and P. Harty to James B. Hutson)	2,100
Clark st. 41⅔ ft n of Polk st, w f, undivided ½ of 25x100 ft, dated Aug. 8 (Frank Jerome to Mary Jerome)	1,500
West Monroe st. 87 9-10 ft w of Hamilton av, n f, 20x200 ft, dated Aug. 11 (James Gamble to Sarah R. Bateleur)	1,800
La Salle av. 180 ft s of Eugenie st, e f, 25x115 ft, dated July 31 (Samuel E. Barrett to William Weadley)	3,125
Lincoln av. 376 ft n w of Belden, n e f, 25x150 ft, dated July 27 (H. G. Dunaway to Benjamin Larkins)	1,500
Maxwell st, e of Halsted, s f, 20x100 ft, improved, dated Aug. 12 (J. Kubart to J. Upton)	3,800
Taiman av. 174 ft s of Fulton st, e f, 24x126 ft, dated Aug. 11 (C. H. Helmer to E. A. Cook)	450
West Chicago av. 264½ ft w of Robey st, s f, 24x125½ ft, dated June 30 (estate of Thomas Sutfern to Neal Nelson)	800
Michigan av. 175 ft n of Twenty-fifth st, e f, 24x127½ ft, dated Aug. 8 (M. E. and J. I. Pearce to Mary V. Roche)	10,000
Michigan av. 150 ft n of Twenty-fifth st, e f, 25x127½ ft, improved, dated Aug. 8 (M. A. C. and W. Richardson to Mary V. Roche)	11,500
South Dearborn st. 16 ft s of Twenty-seventh, w f, 24x132 ft, improved, dated Aug. 7 (George N. Frentz to Mary Jane Le Bough)	2,900
Laughton st. 192 ft e of Leavitt, s f, 24x127 ft, dated Aug. 12 (B. and L. Keegan to Thomas Quigley)	1,350
North Halsted st. 250 ft s of Garfield av, e f, 25x125 ft, dated Aug. 12 (Le Grand Odell to F. Seggelling)	1,150
Meinrath st. 250½ ft w of Hoyne av, n f, 25x135½ ft, dated Aug. 7 (S. and R. L. Ware to Smith F. Colby)	1,810

NORTH CICERO LIMITS WITHIN A RADIUS OF SEVEN MILES OF THE COURT-HOUSE.

Snyder st. 25 ft n of School, w f, 50x123 ft, dated July 31 (E. Clark to A. Lerche)	$ 500

SOUTH CICERO LIMITS WITHIN A RADIUS OF SEVEN MILES OF THE COURT-HOUSE.

Baltic st, near Fifty-fourth, e f, 62½x133 ft, dated June 6 (M. F. Rawdon to William Hoogen to John Y. Macomb)	$ 1,100
Indiana av, 155 3-10 ft s of Fifty-third st, w f, 24 1-10 ft, dated June 30 (C. D. Richmond to F. D. Cossitt)	1,000
Butterfield st, near Forty-ninth, e f, 62½x160 ft, dated Aug. 4 (J. Forchester to E. L. Chapman)	300
Sackett av, n of Forty-second-st, e f, 25x124 ft, dated July 29 (S. Cornish to P. McElligott)	250
Bissell st, 48 ft n of Fifty-third, e f, 50x125 ft, dated Aug. 5 (C. F. Kerison to Chicago & Western Indiana R. R. Co.)	800
Chestnut st, 40 ft e of Kimbark av, n f, 120x150 ft, dated Aug. 11 (Frank D. Reynolds to John W. Phelps)	8,000

WEST OF CITY LIMITS WITHIN A RADIUS OF SEVEN MILES OF THE COURT-HOUSE.

Humboldt boulevard, s w cor Laurel av, n f, 34 9-10x186 ft, dated July 5 (C. D. Richmond to Sarah J. Macomb)	$ 500
Humboldt boulevard, 34 9-10 ft w of Laurel av, n f, 102x166 ft, dated July 26 (Edward K. Rogers to John Y. Macomb)	2,000
Lot 26 of W. ½ Block 5 in Borden's part Sec. 36, 40, 13, dated July 5 (A. C. Fairfield to John Rampp)	450
Linden av, 175 ft s of Diversy av, e f, 50x125 ft, dated Aug. 12 (A. Wall to F. and M. Pauisberg)	225
Park av, 180 ft s of Humboldt boulevard, w f, 25x125 ft, dated July 15 (B. G. Seebach to Betina Stern)	1,800
Same property as above, dated July 14 (B. and J. Stern to James M. Allen)	1,800
Johnson av, 180 ft w of California av, s f, 24x100 ft, dated May 3 (John Johnston Jr., to J. J. Mulligan)	300

Summary for the Week.

The following is the total amount of real estate sales within a radius of seven miles of the Court-House filed for record during the week ending Saturday, Aug. 12:

Location.	*Sales.*	*Amount.*
City sales	110	$555,091
North of city limits	13	20,736
South of city limits	36	97,036
West of city limits	22	22,685
Total	183	$681,778
Total previous week	184	720,218

Active Mid-Summer Building.

The continuous issue of small building permits shows a steady activity, but one that, according to all the experience of those who have tried to find rooms and apartments, falls far behind the demand of our growing population.

One of the notable improvements on the North Side this year is a flat building, 60x75 feet, containing six apartments of nine rooms each, on Pearson street, just east of State. The front elevation, of Bedford stone, is very pretty, and the interior is handsomely finished, a great deal of hardwood being used. Each flat has, in addition to wooden mantels, stationary refrigerator and French range. The interior design is different from that of any other flats in the city. On one side of a wide hallway are double parlors, and on the other two large bedrooms, while in the centre is a dining-room 12x18 feet, and back of this the library, kitchen, girl's room, etc. The owner, Mr. T. H. Traver, drew the plans for the structure, which contains many features that make it very desirable for residence purposes.

W. W. Boyington is engaged on the plan of the new high-school at Evanston. It is to be arranged on what is known as the congregated system, with separate recitative rooms, large laboratory, etc.

D. Adler has let the contracts for the new Hammond Library Building in connection with the Congregational Theological Seminary. It is to be a separate building, built on a somewhat more elaborate style of architecture than the main building, and is to cost $35,000.

James R. Willett has completed arrangements for the erection of the St. Malachi Church, on the corner of Western avenue and Wilmarth street. It is to be a brick structure, and will cost $30,000.

W. L. B. Jenny is making plans for extensive additions and alterations to the Theological Seminary, corner of Halsted street and Belden avenue. Among other things is a new residence for the Professors, which will in itself cost about $50,000. It is impossible at this stage of the work to estimate what the cost of the entire improvements will be, but it is likely to be very large.

The contracts let by the different architects during the week amounted to $493,500, and are largely composed of private residences, ranging in price from $5,000 to $20,000. The architects who let the contracts were C. O. Hansen, $12,000; A. J. York, $17,000; Otto H. Metz, $11,000; James R. Willett, $75,000; W. L. Carroll, $25,000; H. M. Hansen, $8,000; J. H. Huber, $11,000; Dixon & Townsend, $30,000; Cobb & Frost, $60,000; Cass Chapman, $30,000; W. W. Boyington, $25,000, exclusive of Board of Trade building; C. J. Pierce, $7,000; Minard L. Beers, $9,000; L. G. Hallberg, $25,000; A. Smith, $20,000; D. Adler, $70,000; Cudel & Blumenthal, $25,000; E. H. Froman, $5,500; A. M. F. Carlton, $8,000; and Furst & Rudolph, $18,000.

The building permits for the week amounted to $1,258,150, and were chiefly for private residences. The principal ones were the Board of Trade, $1,000,000; a dwelling for G. W. Henry on Prairie avenue, $20,000; and twenty cottages for Jacobson & Tolman on Daniel avenue, to cost $20,000.

Mr. L. Z. Leiter is having a number of plans made for residences on a tract of land owned by him near Riverside. His scheme is to build houses to order and sell them and the land on long time to parties who are trying to get a home of their own.

The principal permit of the week was to the Real Estate Manager of the Board of Trade to erect the new Board of Trade Building, 173x225, at a cost of $1,000,000. Some of the other permits were to St. Malachi's Church, 60x110 feet, on Western avenue and Walnut street, $25,000; J. P. Green, three-story dwelling, 22½x33 feet, No. 3626 Ellis Park, $11,000; Eich Bros., six two-story dwellings, 26x30 feet, Nos. 1074 to 1082 Monroe street, $18,000; Jacobson & Talman, twenty one-story cottages, 20x36 feet on Dania avenue, $20,000.

Four new school buildings will be opened the coming winter. When these are completed the whole number of schools will be seventy-five. The new school at Lawndale will be an eight-room structure, accommodating 560 pupils. It will cost $35,000. Another of the new schools is of three stories and twelve rooms, and is located at the corner of West Twentieth and Walsh street. It will cost $40,000. The two others are at the corner of Sangamon and Indiana streets and on Throop street, near Twenty-sixth. The twelve-room schools will accommodate 750 pupils each. The Board has not yet chosen a site at the corner of Wentworth avenue and Thirty-third street and expect to erect a building there next year.

Eight-Hour Men on the Michigan Avenue Boulevard.

Vigorous complaints against the South Park Commissioners are heard from residents of Michigan avenue. Property-owners on the avenue submitted to the heavy taxations necessary to maintain it as a boulevard in order to secure a good roadway and adequate police protection, which they were assured the South Park Commissioners would guarantee them, to say nothing of numberless minor blessings. But now they find the pavement wearing out and its holes and ruts treated by the Commissioners as beauty spots. Heavy taxes are assessed for lamp-posts, but the lamps are not lighted. The policemen are eight-hour men—you may look eight hours without finding one. Last Sunday three heavy goods trucks were allowed to roll over the pavement packed with noisy pleasure-seekers bound for the South Parks. Heavy baggage-wagons frequently use the boulevard. Drunken and dissolute characters, runaway horses, and reckless drivers are the characters who appear to have been given the freedom of the new boulevard.

The Cable Road.

The cable road on Cottage Grove and Wabash avenues is being pushed forward energetically. The east track on Cottage Grove avenue has been completed to the city limits and the west track to Thirty-fourth street. As soon as this street is finished the unfinished parts of Wabash avenue and Twenty-second street will be completed—in fact, work has already commenced on the heavy masonry at the railroad crossing at Sixteenth street.

Our Coney Island.

For several years past the project of establishing a summer resort on the shore of Lake Michigan south of the city has been often under consideration.

A TRIBUNE reporter recently visited Edgemoor, a station on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad some fifteen miles south of the city. Its railroad facilities are good, the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern and the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroads touching the place. In the plan proposed the beach, which is a hard-packed level stretch of ocean sand, will be divided further back by a drive and promenade. Gravel suitable for walks and roadways is found in abundance, and might be used to make the concrete for houses. Within eighty feet of the shore a sufficient depth of water for steamers is obtained, and the place will be within an hour or two of the city by the lake.

Just back from the beach is a grove of pine trees of considerable extent, and further back the land is heavily wooded with oak groves, which afford very desirable building sites. About one mile and a half from the shore winds the Big Gunpowder River, which at one point is but a point to South Chicago, and could easily be used by excursion steamers. The river also affords good fishing and boating.

"THE CLOSURE."

An American Editor's Letter to an English M. P.

Liverpool (Eng.) Albion, July 28.

A desire to avoid mixing with English politics induced Mr. Medill, when writing to an English M.-P. on the American system of closure, to decline to allow the publication of the communication in question. As the *Daily News*, London, however, editorially summarized the letter, we are authorized, through our London correspondent, to print the original, with the consent of the writer and the honorable member referred to. Mr. Medill writes as follows:

Referring to the "closure" question, or what Americans call the "previous question"—i. e., question of precedence—question having priority—more than a simple majority is not required in the American House of Representatives (our House of Commons) to arrest debate or closure, to order the "previous question," or "closure," on any bill, resolution, or paper requiring a vote of the body.

This rule of a *majority of one* to order a vote on a bill, as well as to pass it, is a universal custom. It prevails in the National House of Representatives, in the Legislatures of the thirty-eight States, in the Territories, in the provinces—and in thousands of County Boards, City and Town

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THE ISLAND-SPRING.
Far from shore, where salt seas only
Filing white storms of angry foam,
Stands an island, bleak and lonely,
Banished from Earth's sylvan home.

Through the warmth of Summer-splendor
Into wakening life caressed,
Not a blade or floweret tender
Nestles to its rocky breast.

But, as pure as from a mountain
Where the sweetest waters start,
Lo! a sparkling crystal fountain
Gushes from its barren heart;

Fresh and clear, though all surrounded
By the briny waters wide;
Never once its leach confounded
By the ceaseless dashing tide;

Singing always with a spirit
Envying not the high-born spring,
Satisfied to just inherit
Dreams of wayside blossoming.

Canst thou recognize the presage,
O my heart, with better trust?
Canst thou read a heavenly message
On this tablet of the dust?

God will bid a fount of gladness
Spring from out thy rock-bound soul,
Free from every tone of sadness,
Though wild seas around thee roll.

Thou shalt sing the same bright measures
Carolled in Earth's fairest bowers,
Thou shalt smile at Life's green pleasures,
And a world of blushing flowers.
—Julia R. Thayer in Home Circle.

Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass" in Philadelphia.

New York World.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7.—The Rev. Joseph J. Sleeper, Secretary of the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Vice and Crime, said today that the association had under consideration the question of attempting to prevent the sale of Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass." The book is now in the hands of one of the five Directors, and will be examined by each of them. "If they conclude that its offenses against decorum," said Mr. Sleeper, "bring it within the reach of the law, we will complain to the police authorities. The course of the society will be defined within the next two weeks." Mr. Sleeper does not think that Mr. Whitman's intentions are bad, and personally he has a high opinion of the gray-haired poet. District-Attorney Graham has heard no official complaint of the book, and can only act when such complaint has been made. Examination of the law bearing upon the subject shows that the Massachusetts statutes are much more strict than those in force in this State.

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BUSINESS.

Stocks Dull and Heavy All Day, Closing with a Slight Rally.

A Considerable Short Interest in the New York Stock Market.

The Produce Markets Slow and Generally Steadier —A Rather Weak Feeling in the Morning.

But More Firmness After Noon—A Better Export Demand for Wheat—Oats Weak.

FINANCIAL.

Stocks were featureless and heavy at the opening. During the day business was almost at a standstill several times. Transactions were very light. The tendency on the whole was toward lower prices, especially for the Wabash and Transcontinental. Room traders hammered the former on account of the reports of strikes by the employés, who make the outrageous demand that their June wages should be paid without further delay. That such a demand should be made upon the managers of a road which has had to suspend dividends, and has had hard scratching to get the money to pay interest on the bonded debt, is a sad illustration of the inability of the laboring classes to understand the intricacies of finance. Oregon & Transcontinental reacted under the natural influence of sales to realize the benefit of the recent great advance in that stock. There was some hammering of the list by room-traders, in spots, and New York advices stated that a considerable short interest had been formed.

Manitoba advanced 2½.

Money closed at 3 per cent.

Kiernan's *Newsletter* said that a conference of operators was held Thursday, in a Broad street office, at which it was decided to raid the market heavily, manipulate money, and otherwise secure a decline in prices. This arrangement is said to have been upset, and parties who sold Friday morning bought back their stocks in the afternoon. Members of a prominent New street house offered stocks all day but sold as few as possible, and are alleged to have been very large buyers. The bears said that the market showed signs of heavy realizing, and that Missouri Pacific and Northwestern had been advanced to help sell the rest of the market. A Wall street house estimates that $50,000,000 of stocks are floating about the street on buyers' options. An effort is being made to create the belief that money will naturally work close. Exchange and crop movement are the alleged reasons. Money may be artificially made stringent, but will not be otherwise more than a 6 per cent rate. Demand exchange advanced because bills obtained by prominent operators some time ago fell due and were renewed. Sixty-day bills have weakened.

Wall street gossip reports that Sage said the market had an appearance of selling lower. From what can be learned, the large and leading operators would like to see prices yield considerably, and they complain because the market continues so stubborn and unyielding. Insiders close to the Receivers say that Reading "is all right." The company has 1,000 men at work at the New York Central extension, via Williamsport, and it will be completed by Dec. 1.

By authority of the Governors, the Committee on Stock List of the exchange has added to the list 2,040 Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul bonds of $1,000 each, known as the Chicago & Western Division 5 per cent gold bonds, payable in 1921. They represent twenty-seven miles of additional road completed and a balance for additional rolling-stock of $1,500,169.45. The committee also listed $1,050,000 of Denver & Rio Grande thirty-year 7 per cent first-mortgage bonds on account of new mileage "at $15,000 per mile."

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy earnings the present month are running behind those of last year.

In discussing the foreign exchange market the *Post* says the movement of securities has been disappointing thus far at least to the extent that it was expected that Europe would freely buy our stocks so soon as the market here was fairly turned toward higher prices and it became apparent that our harvests would be large and that we should have at least an average foreign market for them. Of late in arbitrage operations we have brought back from Europe more than we have sold to them—a fact which in part explains the firmness for demand sterling. Another influence which has tended to make sterling strong is the fact that our large imports of foreign goods are, on account of the general prosperity here, being marketed and the proceeds remitted.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—Please state in next Sunday's TRIBUNE the highest quotation of Chicago & Northwestern preferred stock on Aug. 3, 1878.

It sold at 68½.

Some outside quotations were: Oregon Improvement bonds, 93@94; Oregon Improvement stock, 87@88; American Cable Construction Company, 70@76½; North River Construction Company, 72@77; Pullman Palace Car Company offered at 128; United Union bonds, 78@78½; Mutual Union stock, 24@24¾.

The following shows the fluctuations of the active stocks:

Stocks.	Highest price of 1881	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Alton	156	.....	.....	.....	144¾
Alton, Southern	90	65¾	65¾	63¾	64
C. B. & Q.	182¾	128	128½	126¾	127¾
C. C. & I. C.	82¾	13¾	13¾	13	13¾
Central Pacific	103¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
Chattanooga	102	64½	65	64	64
Ches. O. 1st pref.	48¼	38¾	39¾	38¾	39¾
Del. & Hudson	121	117¾	118¾	117	118
Del., Lack. & W.	131	143½	144¾	143½	144¾
Denver & Rio G.	113¾	64¾	65¾	64¾	65¾
East Tenn. & Ga.	21	11¾	11¾	11¼	11¾
Erie	53¾	49¾	49¾	30¾	32¾
Han. & St. Jo. pref.	121	90	90	90	90
Hous. & Tex. Cen.	87¾	87	87	87	87
L. S. & W.	97¾	96¾	96¾	46	46¾
Illinois Central	149¾	141¼	141¾	138	138
Kan. & Texas	54	40	40¾	39¾	39¾
Lake Erie & W.	54¾	46¾	.....	.....	46¾
Lake Shore	135¾	115¾	115¾	115	115¾
Louis. & Nash.	119¾	74¾	75¾	74¾	75¾
Manhattan	61	56¾	56¾	56	56
Michigan Central	126¾	98¾	100	98¾	98¾
Mo., K. & T.	114¾	36¾	.....	.....	36¾
M. & St. Louis	.....	33¾	33¾	33	33
Missouri Pacific	114½	103¾	107½	103¾	103¾
New Jersey Cen.	112	78¾	79¾	78¾	78¾
New York Central	150	130¾	130¾	130¾	130¾
N. Y., C. & St. L.	.....	18¾	.....	.....	18¾
Do pref.	.....	54	54	53¾	53¾
Norfolk & Western	70	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾
Northern Pacific	51	51½	52	50¾	51
Do pref.	80¾	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾
Northwestern	136	145	145¾	144¾	144¾
Ohio Central	37¾	18	18	17¾	17¾
Omaha	61	51¼	51¼	50¾	50¾
Do pref.	109¾	110¾	110¾	110	110¾
Ontario & Western	40¾	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
Oregon T. Co.	.....	92¾	93¾	90¾	91¾
Pacific Mail	62¾	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾
Peoria, D. & E.	57¾	36	36¾	36	36¾
Reading	74¾	60	60	59¾	59¾
Rich. & Danville	171	122¾	122¾	121¾	121¾
Rochester & Pitts.	40	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Rock Island	148¾	136¾	136¾	136¾	136¾
St. L. & S. F.	55	41¾	.....	.....	41¾
Do pref.	.....	69¾	.....	.....	69¾
St. Paul	129¾	123¾	124	123¾	123¾
Do pref.	135¾	135¾	135¾	135¾	135¾
St. Paul, M. & M.	154¾	145¾	146	145¾	145¾
Texas Pacific	73¾	51¾	51¾	50¾	50¾
Union Pacific	131¾	117¾	117¾	117	117
W., St. L. & Pac.	60	37¾	37¾	36¾	36¾
Do pref.	86¾	67	67¾	65¾	65
Western Union	.....	89¾	89¾	88¾	89¾

New York exchange was par@25c per $1,000 discount. Bank clearings were $6,200,000. Loans were in fair demand at 5@7 per cent.

In foreign exchange rates were unchanged. Sterling posted rates were 486@486½, actual 485½@488¼, and documentary rates 483@485¾. Posted rates for francs were 5171/2@5185/8; documentary 5213/4. Marks, posted, were 90⅛@95¼, and documentary were 94@94¾.

Chicago bank clearings for the past week are reported as follows by Manager W. S. Smith, of the Chicago Clearing-House:

Date.	*Clearings.*	*Balances.*
Monday	$ 8,869,275	$ 982,287
Tuesday	6,554,023	904,428
Wednesday	6,641,717	1,045,309
Thursday	6,653,340	1,083,114
Friday	6,813,346	1,000,000
Saturday	6,298,408	702,881
Total	$41,314,413	$5,730,197
Corresponding week last year	6,930,422	4,043,186

The following sales were made on the Chicago Stock Exchange:

BEFORE CALL.

A. T. & S. Fé., 100 b 5 at 95.

FIRST CALL, 10:30 A. M.

C., B. & Q. R.—1a. Div. 4s—1,000 at 88¾; C., M. & St. P. R. R.—Min. Pt. 5s—1,000 at 91⅝; W., St. L. & P. R. R.—Chi. Div. 5s—1,000 at 84¼, 2,000 at 84⅜, 2,000 at 84⅝.

BETWEEN CALLS.

W., St. L. & P.—Chi. Div. 5s—5,000 at 84; C. & N. W. R. R.—S. Fd. 5s—5,000 at 99½; W., St. L. & P. R. R.—Chi. Div. 5s—5,000 at 84.

SECOND CALL, 2:30 P. M.

N. P. R. R. pfd—100 s 5 at 94½; P., D. & E., 100, at 36½; A., T. & S. Fé R. R., 100 s 5 at 94⅞.

AFTER CALLS.

A., T. & S. Fé R. R., 100 b 10 at 94⅛; E. Tenn., Va. & Ga., 100 s 10 at 11⅜; A., T. & S. Fé R. R., 50 s 10 at 95.

Quotations were:

BANK STOCKS.

	Par.	*Bid.*	*Asked.*
Chicago National Bank	100	109	120
Commercial National Bank	100	275	.....
First National Bank	100	175	.....
Fifth National Bank	100	100	.....
Hide & Leather National Bank	100	132	.....
Hibernian Banking Company	100	120	.....
Illinois Trust & Savings Bank	100	190	.....
International Bank	100	100	.....
Merchants' National Bank	100	300	.....
Merchants' Loan & Trust Co.	100	155	.....
National Bank of Illinois	100	140	.....
Union National Bank	100	200	.....
Union Trust Co.	100	310	.....
LOCAL STOCKS.			
Calumet & C. Can. & D'k Co. com.	100	25¼	.....
Chamber of Commerce	100	75	.....
Chicago City Railway	100	272	280
Chicago Gas L. & Coke Co.	25	175	.....
Chicago Dock Company	100	40	.....
Inter-State Indus. Exposition	100	30	45
North Chicago City Railway	100	220¾	225
Pullman Palace-Car Co.	100	125¾	126¾
Traders' Insurance Company	100	127	.....
West Division City Railway	100	103	.....
MINING STOCKS.			
Chi. Wil. & Ver. Coal Co.	100	65	110
RAILWAY SHARES.			
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé	100	95	95¾
Chicago & Alton	100	142	.....
Chicago & Alton pref.	100	144½	.....
Chicago & Northwestern	100	136¾	.....
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	100	136¾	136¾
Chicago, St. Paul, M. & Omaha	100	54	54¾
Chicago, St. Paul, M. & Omaha pfd.	100	110¾	110¾
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	100	136¾	136¾
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	125¾	126¼
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pfd.	100	114	115
East Tennessee, Virginia & Ga.	100	14¾	15
Illinois Central	100	141¾	141¾
Lake Erie & Western	100	46¾	47
Mutual Union Telegraph	100	24	25¾
New York, Chicago & St. Louis	100	15¾	16
New York, Chicago & St. L. pfd.	100	39¾	.....
Northern Pacific	100	51¾	51¾
Northern Pacific pfd.	100	89¾	90¾
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	100	30¾	.....
RAILWAY BONDS.			
Chi. & Alton sinking fund 6s	1903	112¾	.....
C. & Mississippi Riv. Bge 6s	1912	103¾	.....
C. R. & Q. 1st 2d. 8s	1883	101¼	.....
C., B. & Q. Iowa Div. 5s	1919	104	.....
C., B. & Q. Iowa Div. 4s	1919	96	96¾
C., B. & Q. Denver Ex. 4s	1922	85	90
C., B. & Q. R. & M. in Neb. 4s	1919	89¾	92
C., M. & St. P., P. D. & E. 7s	1908	121	122
C., M. & St. P., H. & D. 7s	1910	116	.....
C., M. & St. P., C. & Pac. 6s	1910	107	.....
C., M. & St. P., So. Minn. 6s	1910	104	.....
C., M. & St. P., Wis. & Minn. 7s	1909	104¾	.....
C., M. & St. P., Min. Point 5s	1910	91¾	93¾
C., M. & St. P., C. Pac. & W. 5s	1932	95	95¾
K. & N. W. sinking fund 5s	1929	109¾	.....
C., St. P., M. & O. con. 6s	1930	102	.....
Jacksonville Southeastern 6s	1910	.....	.....
T., V. & G. S. 1st 7s	1921	101	.....
No. Pac. land grant 6s	1925	103	104
Sonora (A., T. & Santa Fé) 7s	.....	107	107½
Wabash, St. L. & P. Chi. Div. 5s	1910	84	84¾
UNITED STATES SECURITIES.			
4s coupon	1907	119¾	120
4s registered	1907	119¾	120
4½s coupon	1891	114¾	115
4½s registered	1891	113¾	114¾
5s extended 3s	1881	101¾	101¾
5½s extended 3s	1881	100¾	101¼
District Columbia, 3.65s coupon	1924	104¾	.....
District Columbia, 3.65s registered	1924	104¾	110
LOCAL BONDS.			
Chicago City 7s	1884	104	.....
Chicago City 7s	1887	108¾	.....
Chicago City 7s	1888	111¾	.....
Chicago City 7s	1889	115	.....
Chicago City 7s	1890	118	.....
Chicago City 7s	1892	120	121
Chicago City 7s	1893	123¼	.....
Chicago City 7s	1894	123	124¼
Chicago City 7s	1895	126	127
Chicago City 7s	1896	127	130
Chicago City 6s	1898	112	.....
Chicago City 6s	1907	113½	.....
Chicago City 6s	1895	106	.....
Chicago City 4½s	1900	107¾	108
Chicago City 4½s	1901	104	105
Chicago City 3.65s	1902	101¾	102
Chicago City Railway 6½s	.....	103¾	104¾
Cook County 7s	1885	102	103
Cook County 7s	1886	112¾	113
Cook County 7s	1887	116	.....
Cook County 7s	1890	119¾	120¾
Cook County 7s	1892	120¾	121¾
Cook County 6s	1899	110	110
Cook County 5s	1895	102¾	103¾
Lincoln Park 7s	1895	107	108
North Chicago City Railway 6s	.....	112¾	113¾
South Park 6s	.....	106	107
South Park 7s	.....	107	108
West Division Railway coupon 5-20 6s	.....	103¾	.....
West Division Railway reg. 6s	.....	103¾	.....
West Park 7s	1896	115	.....
West Town 8s	1890	104½	106
MISCELLANEOUS BONDS.			
Minnesota State 6s	.....	101	103
Missouri State 6s	1886	103	.....
Missouri state 6s	1887	105	.....
Missouri State 6s	1888	107	.....
Mutual Union Telegraph Company 6s	.....	77¾	77¾

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Governments firm.

Railroad bonds dull and irregular.

State securities inactive.

The stock market has been dull, with frequent fluctuations, closing generally about steady, with the general list ⅛@1⅛ below the closing figures of yesterday, the latter Richmond & Danville, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba, however, was 2¾ and Louisville & Nashville 1 higher. The *Post* says: "It is notable that some of those most anxious for a reaction are the strongest bulls and want the market down to get back stocks. Undoubtedly a great amount of long stock was marketed during the week to clinch handsome profits by the rise of the last few weeks. But in most cases sales were made on the calculation that stocks could be bought back at a profit of a few points and interest account, which is important in a bull campaign reduced by turn."

Transactions 210,000 shares:

Central Pacific	5,000	Northern Pacific	30,000
Lackawanna	5,000	Ontario & Western	5,000
Hou. & Tex Grande	1,000	Oregon Trans	4,000
Erie	4,000	St. Paul	3,000
Kansas & Texas	14,000	St. Paul & Omaha	6,000
Lake Shore	1,000	Texas Pacific	14,000
Louisville & Nash	4,000	Union Pacific	3,000
Michigan Central	5,000	Wabash Pacific	15,000
Mem. & Charleston	1,000	Western Union	12,000
Missouri Pacific	5,000	Ore. & Transcon	15,000
Northwestern	3,000	Nashville Con	2,000
New Jersey Central	5,000	Rochester & Pitts	5,000
New York Central	2,000		

Money 3@4, closing at 3. Prime mercantile paper, 5½@6.

Sterling exchange, bankers' bills steady at 485¼; sterling exchange demand, 489.

GOVERNMENTS.

6s	101¾	4s	119¾
5s	103¾	Pacific 6's of 1895	130
4½s	114½		

BONDS.

Central Pacific	116	Union Pacific pfd	115¾
Erie seconds (ofd)	97¾	C. land grant	114¾
Lehigh & W	107	U. P. sinking fund	123
Louisiana consols	93	Virginia 6s	39¾
Missouri 6s	110	Virginia consols (old)	50
St. Joe (ofd)	111	Virginia deferred	14
St. P. & S. C. firsts	111	Tex. Pac. land grant	6¾
Tennessee 6s, old	75¾	Tex. Pac. R. G. Div	36
Tennessee 6s, new	75¾		

FOREIGN.

LONDON, Aug. 12—5 p. m.—Consols, money, 99 11-16; consols, account, 99¾.

Pennsylvania Central, 63⅝; New York Central, 139; Erie, 41¼; Reading, 30⅜.

PARIS, Aug. 10.—Rentes, 82f 35c.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 12.—Exchange on New York quiet and unchanged.

MINING NEWS.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Mining stocks were dull. Robinson declined from 165 to 155 seller 60; Chrysolite from 230 to 240; Navajo from 470 to 495; Oriental & Miller sold at 25 and 25; State Line 2 and 3 at 2⅞; Consolidated Virginia declined to 58. Sales of the day, 77,540; total for the week, 500,365. Total bullion receipts in New York for the week from the mines, $245,000.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, Aug. 12.—Mining stocks closed as follows:

Allouez Mining Co	2¾	Quincy	61¾
Calumet & H	248	Silver Isles	14
Catalpa	30	Osceola	85
Franklin	14⅜	Huron	3¾
Pewabic	9		

SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—Mining stocks closed as follows:

Alta	7-16	Mono	13-16
Bechtel	1-16	Noonday	⅜
Belcher	5-16	Northern Belle	12½
Best & Belcher	5¾	Ophir	2¾
Bodie	⅜	Oro	3-16
Bullion	3-32	Overman	5-16
Challenge	15-16	Savage	1
Con. Virginia	13-32	Sierra Nevada	4¾
Eureka Con	14¾	Tip-Top	2
Exchequer	3-16	Union Consolidated	6
Gould & Curry	2¾	Wales	5-16
Grand Prize	13-32	Yellow Jacket	5
Hale & Norcross	27-32	Navajo	5½
Mexican	7-16	Scorpion	⅛

COMMERCIAL.

The following were the receipts and shipments of leading articles of produce in the city during the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock Saturday morning, and for the corresponding time a year ago:

ARTICLES.	RECEIPTS. 1882.	RECEIPTS. 1881.	SHIPMENTS. 1882.	SHIPMENTS. 1881.
Flour, brls	5,430	12,035	7,387	14,196
Wheat, bu	43,496	92,902	103,833	120,120
Corn, bu	134,419	401,127	213,210	343,253
Oats, bu	63,958	44,341	33,300	65,145
Rye, bu	2,752	6,134	1,961	6,174
Barley, bu	960	629	.....	1,567
Grass seed, lbs	38,100	70,570	23,927	187,393
Flaxseed, lbs	535,000	1,451,200	25,000	254,340
Broom-corn, lbs	.....	.....	2,053	16,766
Cured meats, lbs	368,322	417,666	1,658,132	3,550,375
Cattle, No	.....	.....	66	221
Beef, brls	.....	.....	942	221
Pork, brls	201	201	680	680
Lard, lbs	80,000	176,100	1,022,445	342,350
Tallow, lbs	51,295	53,021	46,000	124,196
Butter, lbs	319,177	295,366	208,474	302,060
Live hogs, No	18,128	17,944	6,003	8,131
Cattle, No	4,494	4,355	2,666	3,738
Sheep, No	1,195	426	388	.....
Hides, lbs	164,774	254,266	404,067	236,066
Highwines, brls	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wool, lbs	101,286	167,623	183,481	68,315
Potatoes, bu	10	972	3	301
Coal, tons	9,695	8,143	2,252	2,742
Hay, tons	110	70	30	22
Lumber, m	4,385	8,376	4,640	4,176
Shingles, m	903	6,000	453	600
Salt, brls	4,295	3,122	3,589	4,160
Spelter, lbs	104	426	208	1,040
Cheese, lbs	6,000	4,047	1,545	1,167
Green apples, brls	300	936	10	.....

The following grain was inspected into store in this city Saturday morning: 48 cars red winter wheat, 53 cars lower grades, 3 cars No. 2 spring, 9 cars lower grades (118 wheat); 97 cars No. 2 corn, 63 cars high mixed, 113 cars and 5,500 bu rejected, 5 cars other grades (378 corn); 33 cars No. 2 oats, 83 cars low grades (96 oats); 1 car No. 1 rye, 9 cars No. 2 do, 6 cars low grades (16 rye); 2 cars barley. Total (555 cars), 255,000 bu. Inspected out: 141,036 bu winter wheat, 37,319 bu spring, 135,108 bu corn, 20,153 bu oats, 1,875 bu rye.

The following were the receipts of breadstuffs in this city during last week:

	Aug. 12, 1882.	*Aug. 5, 1882.*	*Aug. 13, 1881.*
Flour, brls	44,055	47,627	105,047
Wheat, bu	493,342	1,302,407	405,982
Corn, bu	662,981	1,117,172	3,088,044
Oats, bu	339,183	291,423	238,555
Rye, bu	21,219	28,466	31,445
Barley, bu	7,207	7,207	8,555

The corresponding shipments were:

	Aug. 12, 1882.	*Aug. 5, 1882.*	*Aug. 13, 1881.*
Flour, brls	45,842	45,693	97,074
Wheat, bu	810,344	1,301,358	1,010,613
Corn, bu	855,323	993,946	1,916,427
Oats, bu	366,267	320,481	466,309
Rye, bu	21,219	9,494	20,502
Barley, bu	6,822	5,337	6,548

The death of Abraham Hirsch, of the firm of Hirsch & Schwabacher, was announced on 'Change Saturday, and appropriate resolutions adopted in respect to his memory.

The leading produce markets were generally dull Saturday, and steady in price, though the feeling was somewhat unsettled. There was not much doing on outside account in any department. The early feeling was a rather firm one, owing to low temperature. Soon the tone changed with clearing skies and the promise of larger receipts of grain. The later feeling was firm, in sympathy with a better shipping demand for wheat here and in Milwaukee. The inquiry for futures was slow all round, and provisions were really dull.

Mess pork closed steady, at $21.30 bid seller September and $21.42½@21.45 for October. Lard closed 2½c lower, at $12.87½ for August and $12.40@12.42½ seller September. Short ribs closed 2½@5c lower, at $10.70@10.75 seller September. Red winter wheat closed 1¼c higher, at $1.02⅛ for August. Regular wheat closed ¾@1¼c higher, at $1.01¼@1.01⅝ seller August and 98¼@98⅜c seller September. Corn closed easier, at 77¼c bid for car-lots and 77¼@77⅜c for September. Oats closed ¼c lower, at 40⅝@41c for August, 36½@36¾c for September, and 35¼c for the year. Rye closed unchanged at 68c cash, 69½c for September, and nominally 70¾c for October. Barley closed unchanged for No. 2 at 90c for the September delivery, and ¼c lower for No. 3, at 69½c for the same month. Hogs were steady at $7.65@8.45 for light, and at $7.70@8.90 for heavy. Cattle were firm at $3.50@8.00 for natives, and at $3.50@5.25 for Texans. The receipts for the week were 27,000 cattle, 57,000 hogs, and 7,000 sheep; against 29,743 cattle, 90,573 hogs, and 4,853 sheep for the corresponding week last year.

A fairly active demand for dry goods existed. The season, which is opening rather earlier than usual, bids fair to be an exceptionally active one as a result of big crops. Boots and shoes are moving in a liberal way, and increased activity in clothing, hats and caps, and millinery goods is also apparent. Groceries continue in good demand and average firm and steady. In the dried-fruit market continued quiet is complained of, but prices keep well up, holders having confidence in the future. Fish remain firm under light stocks and a fair demand. Butter and cheese are again quoted firm, the tendency in the latter being rather upward. There was a steady market for oils, and unchanged markets for bagging, leather, coal and pig iron.

In green fruits blackberries were more plenty. 4,000 cases having been received from Michigan, sales being made at $1.25@1.40 per case of 16 quarts. Watermelons were off, selling at a range of $8.00@11.00 per 100. Eggs showed no change. There were no new features in hides, grease, or tallow, quietness being the distinctive characteristic in these lines. Building materials continue active, common building brick being half a dollar higher, and all others remaining steady and firm. Potatoes are steady, both in demand and price. Wool is unchanged. Hay was a trifle more active and steady at about Friday's figure. Seeds were strong for timothy, cash being quotable at $3.20@3.35, August selling at $2.27@2.30, the former old seed; September at $2.15, and October at $2.12½. Flax seed was steady at $1.25.

Lake freights were fairly active at 1¼@2c on corn and 2@2¼c on wheat to Buffalo, the rates to Kingston on wheat being 4½c. The engagements up to the close of 'Change aggregated 200,000 bu wheat and 104,000 bu corn.

Rail freights were reported steady on the basis of 25c per 100 lbs on grain and 30c on provisions from Chicago to New York. Through to Liverpool was in light demand and dull at about 40c.

The receipts of wheat at Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Toledo, and Detroit, reported Saturday, aggregated 193,000 bu. The shipments from the same points were reported at 330,000 bu. The shipments reported from New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore were 472,000 bu.

The sensation on 'Change Saturday was the understanding that Monday's receipts will be fully 300 car-loads, and big cars at that. The current receipts showed an increase, and one consignment of 4 car-loads was noted which contained 4,200 bu. This, however, is an exceptional case. Still it is estimated that the receipts of this fall will average not much less than 800 bu to the car-load. Such big loads are embarrassing to the inspectors, and it is no wonder if they sometimes make a mistake on the grading of oats when they cannot get into the car.

A lot of 5 bags of new No. 2 corn from Texas arrived in St. Louis Saturday, and is reported to have sold at $6.75 per bu. One may well be puzzled to think what the buyer wants to do with it at such a price. It is not ornamental enough to put in a show-window.

A shipping order for 80,000 bu No. 2 corn came here Friday afternoon, and could not (then) be filled. The bulk of the cash corn now here is understood to be held on account of Eastern factories, and is not on the market. Buying orders have to be filled from the current receipts of each day.

Some parties in Toledo have recently had a great deal to say about the wheat trade of this city. The superior character of the men who do business in Toledo is, of course, duly hinted at in these diatribes. They are especially interesting to those who remember the wheat deal of July, 1873, in that city. The last day of that month the market opened at $1.75, and advanced to $2.00. On that rise several men sold out their spot holdings, and delivered *them*, while defaulting on their contracts to deliver at lower prices. A committee was appointed to fix a price, and decided at $1.56.67, a decision being confirmed on appeal to another committee. It was notorious that the men setting on these committees were interested on the short side of the deal, and really passed judgment on their own case. It looks very much as if the Toledo men might with advantage heed the Gospel injunction, "Let him that is without sin among you cast the first stone."

Indianapolis telegraphs that grain receipts there are light, and expected to continue so for the present.

After much communing, and the

AL AND DEPARTURE OF
NS—EXPLANATION OF REFERENCE
turday excepted. *Sunday excepted.
epted. ‡Daily.

Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.
Corner Madison, Canal, and Adams-sts.
ns, 61 and 63 Clark-st., Palmer House,
ne Hotel, and 23 Depot.

	Leave.	Arrive.
coon'woo, La Cross	* 8:00 a m	* 7:00 p m
& Waukesha	* 3:05 p m	* 10:30 a m
& Waukesha	* 5:00 p m	* 10:30 a m
wood, Sparta	† 11:30 a m	† 2:00 p m
Minne'p'lis, etc	† 9:30 p m	† 7:00 a m
nnahan & Appleton	*11:50 a m	* 4:00 p m
& Ashland	*11:50 p m	* 7:00 a m
rie du Chien, Iowa,		
innesota	* 5:00 p m	* 7:00 a m
almyra, Madison,		
ison, and Way	*11:30 a m	* 7:00 p m
d Mineral Point	*11:30 a m	* 4:00 p m
	* 6:30 p m	* 8:25 a m
and Janesville	*10:00 a m	* 4:30 p m
Cedar Rapids,	*10:00 a m	* 4:30 p m
ux City, & Yankton	* 9:00 p m	* 7:15 a m
ford	* 4:00 p m	*10:25 a m
ona	* 5:15 p m	* 9:45 a m
	* 4:00 p m	*10:25 a m
	* 6:30 p m	* 6:40 a m

umboldt and North Chicago leave at
6:30 p. m.; arrive at 6:40 a. m. and 7:40 a.
day excepted.

Chicago & Alton.
West Side, corner Madison and Canal-
Madison and Adams-sts. bridges, and
-st. Ticket Offices, at Depots, 89 South
and Pacific Hotel, and Palmer House.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Denver, Pueblo,	†12:30 p m	† 2:30 p m
California Fast Ex		
ornado New Mex-		
& California Ex	†11:59 p m	† 7:45 a m
ngfield & Texas	* 9:05 a m	* 7:45 p m
ngfield & Texas	* 9:05 p m	* 7:50 a m
rleans Express	† 9:00 a m	† 2:30 p m
& Bur'ton Ex	* 9:00 a m	* 2:30 p m
Express Chenoa	†11:30 p m	† 7:30 a m
R. Ex. via Joliet	† 9:00 a m	† 2:30 p m
Washington Ex	*12:30 p m	* 2:25 p m
Accommodation	* 5:00 p m	* 9:30 a m

pted. †Monday excepted. ‡Daily.

New Albany & Chicago Railway
pany. "Jasper Route."
olph-st. Depot, Twelfth-st., near State.
Palmer House & Grand Pacific Hotel.

	Leave.	Arrive.
	* 8:50 a m	3:05 p m
	7:50 p m	3:05 a m

ion of reference marks (* † ‡ etc.).
e time-table.

rich Steamers.
TIME TABLE.
TWICE DAILY.
d Milwaukee at..... 7a m
ing boat goes through to Stanley
d Manitowoc.
and Manistee daily at..... 7a m
e, Sturgeon Bay, Kewaunee and
daily ..... and 5p m
and Sunday at 7a m
, De Pere, and all Bay Ports,
and all Lake Superior Towns via
Saturday at..... 7p m
ven, Grand Rapids, Muskegon,
at..... 7p m
Fierport, etc., Tuesdays and Sat-
ning excepted. *Sunday excepted.
d docks at foot of Michigan-av.

GLAND* TRANSPORTATION
LINE STEAMERS
every Tuesday, Thursday, and Satur-
day at 7 p. m. for
Toronto, Hamilton, Niagara
falls, Ogdensburg, Montreal,
and intermediate ports.
ets for Boston, Portland, New York,
n New England, Northern New York,
Canada, Lyons, Iowa. Agent,
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TAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
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all classes between principal Railroad
Railroad Stations in America at lowest
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ean Steamships.
the British and United States Mails.
and Liverpool, via Queenstown.
d Principal Railroad Ticket Agents
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ers carry no live stock of any kind.
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on Great Britain, Ireland, and the
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TE STAR LINE,
United States and Royal Mail between
Liverpool. For passage apply to Com-
South Clark-st.
AGHAN, Gen'l Western Agent
Great Britain and Ireland.

BLIC NOTICE.

osals for Sewer.
is hereby given that the undersigned,
of the Village of Hyde Park, Cook
ty, will receive up to 4 o'clock p. m. of
day, the 5th day of September, 1882, at the
Village, sealed proposals for furnishing
and laying and constructing a brick
-sewer, with manholes, catch-basins, etc.,
in accordance with the plans and
ifications on file at the office of the Village
sewer to be cylindrical in shape and
inches internal diameter between Lake
and Hyde Park-ave.
said sewer to be made in special
rms drawn against Special Assess-
, to the amount of $30,000, to be issued
ued from all reliability.
proposals must be accompanied with a certified
hundred ($600) dollars, which check
ld till contract is completed.
reserves the right to reject any and all
EDWARD W. HENRICKS,
de Park. Village Cl'rk.

LIC NOTICE
is hereby given that the undersigned,
of Illinois, for the special, estate and
Private, Nervous and Chronic Diseases,
duate of two regular (Allopathic and Eclectic)
will known on the Pacific coast as founder of
Medical Institute, San Francisco, and it is a
for many years he has confined himself to the
of Sexual and Kindred Diseases, thereby giving him
ONG MEN and Middle-Aged
Men. Those who are broken down by the follies
of youthful indiscretions or excesses, Seminal
and Physical Debility, Impotency (sexual
Nervousness, Spermatorrhœa, Exhausted
of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Despond-
the Face, Loss of Energy, and Frequency of
Memory, should consult Dr. Kean before $500 for
Disease that I fail to cure. All busi-
ctly confidential. Medicines packed so as not to
to anyone. If full description of case is given
letter by all cases attended to. Call or address
Dr. KEAN, 189 S. Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.
stamps for circular.

DR. KEAN,
outh Clark-st., Chicago
ality or by mail, free of charge, one
e, or special diseases. Dr. J. Kean
an in the city who warrants cures or
Hrs. 9 to 5 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 12

AMUSEMENTS.

How Hooley's Theatre Looks in Its New Dress.

An Auspicious Opening of the House Last Evening.

Dramatic and Musical Notes Here and Elsewhere.

Reopening of Hooley's Theatre by the Kiralfy "Michael Strogoff" Company.

It was but natural that the Chicago public, to which Mr. Hooley has so long acted in the capacity of amusement caterer, should turn out in full force last evening to the reopening of his theatre, which has been closed for several weeks and undergone a regular transformation. The audience was limited only by the capacity of the house, and the brilliant toilets of the ladies were set off to advantage by the rich colorings of the theatre's interior decorations.

In regard to the improvements which have been made in the house, and of which an extended notice appears elsewhere, it may be said briefly in this place that there is now no prettier theatre in the West, if indeed, in the country, than Hooley's. The attraction last evening, as stated above, was "Michael Strogoff," a spectacle which has been given in this city before under the same management, and in the presentation of this class of amusements the Kiralfys have no superiors. The dramatization of Jules Verne's story affords ample opportunity for the introduction of mechanical and spectacular effects, and this opportunity has been taken advantage of at every point. The battle scene, always popular, is produced with even better effect than on previous occasions, while the ballet is an exceptionally good-looking and well-drilled one, the dancing of De Rosa being as graceful and artistic as ever. "Michael Strogoff" will be continued during the week.

THE DRAMA.

Notes and Announcements.

Gustave Frohman arrived from San Francisco last night.

"Taken from Life" will continue on the boards at McVicker's this week.

Mr. John P. Smith will manage the tour of the Vokes Family the coming season.

Mr. George Thompson will play *Joe Saunders* next season with Aldrich and Parsloe's "My Partner" company No. 2.

Charles Frohman left for New York on Friday, to return by the next departing train—which should bring him into Chicago again tomorrow.

The old-time favorit series of entertainments known as the "Star Course" will this season be revived at Central Music-Hall under Mrs. George B. Carpenter's auspices.

Haverly's Colored Minstrels, who are to consolidate here with Callender's company on the 28th inst., are due at New York today by the steamship Arizona from Liverpool.

Mr. Edward Arnott has been substituted for Mr. Harry Courtaine in the cast of "American Born," which is to be played at the Grand Tuesday evening, Mr. Courtaine being unwell.

Robert Filkins, formerly general representative of Haverly's enterprises, has been engaged in the same capacity for the contemplated consolidation of the Callender and Haverly colored minstrel organizations.

The next volume of the American Actor Series is to be Miss Kate Field's "Charles Albert Fechter." Miss Field's personal reminiscences of the actor as well as her careful study of his powers promise to make this a most entertaining volume.

The latest addition to the Marinorama is a double quartet of jubilee singers, under the direction of Prof. T. S. Boston. A grand benefit for the Russian refugees is announced, under the auspices of Hiller and Herder Lodges, I. O. B. B., in conjunction with Engelhardt's entertainments, on Friday, Aug. 25.

Mrs. John Wood wears three beautiful gowns in "Money" at the Vaudeville, London, in which play she takes the part of *Lady Franklin*. A dinner dress of ruby brocade in the handsomest; a gown of white lace and blue brocade the most graceful; and one of pink moiré and some soft stuff the most becoming.

Louise Raymond, the actress, was thrown from her horse while riding at Saratoga recently, but not seriously hurt. To her personal friends she is Mrs. Hattue P. Ayres, the widow of Charles Wesley Ayres, whose marriage, separation, and death, which all occurred before the honeymoon was over, attracted much attention about a year ago.

Miss Hettie Bernard and Mr. Charles W. Chase were married on Monday last in this city by Justice C. L. Woodman, at the residence of Mr. H. J. Bernard, the father of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Chase are well-known here in dramatic circles, having played in nearly all of the theatres here, and have made Chicago their home for a number of years.

A recent caller on Mr. Harry Bascom in the hospital at Hartford found him cheerful and happy, his general health good, the stumps of his amputated legs entirely healed, and he acquiring proficiency in the use of the artificial feet furnished him from the actors' fund. It is expected that he will be admitted to the Forrest Home, near Philadelphia, before long.

Next Tuesday evening the Baldwin Theatre Company, from San Francisco, will produce at the Grand Opera-House "American Born," an adaptation by Mr. David Belasco of Henry Pettit's new drama. The company includes Miss Ada Vernon, John Dillon, Miss Jean Walters, Mr. M. A. Kennedy, Miss Abbie Pierce, Mr. Harry Courtaine, Miss Nellie Deavres, Mr. George Osborn, and Mr. John Francour.

With a laudable desire to correct the somewhat poor opinion British play-goers pretend to entertain of the American drama and its interpreters, Mr. Charles Backus has resolved to make a tour of London, his brother-in-law, and is now showing cockney admirers of the histrionic art his versatility as an exponent of Shaksperare in many languages. Mr. Backus and his mouth are, or were a short time ago, taking part in the entertainments of the Moore & Burgess Minstrels at St. James' Hall, London.

Abbey had engaged Lionel Brough, the famous comedian, thought in London to be unrivaled as *Tony Lumpkin*, *Touchstone*, and *Blenkinsop*, to support Mrs. Langtry in this country. He was to be paid $500 a week, but, when Mrs. Langtry objected to having his name printed in as big type as hers, he bac ked out. It is just as well for Brough perh aps, for he is an actor and she is a novice, and the chances are that he would have become the real star of the company. His place has been filled by the engagement of James Taylor, a comedian of good parts, now playing a leading character in "Boccaccio" at the London Comedy.

Fred Vokes tells a good story of Tom King, the great tragedy whacker, who bellowed in a round of Shaksperean characters several seasons ago at Robinsons' Opera-House. King was playing the leading part in a blood-and-thunder drama at the time alluded to at the Adelphi Theatre, London. In the last act the villain, Sikes by his own hand, a dagger being the ready instrument, and always placed conspicuously on a table in his prison cell. The curtain lifted and Tom, says Fred, "was discovered behind the bars scraping away with a file in a fruitless endeavor to release himself. Finally in despair he determines to put an end to his own existence, and rushes to the table. Imagine his surprise and consternation when he finds the property-man has forgotten the dagger. 'Ah ha!' said he, 'Foiled at last. Ah ha! I have it. I will not be outwitted so,' and up goes the file to his mouth with a make-believe effort of swallowing. 'Ah ha! I have swallowed the file, and de-eth [death] shall set me f-r-e-e!'"

MUSIC.

Local and Foreign Gossip.

Miss Rose Temple does not go with the Grau & Snyder Opera Company, as reported. As yet she has accepted no offers for next season.

A meeting of the ladies of the May Festival chorus will be held in Fairbank Hall tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, when Mr. Tomlins will submit matters of importance for their consideration.

London *Truth*: "Mr. Solomon, I do not doubt, is a clever musician. His 'Billee Taylor,' now playing at the Gaiety, has considerable merit; but I suppose some one has told the young man that he is a Mozart or a Mendelssohn, and unfortunately he believes it."

A concert will be given in Baum's Pavilion, corner Twenty-second street and Cottage Grove Avenue, this evening, under the direction of Prof. Kerker, who will lead an orchestra of twenty-five pieces. Tomorrow evening the Hyer Sisters' Opera Company will begin a week's engagement.

Manager Neumann, who, with Richter, conducted the recent German operatic performances in London, has been making inquiries as to the outlook for a season of Wagnerian opera in New York. If a subscription of $100,000 for forty performances is guaranteed and a suitable house can be found, the prospects are that his company may appear here after the holidays. So far no suitable theatre has been offered. The Academy is too much occupied by ball-givers in February to allow time for a German season between the two seasons of Italian opera.

Christine Nilsson is at Divonne, a watering-place in the south of France, but will return to England in September to fulfill engagements at Birmingham, Nottingham, Brighton, and other towns. She will give a farewell concert at Albert Hall in London Oct. 12, at which she will have the assistance of Sims Reeves and many well-known artists, and two days later she will sail from Liverpool for New York.

Miss Hope Glenn, the contralto, who is to appear with Nilsson during the coming season, has made her reputation principally in England, where she has been singing for several years. Miss Glenn formerly lived in Chicago, where, before going to Europe, she was a pupil of Mr. Fred W. Root. While abroad she studied with Visrdot and Wartel in Paris, Lamperti in Milan, and Handegger in London. Her voice is said to be remarkable in quality as well as in compass and volume.

Musical circles in the northwestern part of the city are very much interested in the wonderful performances on the violin by Andreas Christian Yttrup, a young Dane, who was born in Skiva, Yuttland, Denmark, in 1855. A Danish paper states that he bought a violin with his first savings, and at the age of 18 years was a pupil in the Danish Musical Conservatory, under Prof. Tafte, remaining there three years. He was given the first diploma and extra honorary mention, and shortly afterwards came to America.

It is announced that the new opera for which Darling, the young composer of "Twelve Jolly Bachelors," is writing the music, is to be called "Don Fllibusto." The words are by Edgar M. Bacon, of the Boston *Advertiser*, and the scene is said to be laid on the Mexican border, and to mix up cowboys, United States cavalry, Spanish dancers, priests, and Indians in picturesque confusion. One scene represents a group of Indians gathered about a camp-fire in a gloomy cañon. The story is called pretty and humorous, and the songs piquant, effective, and full of local color.

THE SCHOOL CENSUS.

An Increase of Nearly 60,000 in Two Years.

The school census, completed yesterday, shows that there are 71,177 more people in Chicago than there were two years ago, not including the 7,000 or 8,000 sailors and others who make their living on the lakes and were on board vessels away from home when the canvassers were at work. It will be remembered that the figures of the Board of Education in 1880 fell some 19,000 behind those of the United States census, as the count this year is believed to be under rather than over the actual population, especially since no estimate was made for the men and women afloat on the lakes.

The total population is 562,693, of whom 321,000 are over 21 years of age, 54,518 between 16 and 21, 100,648 between 6 and 16, and 86,527 under 6.

The ward totals are as follows, as compared with those of the United States census of 1880:

	1882.	1880.
First	14,777	14,760
Second	15,870	20,127
Third	17,960	16,850
Fourth	30,107	28,035
Fifth	50,956	47,403
Sixth	48,551	40,681
Seventh	41,492	37,454
Eighth	38,776	37,105
Ninth	17,526	15,230
Tenth	17,643	15,720
Eleventh	24,854	22,357
Twelfth	31,493	27,896
Thirteenth	24,466	20,853
Fourteenth	58,344	56,467
Fifteenth	32,984	28,751
Sixteenth	25,405	23,777
Seventeenth	27,302	24,089
Eighteenth	27,700	22,269
	562,693	503,053

There are in the North Division 276,993 white males and 56,122 females; total, 333,060. In the South Division, 67,054 males and 64,181 females; total, 131,235. In the West Division, 160,741 males and 150,496 females; total, 311,237. The colored people number 5,812, the South Division totaling 4,267, the West 1,387, and the North 158; and the total Chinamen is 349, distributed thus: North, 140; South, 146; West, 63.

Of those under 21, 47,503 are in the North Division, 22,896 being males and 24,507 females; 53,308 in the South Division, 26,476 males and 26,732 females; and 139,440 in the West Division, 69,871 males and 69,547 females. The colored people under 21 number 1,564. Total, 241,693.

Of those under 16, the South Division has 43,258—21,676 males and 21,582 females; the North Division, 38,911—19,084 males and 19,827 females; and the West Division, 103,745—males 56,814, females 56,931. Colored, 1,271. Total, 197,176.

Of infants under 6, the North Division has 17,019—males 8,097, females 8,922; the South Division, 18,560—males 9,275, females 9,285; and the West Division, 60,367—males 30,036, females 30,331. Colored, 551. Total, 86,527.

Allowing 7,500 for sailors, vessel cooks, etc.—a small estimate—the population is a little over 570,000.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

A Loser.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—A wipes the sweat from his face and says, "I transpire freely this warm weather." He then bets B that his use of the word transpire is correct, according to Webster. Who wins? M——.

Leather Medals for Congress.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Some persons may feel indignant enough to send the Senators and Congressmen who voted for the River and Harbor steal back to the walks of private life. But I feel like rewarding not only those who voted for the bill, but those who left Washington and thus permitted the bill to become a law. In the way I propose to reward these public servants who voted away so many millions which didn't belong to them is to strike off the requisit number of medals, in brass or iron, and give one to each senator and Congressman. Let Nast or some other artist be employed to devise suitable inscriptions for the medals and have them executed as soon as possible—say before any of the macadamized creeks named in the appropriation bill shall have run dry. Let not one faithful Congressman go unrewarded. M.

West Division Railway Annoyances.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—The West Side Street Railway Company do not accommodate people visiting the parks as much as even decency requires. Men, women, and children are buddled, after long waits, into small transfer cars not half large enough to hold the perspiring victims. This cramming process takes away much of the pleasure which should attend a visit to the parks, and many are deterred from going there on Sunday and other days because of the jam to which the car company subjects them. Another thing, the company exacts double fare from those going to Garfield Park who happen to get on a Randolph instead of a Lake street car. These two streets converge a block from the Park, and there is no sense or justice in this petty extortion on the part of so rich a corporation as the West Division Railway Company. B. C.

The Smoke Nuisance.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Why is it that the smoke nuisance cannot be abated on the North Side as well as in other sections of the city? In the vicinity of Chicago avenue and Larrabee street is just the location where the smoke ordinance will do a great deal of good to the North Side, as well as the people who reside in the surrounding dwellings. Shufeldt & Taylor's distillery is the establishment which is the chief offender. All day long nothing but thick, black smoke is issuing from its chimney, full of heavy soot, which very likely comes from burning the worst kind of soft coal. It is annoying to the neighbors, as it prevents them from opening their windows for fear of the smoke issuing in and covering the rooms with black soot. I often hear people ask if the city authorities were taking an everlasting vacation, or if they ever visit the North Side. Now, why cannot the law take its course, and this be prohibited. Furthermore, concerning this establishment, which is a public nuisance, is the buzzing noise from an exhaust steam-pipe located on the roof in the open air. This heartrending and disagreeable noise does not occur alone in the day time, but till late in the night, when the workingmen want their rest, and it also disturbs the public from their slumbers. This exhaust could be made to lead into the river, and thus prevent the annoyance of the public. This ought to be attended to immediately. A NEIGHBOR.

THE NEW ORTHODOXY.

For The Chicago Tribune.

The new religion groweth from the old;
For sinful man has, and must have, a creed,
And while human nature spurns the better deed,
Turning to myths supernal manifold.
But there shall dawn a day of greater worth,
When man shall, far above the mystic sphere,
Discern one law of Truth in all the Earth,
Both new and old pervading everywhere.

O man, wouldst know this law to make thee blest?
Ask not with trembling, "Shall I be forgiven?"
Be true within, and in thy spirit's rest
Find still in Righteousness the hope of Heaven,
Nor ask of men or systems for a cure:
The true shall stand—the just for aye endure!

AUGUST, 1882. C. B. CARTER.

There can be no better citizen than he who gives his city a strictly first-class restaurant. This has been done for Cincinnati by Mr. Ed. Roth, who has enlarged by seventy-five rooms and improved the famous St. Nicholas Hotel.

OUR SOCIETY.

Matrimonial and Other Social Events During the Week.

Lawn Parties, Picnics, Excursions, and Other Pleasure Affairs.

Movements of the Watering-Place Habitues—Personal Gossip, Etc.

Matrimonial.

Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock Miss Julia Weber and Mr. Louis W. Stayart were married in a quiet manner at the Church of the Holy Name, the Rev. Father Conway officiating. The bridesmaids were Miss Annie Weber, Miss Kittie Meara, and Miss Gertie Simon. The attendants of the groom were Messrs. Charles P. Miller, Joseph Hoffman, and P. J. Dohue. At the conclusion of the ceremony the newly-married couple formally received their friends at the residence of the bride's parents, at No. 239 Burling street. The presents were numerous and costly.

Among the quiet and interesting events of the week was the wedding of Mr. F. H. Prince to Miss Marie A. Grenier, which occurred on the 10th inst. The contracting parties left immediately for an extended trip through the East, to be absent till about the 1st of September, after which they will be at home, No. 38 Hammond street.

On Aug. 7, at Atchison, Kas., Miss Virginia Stockton, late of Otero, N. M., and Nicholas Francis Cooke Jr., of Colfax County, New Mexico, were married, the Rev. Peter Kosseus performing the ceremony.

A very pleasant wedding occurred at Frankfort, Ill., Aug. 2, the contracting parties being Miss Emma, only daughter of B. Baumgartner, Esq., of Frankfort, and Mr. Augustus Grunewald, of Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. Grunewald left on the evening train for an extended Eastern trip.

Thursday evening Miss Ella Riehl, daughter of Mrs. George Bernard, of Millington, Ill., and Mr. W. H. Kelly, of Oswego, were married at the bride's home in the presence of none but relatives, the Rev. Dr. Robertson, of Sandwich, performing the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Kelly left on the evening train for their future home in La Salle.

Mr. O. B. Williams and Mrs. J. F. Farnham, of Whitewater, Wis., were quietly married by the Rev. Mr. Sewell last Tuesday morning, and took the train for their wedding tour. On arriving in this city they went at once to the residence of Dr. T. C. Duncan, No. 670 West Monroe street, in the evening, as if in honor of the event. Mrs. Duncan's night-blooming cereus put forth three large elegant blossoms. A large party of friends called to pay their compliments and congratulations.

Last Sunday afternoon Miss Lizzie Moll and Mr. Joseph Teague were quietly married in presence of a few friends and relatives at the residence of the bride's parents, No. 453 Hubbard street, the Rev. Henry G. Perry, of All-Saints' Parish, officiating after the form of the Episcopal Church.

The engagements of Alfred Isaacs and Hannah Nathan and Alexander Levison and Eva Diamond, all this city, are announced.

The betrothal of Alexander Isaacs and Miss Fannie Geider is announced. No cards.

The engagement of Miss Carrie McElroy, eldest daughter of the late Nelson McElroy, to Mr. Joseph P. Cooper, of St. Louis, is announced. The wedding, which will be strictly private, will occur in a few weeks.

General Society.

Thursday last the Oakland Social Circle went into camp at Riverside. The party is composed of the following people: Mrs. Buckley, Mrs. Brown, the Misses Buckley, the Misses Brown, Miss Childs, Miss G. Harding, Miss Donigan, Messrs. H. Rossiter, A. R. Clark, W. G. Clark, P. Buckley, W. Hurlburt, E. Tolman, and H. Downs.

Chapter No. 313 of the Agassiz Association surprised Otto Stein at his home, No. 51 North Sheldon street, Tuesday evening last, it being his birthday. Mrs. Stein and her daughter, Miss Anna, who had adroitly planned a complete surprise for Master Otto, dispensed the hospitalities of the evening with charming grace. It was an event long to be remembered by the young "naturalists."

Master Van Velder Brower, of University Place, entertained some of his little friends Thursday afternoon from 4 until 7, it being the occasion of his fourth birthday.

Wednesday evening a private reception was tendered Miss Mollie E. Mott, teacher of elocution in the high school, Minneapolis, Minn., at the residence of Mr. D. Kendall, No. 221 Thirty-first street. The guests were entertained in a varied program by Prof. Walter C. Lyman, with whom Miss Mott has been studying for several months. Mrs. Lyman and Miss Mott also gave recitations by request.

A party of Chicagoans are sojourning and enjoying the fine fishing and boating at Eagle's Nest, Port Sherman, Ill. The party comprise Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Birmingham, Miss Birmingham, Misses Jo and Grace Reed, Miss A. Morrison, and Miss M. A. Crotty.

The Social Club at the beautiful little suburb of Wilmette gave what they termed "a mid-summer-evening entertainment" at their cozy little hall Friday evening last, under the direction of Prof. J. Prosinger, of Chicago. The company consisted of Miss Emma Crossley, reader; Criterion Opera Company, soprano; Mr. Edward Schultze, the well-known tenor, of Chicago; Miss Kate Geisler, vocalist; Miss Gracie Lloyd, accompanist. An unusually good program was offered, which was crowned with complete success, as testified by the frequent and hearty applause of the large and numerous audience. Prof. Prosinger's playing on the violin, piano, and zither won unqualified praise of his skill. The Social Club, by the way, seems to be a very popular institution, possessing their neat new hall, and, with its handsome furnishings, decorations, etc., is as cozy and comfortable as a parlor.

Personal Mention.

H. D. Chapin and wife are at Nantasket Beech, Mass.

Miss Annie Elton is visiting relatives in Kane, Pa. She will return in about a month.

Mrs. W. Booth and mother have gone for a three months' visit to friends in Dakota.

Mrs. Mary P. Richardson, mother of Congressman D. P. Richardson, of New York, who is now 84 years of age, having been born on Washington's birthday, 1798, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. L. C. Calmer, of No. 2 Wabash avenue.

Mrs. G. A. Hoffman and children left last Thursday for Europe, where they will spend a year visiting friends and relatives.

Miss Lucy Waters, of Rock Island, who has been spending several weeks with her sister, Mrs. T. A. Frey, of this city, will return home tomorrow.

Mrs. J. B. Delbridge, child, and nurse are summering at Camp Collie, Geneva Lake.

Miss Sara Reidy departs for the East on Tuesday next.

Mrs. L. Robinson, teacher of embroidery of the Woman's Exchange, has gone to New York City for new patterns, novelties, etc., and after a brief visit in Ohio she will return about the 1st of September.

Mr. Charles Johnson, of Springfield, Ill., is visiting with friends in Hyde Park.

Messrs. John D. Sherman, John D. Hibbard, and William Hibbard, and the Misses Wait, Hopkins, and Hibbard have departed to spend a couple of weeks in the vicinity of the Manitou Islands.

Mr. D. S. Strong, of Kenwood, left Friday for a two weeks' fishing trip in Northern Maine.

The Rev. Mrs. D. S. Johnson, who has been visiting friends in Hyde Park for the past week, returns to her home in Springfield next week.

Robert Hunter, of Lowell, Ind., has been visiting Grand Crossing the past week.

Prof. J. P. Lauth, of No. 361 North Clark street, has returned to Chicago after a six weeks' tour in the West. He visited the leading cities on the Pacific coast and returned via Arizona, New Mexico, and Texas.

Mrs. W. B. Prettyman and Miss Anna J. Prettyman left last evening for a few weeks' sojourn at Mackinaw and Charlevoix.

Mr. H. L. Macnell, of Los Angeles, Cal., formerly a resident of Chicago, has been spending several days with old acquaintances.

The young folks of Mr. S. B. Chase's family, of Lake View, started Thursday evening for a few weeks' trip to Lake Pepin and other resorts in Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Mrs. H. F. Brooks, Miss Bessie Brooks, and Mrs. L. H. Carpenter are at Geneva Lake for a stay of two weeks.

Miss Mamie Kodick, of Grand Haven, is the guest of J. W. Higman, of No. 3113 Michigan avenue.

Miss Jennie D. Irwin, of Newburg, N. Y., is visiting relatives at No. 106 Walnut street.

Mr. Alfred C. Morse and Miss Morse are spending the summer near Manhattan, Ia.

Prof. C. Gilbert Wheeler returned from a five-months' professional trip in California and Mexico.

Mrs. W. A. Brainard and Miss Kate Greeley left on the propeller Fountain City for a trip to Niagara Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Sherman arrived here Friday morning from an extended trip through California.

Mr. George H. Thayer, Miss Minnie Thayer, and Miss Rose E. Dugan are spending a few weeks at Kilbourn City and the Dells of Wisconsin.

Eugene A. Sittig and family have gone West for a few weeks' recreation.

Miss A. Wagner has gone to Kansas on a month's vacation.

Mrs. Robert Stuart and daughter, of 319 Thirty-second street, are spending the summer at Chautauqua, N. Y.

Misses Allie and Jennie Barbour are visiting relatives at St. Charles.

Miss H. Imogene Steele is visiting friends at Geneva Lake.

Maj. W. A. Wendover, of Lexington, Ky., is spending the summer in Chicago, and is a guest at the Palmer House.

Edgar Williamson, who has made a tour of the Continent, has returned to his home in this city.

Capt. Jewett Wilcox, his wife, and daughter are at Lake Minnetonka.

Dr. James Tucker has returned from Traverse City.

Mrs. Ferrie A. McCune, of Kansas City, who is on a pleasure trip to the resorts of Minnesota, is the guest of the Misses Aggie and Belle McAllister, No. 445 West Jackson street.

Miss May Edwards, of Aurora, is visiting Miss Jennie Underwood, of Vernon avenue.

Miss Hattie Albright has returned from the East.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel T. Smith, of Kansas City, will reach this city this morning on their return from Eastern resorts. They will remain in Chicago a few days, the guests of Mrs. Charles H. Foster, No. 761 West Jackson street, and Mrs. George H. Taylor, of Ashland avenue.

Mrs. Edward Beattie, of the North Side, leaves this week for the seashore resorts and the White Mountains.

Mrs. Dr. Joseph Haven is spending the summer at Charlevoix and Mackinaw.

Mrs. Florence Peck, of Galva, Ill., is visiting her cousin, Mrs. C. H. Tebbetts, No. 2124 Indiana avenue.

Mrs. E. Cook, of No. 2309 Indiana avenue, who has been visiting her daughter in Montana Territory, returned home last week.

A small party consisting of Mrs. C. H. Thayer and daughter Florence, Miss Mamie Sawyer, Miss Mae Dean, and Messrs. C. A. and W. H. Thayer, left yesterday for Lakeside, to be absent a few weeks on a pleasure trip.

Mr. H. G. Bird, of the Chicago & Grand Trunk Railway, has just returned from Long Branch and Point Pleasant, N. J. The catch of bluefish at the latter place has been unusually large this season, affording rare sport for the guests at the Ocean House. Mrs. Bird and daughter have now gone to the Catskill Mountains.

Senator F. C. De Lang is at Waukesha, and Miss Charlotte De Lang is spending her vacation at Geneva Lake.

Mr. Thomas S. Sollitt, of No. 137 South Green street, has been visiting relatives in Michigan for the past two weeks.

Misses Lena Addison and Miss May Garner will spend their vacation at Grant Park.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Plumsted and Miss Plumsted are spending August at Lake Minnetonka.

Judge Smith and family, H. C. Barlow, of the Lake Shore Road, and family, and Miss Nellie Nye are enjoying a trip to St. Paul and points of interest in Northern Wisconsin.

Miss Mae W. Lester, of No. 3024 Michigan avenue, in company with Miss Mamie and Jessie Robinson, left last week on an excursion to Green Bay and other resorts on the Upper Lakes.

Latest New York Modes.

New York Evening Post.

Pale maize-yellow is more fashionable than old gold.

The short apron-front overskirt is seen upon new French dresses.

Pointed silk gauze jabots, reaching from the throat to the belt, are novel and dressy.

Faille has completely regained its former popularity—its pliability and softness adapting itself to every style of trimming, as well as to the skirt and bodice themselves.

Artistic jewelry of antique silver, quaintly chased, is very fashionably worn, and silver chatelaines in the moyen-age style are much sought after, as are also brooches, lace-pins, and agrafes of the same description.

Basques with crenelated edges are greatly in favor with many leading modistes, and they admit of a great variety of style. Some have a fall of lace or a kilting under the tabs, others have the square pieces piped and lined with a deeper shade or a contrasting color and fabric.

Stylish young ladies with evening dress twine row after row of pearl or iridescent beads around their dainty throats, until one might take them for ladies of quality in islands barbaric—in the land of the Fiji. Some of these beads are very grotesque in shape and design, and the more so the better in present estimation.

Very large, oddly-colored Oriental handkerchiefs of silk, to be had only at leading houses, are worn with lawn-tennis and other outdoor costumes. They have mostly self-colored backgrounds, with brocaded designs in bright contrasting colors of gold, white, scarlet, orange, and very dark green intermingling in the brocaded pattern in entirely new devices, and all in high art shades.

Some of the latest imported pattern dresses of white nainsook, batiste, or organdie have extremely elegant embroideries edging the deep flounces to the depth of ten or twelve inches, with narrow ruffles and bands for trimming, and a solid embroidered piece for the waist and sleeves. These goods are manufactured in Switzerland, and the exquisit designs wrought upon them resemble very nearly the finest patterns of Honiton, Irish point, guipure, old Venetian point, cart-wheel open-work, and a great variety of purely floral designs.

The "Emerson" corset, introduced by Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, and now adopted by many ladies, although highly unique and artistic, cannot be worn with any degree of ease or grace, and all inclined to stoutness or very stout person would be a ridiculous object to behold in a dress which fails in heavy unbroken folds from a yoke over the shoulders to the hem of the garment—this style being fastened all the way down the back, from the neck to the foot of the skirt—and devoid of a line or a curve to mark the outline of the figure.

The gauzes, grenadines, and other elegant transparent fabrics introduced this season are legion. The damassé and velvet brochè gauzes make most attractive toilets, especially when trimmed with a profusion of jet and lace. Grenadines with broad satin stripes, trimmed with satin sash and bows and long, graceful loop of satin ribbon, plain sewing-silk grenadines over plain silk or much the same, are very fashionable, and admit of much variety of style and trimming. These cool-looking fabrics, and the charming wash-dresses in their myriad varieties, constitute the most becoming and suitable of summer dresses.

There was a stylish costume worn at Manhattan Beach not long since. The skirt was made of finely checked woolen fabric, having a trimming a double box-plaited flounce half a yard deep, above which was an extremely long-pointed apron tunic caught up on either side quite to the hips, and held by seven very long, floating ends of satin ribbon; the drapery then fell in straight folds in the back. The check was a mixed one—a sort of greenish-gray and gold—yet it harmonized well with a sacque jacket worn above it. It was unique in one respect: the basque was cut excessively short, certainly not more than eight inches in length, and was cut up to the belt in very long points, nicely bound with silk braid and finished down the front with tiny buttons of sage-green, gold, and blue enamel. The Gypsy hat was of straw of the same green-gray tint, with a navy-blue silk facing above it. The sleeves were of the basque silk, and trimmed with surah a darker shade than the hat, and pale-gold plumes.

Rowing costumes are getting to be in lively demand. The ladies were ever fond of this manful pastime, and some of the latest models are startling indeed. Witness a costume with a skirt of cream-white vigogne, with a Jersey body of vermilion-colored stockinet, broad Tuscan yellow sailor hat, trimmed with bright red band and bow of satin. Another dress shows a skirt of fierce-colored cloth of cardinal, heavily belted, not tied, around the waist, and a "smuggler's" hat of cardinal straw, trimmed all around the crown with silk pompons. Striped jerseys are also worn by women who row. Some of these stripes are narrow and unobtrusive, others

WANTED—MALE HELP.

BOOKKEEPERS, CLERKS, &C.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENTS' furnishing salesman. One thoroughly posted in the business. Must furnish A 1 references in the city. Steady position and pay according to knowledge and ability. "LONE STAR" SHIRT CO., 205, 207, and 207 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS CLERK in broker's office; must write neatly; short hours; state salary wanted. R 82, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper with some experience in bookkeeping; must write a good hand and correct at figures. Address R 56, Tribune office.

WANTED—SALESMAN—YOUNG MAN, 18 to 20 years of age; one with some knowledge of gents' furnishing goods; permanent place. Apply at once to K. JENKINS & CO., 267 West Madison.

WANTED—SMART, ACTIVE YOUNG man in a lumber office to learn business. High-School graduate preferred. R 44, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN OFFICE BOY 15 TO 18 years old, who writes well and resides with parents. Address Q 66, Tribune office.

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN CLERK for a grocery store. Call Sunday morning and Monday at 357 Division-st.

WANTED—A SHORTHAND WRITER for railroad office correspondence; young man preferred. Address P 41, Tribune office, in own writing, stating age and experience.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY QUALified pharmacist; graduate preferred; must be German; give reference, age, and length of time in business. Address O 13, Tribune office.

WANTED—SALESMAN—PERMANENT situation. Address S 121, Tribune office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO WORK in a wholesale office; must be a good writer and come well recommended. Address, with reference, T. T., 609 West Adams-st. No attention to personal applications.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPER; ONE that is competent to keep full set of double entry books; must show good recommendations. Address, in own handwriting, W. Beloit, Wis.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SHORThand man or woman as correspondent in a grain office; must operate the typewriter. Address F. H. PEABODY & CO., Sioux City, Iowa, inclosing references and stating salary expected.

WANTED—BOOT AND SHOE SALESman by wholesale house; one thoroughly posted in retail business preferred. References required. 122 Fifth-av.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN IN A DRUG store with experience. Apply immediately. 522 West Madison-st.

WANTED—DOUBLE-ENTRY BOOKkeeper, competent, and of undoubted integrity. Address R 69, Tribune office.

WANTED—TWO SALESMEN FOR RETail ladies' furnishing store in St. Paul, Minn.; young men, first-class salesmen, good address, and best of city references required. Liberal salary to right men. Address P 8, Tribune office.

WANTED A YOUNG MAN IN AN insurance office; must write well. Address W, in own hand-writing, care Carrier No. 37.

WANTED—A DRUG CLERK BY SEPT. 1; German-speaking preferred. State age, experience, and reference. Address Q 109, Tribune.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE AND RELIAble young man or clerk; liberal salary for the right one. Address O 58, Tribune office.

WANTED A FIRST-CLASS ENTRY clerk; good writer, and quick and accurate at figures. Address, with references, P 51, Tribune.

WANTED—BY AN ESTABLISHED real-estate firm a young man as collector and copyist; must be a good penman, a ready and systematic. Address in own handwriting, giving references and stating salary required. P 38, Tribune.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN ABOUT 16 years of age with some office experience, and who writes a neat hand. Address O 36, Tribune office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF 20 TO 22 years, as entry and bill-clerk in a manufacturing establishment; must be a good penman and quick and accurate at figures. Address, stating age and salary expected, with references, Q 91, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN A 1 SALESMAN, TO sell knit goods to the Western jobbing trade. Only one acquainted with the trade and with first-class references need apply. Address Q 42, Tribune office, giving references.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS SHORThand and type writer. Give references as to character and habits, and state salary required. Address Q 24, Tribune office.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF GOOD penmanship and correct habits for work in office. Give references and state salary expected. Address Q 21, Tribune office.

WANTED—A SHORTHAND WRITER in General Freight Agent's office. Address O 45, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED RE-tail glove salesman. Address Q 82, Tribune.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MEN'S furnishing goods salesman. Address Q 83, Tribune office.

WANTED—OFFICE BOY NOT OVER 16 years of age; must be smart and active. Address in own handwriting with references, Q 74, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN EXERIENCED MAN to keep books and handle the cash in a wholesale house. Must furnish satisfactory evidence of honesty and ability. Salary will be made commensurate with the position. Q 71, Tribune office.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPERS, SALESmen, clerks and assistants. For particulars apply Monday. Suite 4, 116 East Randolph-st.

WANTED—ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPer for a wholesale house. Must have experience and be able to furnish good reference. Address, with above, Q 65, Tribune office.

WANTED—WHOLESALE BOOT AND shoe bookkeeper. Address S 18, Tribune.

WANTED—AN HONEST AND RElable young man; must be good penman and have some knowledge of bookkeeping. State references and salary expected. Address R 34, Tribune.

TRADES.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY — ONE first-class carriage painter that is a good body-finisher as well as striper, to whom good wages will be paid and steady employment. Inquire of C. F. PEABODY & CO., Sioux City, Iowa, inclosing references and stating salary expected.

WANTED—GOOD SIGN-WRITER AND dead-wall letterer. Cross Wood Printing Co., corner Lake and Peoria-sts.

WANTED—BOOKBINDERS — GENERal workmen, at A. J. COX & CO.'S, No. 144 Monroe-st.

WANTED—BOOKBINDERS—BOYS TO work in bindery; those having experience preferred. A. COX & CO., 144 Monroe-st.

WANTED — BOOKBINDER, CLOTH case maker, at A. J. COX & CO.'S, No. 144 Monroe-st.

WANTED—BOOKBINDER—MAN TO run cutting machine, at A. J. COX & CO.'S, No. 144 Monroe-st.

WANTED—GARDENER; COMPETENT widow and industrious, with wife and not more than one child, to take charge of gentleman's summer residence near Chicago. Address P 18, Tribune.

WANTED—FORWARDER AND FINisher in a large bindery in a Western city; steady situation. References required. Address Q 97, Tribune office.

WANTED—MACHINIST — A FIRST-class lathe-hand, at 114 North Market-st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WATCHmaker who is willing to go to Mississippi. Apply to Enoch Lamb or old watch, cor. Clark and Lake-sts.

WANTED—2 GOOD STARCH WORKers; steady work; good wages. BUNTE BROS. & SPOERRI, 81 and 83 Market-st.

WANTED—3 FIRST-CLASS WOOD patternmakers. Apply at McCormick Reaper Works.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BARBER, one that can give good references. Good wages and steady employment. Address O. E. THOMAS, Grand Forks, D. T.

WANTED—FOUR GOOD WATCHMAKers. Apply with references to BENJ. ALLEN & CO., 167 and 169 State-st., city.

WANTED—FOREMAN IN BOOT AND shoe factory. Good salary to the right man. Apply with references at 157 Fifth-av.

WANTED—MONDAY MORNING, TWO No. 1 job printers. CAMERON, AMBERG & CO.

WANTED—A YOUNG PRINTER FOR composition and presswork in a wholesale merchandise house. Apply by letter, stating previous experience, to Tribune office.

WANTED—6 EXPERIENCED JEWELers, immediately, at 183 State-st. O. ENGEBRIGTSON.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED AND SObar brass molder; one who understands mixing and melting metals. E. T. HARRIS & CO., 107 West Monroe-st.

WANTED—A FEW GOOD SOLDERers. NORTON BROS., 40 to 46 River-st.

WANTED—A JOB PRINTER AND pressman. Call Sunday at 1520 State-st.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED PAPERbox makers at 57 West Lake-st.

WANTED—CARRIAGE WOOD WORK; or a good man; also one blacksmith helper; steady work for the right men. 493 West Indiana-st.

WANTED—A BUTCHER, A SINGLE man. 3231 Cottage Grove-av.

WANTED—TEN CARPENTERS MONday morning. HARVEY, 84 and 86 State-st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS TINsmith at 128 Sixteenth-st. L. BERIGEN.

WANTED—A GOOD TIN ROOFER. 22 Thirty-first-st.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS CYLINDER Monday morning. DECK BR. BROS.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS CYLINDER pressmen. PICTORIAL PRINTING CO. Meet in Monday morning.

COACHMEN, TEAMSTERS, &C.

WANTED—DRIVER, GERMAN WHO can speak English; one speaking French preferred. Call at 2162 South Canal-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES.

WANTED—300 RAILROAD LABORers for Wisconsin and Michigan; wages $1.75 per day; free fare and long job; also 500 laborers for Iowa & Illinois Company work at $1.50; also saw-mill, farm hands, and choppers, $1 for Minnesota; $2 per day. CHRISTIAN & CO., 358 South Water and 105 East Kinzie-st.

WANTED—THE CANADIAN PACIFIC Railway wants 1,000 laborers for work on the 250 miles west of Winnipeg; Government work; wages $1.60; board $4; fare only $5. Apply for transportation at OSCAR ANDERBILT'S, 8 N. Canal-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS, GENTLEmanly business-man, with energy and snap, to explain a new thing to business houses in the principal cities in America. Nothing to sell, and only six ounces to carry and explain. It is an entire new thing and sweeping in its success here in Chicago, where it is being handled by the best solicitor in this country, who would drill a good fellow a few days; $100 a week cash will be paid to a person averaging same success as the Chicago agent, or pro rata. Address Q 9, Tribune office.

WANTED—COFFEE SALESMAN; first-class man by a Philadelphia house for Chicago and vicinity. Address, in strict confidence, F. SUTTON & CO., 120 South Front-st., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—BY A LARGE, ESTABlished Chicago cigar manufacturing firm, several traveling salesmen through different States to represent our goods on commission in connection with theirs. Unquestionable references required, and only those having trade among druggists and grocers need apply. Address O 7, Tribune office.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED ADVERtisement solicitor on our trade publications. A. C. FARLEY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMAN visiting the drug trade to sell a specialty on commission; small sample, large commission. Call or address W. B. BARKER, 243 Lake-st., second floor.

WANTED—I WISH TO EMPLOY A good business-man at a fair salary; one that can loan me $2,000 for six months. Address Q 55, Tribune office.

WANTED—SMART YOUNG MAN TO work in real estate business who has $200 ready cash; rare chance. 184 Clark-st., Room 48.

WANTED—A COLORED MAN THAT understands the care of horses and will make himself useful around the house; good wages and steady employment. Must bring good reference. Inquire at 271 Franklin-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS CITY reporter in mercantile agency; also a bright boy 17 to 20 years of age to work in office. Address Q 63, Tribune office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS MAN IN every respect who can command influence and trade to introduce a new brand of flour in this market; must give satisfactory references and have experience. Address Q 35, Tribune office.

WANTED—IN WHOLESALE HARDware house, a boy 16 to 18 years of age to learn the business; one living with parents preferred; must be smart, energetic, and in every way reliable. Address in own hand-writing, with references, O 34, Tribune office.

WANTED—GOOD OFFICE BOY AND a man to run a delivery-wagon for a wholesale house; both must have practical experience. Address Q 51, Tribune office.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMAN, clerk, timekeeper, bookkeeper, watchman, bartender, and telegraph operator. 149 East Monroe-st., Room 3, up-stairs.

WANTED—A MAN ACQUAINTED with the city cigar trade for our wagon; a good chance for the right man. Address with references RUDOLF SMIDERT, 188 South Clark-st.

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WANTED—MEN TO SELL PRESSED frame chromos, packages, new novelties, etc. Agents and peddlers wanted. J. M. MOODY, 256 Wabash-av.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN 18 OR 20 years of age, fair education, genteel in appearance, honest, who wants to learn a good business to such a man I will give a good position. One living with parents or with his parents preferred. Address Q 30, Tribune office.

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WANTED—A GOOD POSITION TO the right man. Apply at 2125 Indiana-av.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

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WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a small private family. Call at 63 Grove-court. Take Lincoln-av., Webster-av., or Larrabee-st. cars.

WANTED—A GERMAN, SWEDISH, or Norwegian girl for general housework in family of three at 326 Ellis-av. Must be experienced.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SERVant girl to do general housework in a family of two or three adults only. Apply at 3530 Langley-av., corner Thirty-eighth-st.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 620 Sedgwick-st., near Centre.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework; small family. 359 East Indiana-st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR LAUNdry and second work; must be first-class laundress. Reference required. Call at 2455 Indiana-av.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT GIRL who is a first-class laundress and cook for general housework in family of two. Call Monday at 369 Cass-st., upper flat.

WANTED—GOOD COMPETENT SECond girl and waitress. Inquire Monday at 2359 South Park-av., corner Twenty-fourth-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT, RELIAble girl to do general housework in small family of adults. Call at 3126 Indiana-av.

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WANTED—AT 1635 MICHIGAN-AV., a good cook and laundress in small family; good wages.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS PASTRY and meat cook to go to a thriving town in Dakota. Good references required. Call, between 10 and 2 o'clock Saturday and Monday, Aug. 12 and 14, at 238 South Leavitt-st.

WANTED—GERMAN GIRL IN SMALL family; must be good cook and laundress; good wages paid. Apply at 271 East Oak-st.

WANTED—A WOMAN CAPABLE OF taking charge of household affairs in every particular; must be a good cook and willing to work; one capable of receiving instruction and cheerfully following the same a necessity; to the right one a good home assured, and fair wages; family small; living in a close suburb. Address, with full particulars of yourself, R 25, Tribune office.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. 350 North La Salle-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO work on dining-room floor; must be a first-class waitress; private boarding-house. Apply 71 Rush-st.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 3310 Forest-av.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at Oak Park, four miles from city. A competent girl with references. Wages $4. Apply in Room 52 Clifton House, corner Wabash-av. and Monroe-st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Call at 3027 Wabash-av. today.

WANTED—AN EXCELLENT COOK and laundress in a small private family; German or Scandinavian preferred. Apply Monday morning at 1922 Michigan-av.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND GIRL and to assist in care of children. 2806 Calumet-av.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK and laundress, German preferred. Call Monday at 457 Warren-av.

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT. Must be a good, plain cook, washer, and ironer. Family small. 715 West Washington-st.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; call Monday. 2624 Calumet-av.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK AND housemaid. Must have good references. 4013 Ellis-av.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 338 West Madison-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO do general housework. References required. Call at 661 Monroe-st. Monday morning.

WANTED—A GOOD, STRONG GIRL to do general housework. Must be good cook and laundress. Apply at once. 572 Oak-st.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework—German or Swede preferred—with good reference, at 343 Park-av.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework with references. 4831 Indiana-av

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 3231 Cottage Grove-av.

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WANTED — A COMPETENT LAUNdress; private family; 3460 South Park-av.

WANTED — LAUNDRESS — TO DO general washing by the dozen. Call Monday morning at 2125 Indiana-av.

WANTED—SHIRT IRONERS AND starchers at WHELAN'S Laundry, cor. Harmon-court and State-st.

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WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

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WANTED — A FIRST-CLASS COOK, washer, and ironer, with references. Call Monday morning at 2420 Michigan-av.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED, COMPEtent cook and good laundress. None but those capable of filling such place need apply. Call Sunday and Monday. Best references required. 3424 Calumet-av.

WANTED—AT 4235 EVANS-AV.—A good girl for general housework in a family of four.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in family of two adults, where it is being handled by the best solicitor in this country, who would drill a good fellow a few days; $100 a week cash will be paid to a person averaging same success as the Chicago agent, or pro rata. Address Q 9, Tribune office.

WANTED—COFFEE SALESMAN; first-class man by a Philadelphia house for Chicago and vicinity. Address, in strict confidence, F. SUTTON & CO., 120 South Front-st., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—BY A LARGE, ESTABlished Chicago cigar manufacturing firm, several traveling salesmen through different States to represent our goods on commission in connection with theirs. Unquestionable references required, and only those having trade among druggists and grocers need apply. Address O 7, Tribune office.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED ADVERtisement solicitor on our trade publications. A. C. FARLEY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMAN visiting the drug trade to sell a specialty on commission; small sample, large commission. Call or address W. B. BARKER, 243 Lake-st., second floor.

WANTED—I WISH TO EMPLOY A good business-man at a fair salary; one that can loan me $2,000 for six months. Address Q 55, Tribune office.

WANTED—SMART YOUNG MAN TO work in real estate business who has $200 ready cash; rare chance. 184 Clark-st., Room 48.

WANTED—A COLORED MAN THAT understands the care of horses and will make himself useful around the house; good wages and steady employment. Must bring good reference. Inquire at 271 Franklin-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS CITY reporter in mercantile agency; also a bright boy 17 to 20 years of age to work in office. Address Q 63, Tribune office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS MAN IN every respect who can command influence and trade to introduce a new brand of flour in this market; must give satisfactory references and have experience. Address Q 35, Tribune office.

WANTED—IN WHOLESALE HARDware house, a boy 16 to 18 years of age to learn the business; one living with parents preferred; must be smart, energetic, and in every way reliable. Address in own hand-writing, with references, O 34, Tribune office.

WANTED—GOOD OFFICE BOY AND a man to run a delivery-wagon for a wholesale house; both must have practical experience. Address Q 51, Tribune office.

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WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

MILLINERS.

WANTED—GOOD TRIMMERS WHO understand the business thoroughly and have long experience at a State-st. establishment. Address P 90, Tribune office.

WANTED—GIRLS TO MAKE VELVET hats; only experienced hands need apply. T. B. SMITH, 50 East Madison-st.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS MILLINER for Topeka, Kas. Inquire Monday, at ASCHER, BARNARD & CO.'S, 138 Wabash-av.

DRESSMAKERS.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER TO TAKE pay in dentistry. Address P 71, Tribune office.

WANTED—DRESSMAKERS AND seamstresses to know that owing to the great rush of people wishing to learn French cutting Mrs. Livingston will remain one week longer at the Palmer House, Room 623. Ladies fitted to fill high positions as cutters and fitters

ATIONS—FEMALE.

DRESSMAKERS.

N WANTED—A FRENCH from New York desires work in fam- dy in leading house. P 10, Tribune.

N WANTED—MRS. FROST, loakmaker, has returned to the city, to make engagements for the season ay or week. Any communications ad- st 78 Lincoln-av. will receive prompt

N WANTED — A NEAT, ishes a chance to learn dressmaking dress Q 34, Tribune office.

N WANTED—MME. WOOD- dressmaker, recently arrived in Chi- t by the day at reasonable rates. 63 first flat.

N WANTED — A DRESS- s a few more customers to work for ting and fitting a specialty; prices ress 403 West Van Buren-st.

N WANTED—DRESSMAKER 981 Madison-st. wishes a few more for. Perfect style and fit guaranteed.

N WANTED—BY A GOOD r will work on children's clothes at 81 O F 83, Tribune office.

N WANTED — DRESSMAK- lies by first-class dressmaker; West only; 48 per week. P 7, Tribune.

N WANTED—BY A COM- ssmaker; first-class cutter and fitter. 45 West Lake-st.

SEAMSTRESSES.

N WANTED—BY A YOUNG sewing or housework in small family. reference.

N WANTED—BY AN EX- amstress and dressmaker, work in or week; children's clothes a specia- nable. Reference. R 18, Tribune.

N WANTED — A COMPE- ress would like sewing by the day or references. Call or or address 38AM- on Lexington-av.

N WANTED—BY A COM- mstress; a good hand on children's and fit dresses; terms $1 per day. Call nts-st.

N WANTED—A COMPE- ress desires sewing in private fam- 111 South Ashland-av.

N WANTED—BY A YOUNG mstress in a private family. Call or nts-st.

HOUSEKEEPERS.

N WANTED — AS HOUSE- young woman of experience and abil- y family. Call or address 45 Peck-

N WANTED—BY INTELLI- e housekeeper; is good seamstress; towards children. Call at 81 Henry.

N WANTED—BY A LADY, housekeeper in a hotel or large eences satisfactory. Address

N WANTED—BY A RESPECT- keeper in a private family, or lady. References exchanged. s of Charity, 239 Maxwell-st.

N WANTED—BY A YOUNG housekeeper. Address R 23, Tribune.

LOYMENT AGENCIES.

NS WANTED—FOR GOOD scandinavian girls, all kinds of work. 75 East Randolph-st.

N WANTED — FAMILIES ndinavian and German female USKE'S, 158 North Halsted-st.

NS WANTED — FAMILIES, rnished; help of all nationalities, ery references. Girls boarded. 183 W. Adams.

MISCELLANEOUS.

N WANTED—BY A GIRL 17 cashier in a store has had three references given. Call or address up-stairs.

ANTED—BY A YOUNG plain, rapid hand to do copying . Z., 207 State-st., Flat 21.

ANTED—BY A YOUNG at home as cashier or assistant in an . P 15, Tribune office.

N WANTED—BY A YOUNG ly married, as governess to take erences exchanged. Inquire at

N WANTED — CHEAP — GOOD BOOK- case and office desk combined. Address S 17 Tribune office.

N WANTED—A NICE COUCH OR SOFA of modern style and one or two easy chairs. Address Q 44, Tribune office.

20 PER CENT SAVED DURING AU- gust on furniture, carpets and household goods. Easy payments. Empire Parlor Bedstead Co., 383 West Madison-st.

20 FIRST-CLASS OIL STOVES WITH ovens at 16 each, worth $12. SEAVEY & CO., 49 State-st.

500 YARDS SECOND-HAND 3-PLY carpets in lots to suit, cheap; also one good buggy harness, at 295 Madison-st.

1230 WABASH-AV.—ENTIRE FUR- niture of house for sale, with privilege of lease. Selling on account of sickness.

PARTNERS WANTED.

A MIDDLE-AGED LADY WITH A good paying business, alone, without friends, wishes a gentleman for partner or to buy her out. Call or address MRS. JOHNSON, 3705 Cottage Grove-av., up-stairs.

PARTNER WANTED TO TAKE IN- terest of retiring partner in large, established, paying teaming and transfer business. Best outfit in city. Valued at $10,000. No trading. Part only of capital required. Giving up business. Liberal time on balance. One capable of attending to office and collections. Remaining partner thoroughly practical outside man. Rare opportunity for right man. No objection given except to those giving full name, banking business, and who can furnish the best of reference. Address for ten days P 6, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—TO ASSIST IN buying one of the best and cheapest cattle- ranches in Texas. Please investigate. M 99, Tribune.

PARTNER WANTED—THE REPRE- sentative of several English and foreign manufacturers, who has established a connection with the trade in Chicago, wants an active partner with $5,000 or $10,000. Address O 39, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH A FEW hundred dollars (either gentleman or lady) to take an interest in the best dramatic company on the road. DOLAN & KNOWLES, 146 East Madison-st.

PARTNER WANTED — A PARTY wishing to invest $10,000 as special partner in very profitable manufacturing business may have an opportunity by addressing R 9, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—INVESTIGATE this—A lady or gentleman with from $300 to $1,000 to invest in a safe business—light manufacturing—an clear $150 per month; nice, light business. Address O H 95, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH FROM $1,000 to $10,000 to buy selling partner's interest in well-established staple woodworking factory; increasing solicited. Address P 88, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $3,000 capital, must be responsible, in a safe and sure business; to such a party a good opportunity. Address R 42, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $5,000 OR $10,000 to establish a new light manufacturing business with new and practical invention; no competition. Address P 75, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—$700—MANUFACturing business that you can clear $300 into January; no competition; stand strict investigation. 8 Sherman-st., room 5.

PARTNER WANTED WITH $1,000 cash to take a half interest in an established real estate office; cleared big money last year. DOLAN & KNOWLES, 146 East Madison-st.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $1,000 IN legitimate paying business; more than one can attend to; investigate. Address O 68, Tribune.

PARTNERSHIP WANTED—BUSINESS- man has $50,000 (with services) to invest in a legitimate paying business. Address, for interview, Q 67, Tribune office.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH $3,000 to join experienced hardware man with established trade in buying out old established hardware store in good location. O 38, Tribune office.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, A partner with $2,500 to start restaurant and tea-room; a rare business entirely new here; guarantees $2,000 net profit per annum. Address O 28, Tribune office.

WANTED—PARTNER—ACTIVE OR silent, with $1,000 to $1,500, in well-established manufacturing business; staple goods, unlimited demand; present partner retiring on account of sickness. Address R 49, Tribune office.

WANTED—PARTNER—TO HELP ES- tablish business in St. Paul; sure to pay $2,000 yearly; cash $500 required. Address P 63, Tribune.

WANTED—PARTNER IN A GOOD drug-store in Northwestern Iowa. An exceptional opportunity for a man with $1,200 to $1,500 to invest. For address apply to MORRISON, PLUMMER & CO., 33 and 34 Lake-st., Chicago.

WANTED—A PARTNER WHO WILL advance funds to place in operation the latest and best smoke burner in the market; have 5 orders now. Address R 14, Tribune office.

WANTED—LIVE, RELIABLE PART- ner for strictly cash business, paying liberally; will bear most rigid examination solicited; fully explained in other business; $400 cash, $900 from one interested. International Bureau, 353 Wabash-av.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, &c.

FOR SALE—A NEW GOLD-FILLED, 20-guage, fancy-engraved, stem winder and setter, hunting-movement watch; $25. A bargain. Address for 3 days, R 42, Tribune office.

CASTS HAVE YOUR DIAMONDS SET by A. LOUDERBACK, the diamond setter, in such a manner as to show to the best advantage and warrant them. Call at work-rooms, 39 Madison-st., second floor.

LADIES HAVE YOUR DIAMONDS set by A. LOUDERBACK, the diamond setter, in such a manner that they are stylish and secure. 39 Madison-st., second floor, over Buck & Rayner's

TH EACH—PIANO AND VO- Removed from Farwell Hall to 128 st., Rooms 35 and 36.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

A FACT—

THE UNION FURNITURE COMPANY,

353 AND 355 MADISON-ST.,

SELL ALL KINDS OF

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

ON EASY PAYMENTS

AT CASH PRICES.

Provided the payments are made in reasonable time. This gives good parties the benefit of easy payments

WITHOUT EXORBITANT PRICES.

We refer with pleasure to our customers scattered all over the city as to

OUR STOCK, OUR PRICES, OUR TERMS,

and our treatment of our patrons.

If you are needing furniture, carpets, crockery, stoves, or anything in the line of HOUSEHOLD GOODS, we can please you to your taste, your judgment, and your pocketbook. UNION FURNITURE COMPANY, 353 and 355 West Madison-st. Open Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday evenings.

AT THE

WEST END FURNISHING HOUSE,

258 AND 260 WEST MADISON-ST.,

SPECIAL BARGAINS THIS ONE WEEK.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES,

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,

WARDROBES, BOOKCASES, FOLDING-BEDS,

in fact, anything to furnish a house complete.

CHAMBER SUITS $20 TO $65.

PARLOR SUITS $30 TO $65.

ALL GOODS REDUCED IN PRICE FOR ONE WEEK FROM SEPT. 25 TEN PER CENT FOR CASH.

OR EASY PAYMENTS.

NOTICE—NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.

NO EXTRA CHARGE TO PARTIES BUYING GOODS ON EASY PAYMENTS.

REMEMBER AND NOTE THE ADDRESS,

258 TO 260 WEST MADISON-ST.

F. COGSWELL.

ARTISTIC FURNITURE.—

THE HOME FURNITURE CO.,

50 West Madison-st.

Exhibit novelties of rare beauty and excellence in window and reception chairs, patent rockers, easels, lounges, and folding-beds; also new and unique designs in library and parlor tables, together with a large and complete stock of standard household goods, at the lowest possible prices consistent with their high standard of material and workmanship. Inspection solicited.

SHERMAN, GANSON & CO.,

Madison-st. and Ogden-av.

FOR SALE — NEW MARBLE TOP chamber-set, 3 cane-bottom chairs, 1 rocker, 12 yards ingrain carpet; will sell very cheap; also the room for rent. Call at 3417 Indiana-av.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNIture, carpets, and kitchenware at a reasonable price; house, 3 rooms, to rent; in good location. Address O 8 6, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID RED PLUSH parlor sets, seven pieces, as good as new; black easy chair, carpets, bedstead, crockery, etc. Call at 39 State-st., in store. Giving up housekeeping.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—PARLOR SET, 7 pieces, wing colored plush puffings, hand carved. Cost year ago $125. 77 Centre-av.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE OF 6 ROOMS complete for housekeeping, cheap. Address O 65, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AT ONCE, NEW MARBLE- top chamber set, 25 yards carpet, oil stove, centre-table, basement door 154 South Loomis-av.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE AND lease of marble front; 11 rooms; on avenue, below Fourteenth-st. Q 60, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FLAT OF 5 ROOMS, FURnished only four weeks; all new furniture and wood order; also room to rent for man and wife. Address O 5, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE AND LEASE of a 12-room house in fine location on Dearborn-av. within ten minutes' walk of centre of business. Reason for selling: Parties wish to leave the city. Address Q 3, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE AND LEASE of a 14-room house, on Washington-boulevard, within 2 blocks of Union Park; the house is nicely furnished and full of good paying boarders. Address P 64, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—1 RESTAURANT range with water-front, 2 No. 8 ranges, 3 cook-stoves, 2 box-air furnaces, all used but in good order. SEAVEY & CO., 49 State-st.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE OF A TWO- story and basement house is offered at private sale, including a fine piano. House for rent; possession on or before Sept. 1. 244 Lincoln-av.

PARAGON RANGES, ALL SIZES, AT bottom prices. SEAVEY & CO., 49 State-st.

WANTED — CHEAP — GOOD BOOK- case and office desk combined. Address S 17 Tribune office.

WANTED—A NICE COUCH OR SOFA of modern style and one or two easy chairs. Address Q 44, Tribune office.

20 PER CENT SAVED DURING AUgust on furniture, carpets and household goods. Easy payments. Empire Parlor Bedstead Co., 383 West Madison-st.

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500 YARDS SECOND-HAND 3-PLY carpets in lots to suit, cheap; also one good buggy harness, at 295 Madison-st.

1230 WABASH-AV.—ENTIRE FURniture of house for sale, with privilege of lease. Selling on account of sickness.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

SOUTH SIDE.

1 PARK ROW — TO RENT, WITH board, pleasant rooms, furnished, single or en suite. A home.

3 TWENTY-SECOND-ST.—FRONT AL- cove, with bay window; also single room to rent, with board; fine view of the lake.

8 PARK ROW—FURNISHED ROOMS TO rent, with board; most desirable location.

42 EAST TWELFTH-ST. — NICELY furnished front rooms, with or without board.

43 UNIVERSITY-PLACE—DESIRABLE front rooms, unfurnished, with board; near Douglas Station; street cars.

87 TWENTY-THIRD-ST.—ROOMS TO rent with board; day-boarders.

255 MICHIGAN-AV. — HANDSOMELY furnished suite of front rooms to rent, also rooms for young gentlemen, with board.

281 MICHIGAN-AV., LAKE-FRONT—Families and gentlemen can find elegant rooms, with board. References required.

282 MICHIGAN-AV. — PLEASANT rooms to rent, with board.

311 MICHIGAN-AV.—A BEAUTIFUL large room to let, with board.

481 WABASH-AV.—FURNISHED front rooms with board for families or gentlemen.

494 WABASH-AV. — A WELL FURnished parlor to rent with board; also one single room with board at $4.50 per week.

1234 WABASH-AV. — FIRST-CLASS rooms, with board, with all modern conveniences, for Canadian gentlemen.

1243 MICHIGAN-AV.—PLEASANT rooms with board.

1249 WABASH-AV.—FURNISHED rooms, with board.

1250 INDIANA-AV.—BOARD AND rooms. Day-boarders accommodated.

1340 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE WELL furnished room, with board; one single room.

1353 WABASH-AV.—NICELY FURnished large room, with board; could accommodate three or four ladies.

1406 WABASH-AV.—AN ELEGANT large front alcove, newly furnished, also other first-class rooms, with first-class board. Reference.

1606 MICHIGAN-AV.—TWO LARGE, handsome rooms, well furnished, with board. References exchanged.

1612 WABASH-AV.—A DESIRABLE second-story front suite; also other pleasant rooms; with good board; house modern. References.

1641 WABASH-AV.—TO RENT WITH board an alcove, a large front room, and a single room; also day board.

1730 INDIANA-AV.—A NICELY-FURnished front suite with best of table board; small family.

1736 INDIANA-AV.—ELEGANTLY furnished rooms to rent to adults; a pleasant corner house; good board convenient.

1814 WABASH-AV.—LARGE, PLEASant furnished room, with first-class board; day-boarders accommodated.

1836 WABASH-AV. — FURNISHED rooms with board; also day-board; reasonable.

1828 INDIANA-ST., WITH BOARD, A very nice room on first floor, to gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; also, one on second floor.

2111 INDIANA-AV.—FRONT CHAMber and hall-room to rent, with or without board.

2226 WABASH-AV.—PLEASANT AL- cove, also other rooms, with board. References required.

2228 WABASH-AV. — FURNISHED rooms on second or third floors, with board.

2245 WABASH-AV. — DESIRABLE alcove, also smaller rooms, with board.

2256 WABASH-AV.—1 OR 2 DESIRAble rooms to rent, with first-class board.

2344 PRAIRIE-AV. — HANDSOMELY- furnished alcove room to rent, with board, to gentlemen only.

2404 WABASH-AV.—2 FURNISHED rooms with board. References required.

2644 INDIANA-AV.—NEAR TWEN- ty-fifth-st.—Nicely-furnished room to rent, with or without board.

2957 MICHIGAN-AV. — PLEASANT rooms, with board. Gas and water.

3024 MICHIGAN AV.—FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with board.

3030 LAKE PARK-AV. — LARGE, pleasant, well-furnished room for 2 persons; full view of lake; steam and street cars.

3113 WABASH-AV.—FRONT ALCOVE room; terms moderate.

3159 INDIANA-AV. — UNUSUALLY pleasant accommodations for two or three adults.

3221 INDIANA-AV.—DESIRABLE rooms to rent, with board, on second floor; private family.

3640 FOREST-AV. — COMFORTABLE room and board for two gentlemen; terms moderate.

A SMALL FAMILY ON SOUTH SIDE have delightful suite of unfurnished rooms to rent, with first-class board. References exchanged. Address Q 54, Tribune office.

BOARDING—ROOMS, WITH OR WITHout board; rooms, furnished or unfurnished; nicest location on South Side, 2340 Michigan-av.; moderate conveniences.

GENTLEMAN AND WIFE CAN FIND board in private family on Rhodes-av. for $10 per week. References. Address M 40, Tribune.

LARGE, WELL-FURNISHED SUITE of front rooms in private family, with board; no objection to children; near Douglas Station and Chicago University. Address O A 29, Tribune office.

NORTH OF THIRTY-FIRST-ST.—A middle-aged couple can find pleasant home with board in private family. Address Carrier No. 4.

SOUTH SIDE—LARGE ROOM, WITH board, in private family, for lady and gents or two ladies, where German and French are spoken; use of piano. O B 63, Tribune office.

TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN CAN FIND a comfortable home in a strictly private family on one of the avenues near Thirty-fourth-st. References required. P 70, Tribune office.

WEST SIDE.

13 PARK-AV.—TO RENT, WITH board, a nicely furnished south front suite of rooms; also single room.

26 BISHOP-COURT—2 VERY PLEASant front rooms, with good board; modern conveniences.

40 LAFLIN-ST.—BOARD AND ROOMS for a few first-class parties. Rooms light, pleasant, well furnished, and well kept. Good table. Terms moderate.

45 PIERCE-ST.—NICELY FURNISHED rooms with board; bath, hot and cold water.

49 SOUTH ASHLAND-AV.—PLEASANT furnished rooms, also unfurnished front suite, with first-class board.

50 SOUTH ANN-ST.—A GENTLEMAN and wife or two gentlemen can obtain a handsomely furnished room on first floor and good board for the winter at moderate price.

61 SOUTH ELIZABETH-ST.—NICELY furnished alcove room and front parlor, with good table board.

86 CENTRE-AV.—NICELY-FURNISHED rooms, with first-class table board.

111 CENTRE-AV. — FURNISHED rooms, with board.

120 ASHLAND-AV.—A GOOD ROOM with board to parties having first-class references.

148 LEAVITT-ST.—NICELY-FURnished rooms, with good board, suitable for two gentlemen each.

185 SOUTH MORGAN-ST.—TO RENT with good table-board, at very reasonable rates, 2 large rooms, furnished or unfurnished—one back parlor with grate. References exchanged.

228 SOUTH PEORIA-ST.—THREE RE- spectable gentlemen can be accommodated with room and board; $5 per week.

230 WEST MONROE-ST.—FURNISHED rooms, with board.

237 MARSHFIELD-AV.—FURNISHED front alcove; also hall bed-room, with or without board.

283 WEST MONROE-ST. — WITH board, south front room, single or en suite, on second floor; central location.

314 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—LARGE and pleasant room to rent, with board.

333 WASHINGTON-BOULEVARD — A very attractive south-front parlor, with or without board; private family without children.

396 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.-BOULE- vard—Beautiful and newly-papered unfurnished front alcove room, with board.

408 WASHINGTON - BOULEVARD — Room with good board for two, $5 per week; also gentlemen room-mates in alcove.

430 WABASH-AV. — TWO FINE rooms, with board.

443 WASHINGTON - BOULEVARD — Nicely furnished front room, with board.

456 WEST ADAMS-ST.—NICELY FURnished single room to rent, with hot and cold water; day-board $4 per week.

471 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—DAY- board—Parties wishing good board can be accommodated.

472 WEST ADAMS-ST., NEAR JEFferson Park—Pleasant furnished rooms with board.

487 WASHINGTON-BOULEVARD—A beautiful front alcove room; best location; West Side.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WEST SIDE.

509 ADAMS-ST.—HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms, second floor, with board. Location unsurpassed.

551 WEST MONROE-ST.—WELL-FURnished south front rooms and connecting bed-room if desired, with board; also pleasant back room.

603 MONROE-ST.—ROOM AND BOARD for two gentlemen; first-class accommodations; half block from Ogden-av. cars; private family.

604 WEST ADAMS-ST.—2 FURNISHED rooms; first-class; all improvements; Ogden-av. cars pass the door; also day boarders wanted.

638 WEST MONROE-ST. — FIRST- class board and rooms for families and single gentlemen; also table board. Best of reference.

683 WASHINGTON - BOULEVARD— Suit of rooms, single or together, with first-class board; day-boarders wanted.

769 WEST MONROE-ST.—DESIRABLE furnished rooms with first-class board. Also day-boarders.

788 WEST MONROE-ST.—A FINELY- furnished suite of front rooms, with board; also single room; private family.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR TWO single gentlemen can find pleasant furnished rooms, with board, in private family, near Union Park, by addressing Q 66, Tribune office.

HANDSOME FRONT ALCOVE, ALSO large room, with board; vicinity of Jefferson Park. S 37, Tribune office.

ON AVENUE, NEAR TWENTY-SEC- ond-st.—Handsomely furnished alcove, second floor, with board. References exchanged. Address O E 82, Tribune office.

UNION PARK, ONE BLOCK FROM cars—Board and room in private family for man and wife or two gentlemen; nice home. P 87, Tribune.

NORTH SIDE.

7 NORTH CLARK-ST.—BOARD $4 TO $7 per week, with use of piano; day board, $5 per week; furnished rooms, $1.50.

44 RUSH-ST.—ONE LARGE AND ONE small room, well furnished, with board.

46 CASS-ST.—TWO ROOMS, SINGLE or en suite; four gentlemen; on parlor floor; running water; with board.

127 DEARBORN-AV.—A FEW DESIRable furnished rooms, with best table-board.

127 DEARBORN-AV.—A FEW DAY- boarders wanted; 6 o'clock dinners.

125 EAST PEARSON-ST. — SOUTH front room with board for gentleman and wife or two gents; also single room with board for gentleman or lady; house new, all modern conveniences; most desirable location on North Side, near lake, opposite Water-Works.

129 EAST ERIE-ST—WANTED—A few boarders.

210 EAST ERIE-ST.—A NICELY FURnished room, with board, suitable for two gentlemen; also a few table-boarders wanted.

237 LA SALLE-AV.—NICELY FURnished large room and single rooms, with good board.

249 EAST INDIANA-ST., ONE LARGE furnished front room with board. Also day board.

250 EAST INDIANA-ST.—A YOUNG gentleman of steady habits wishes a room mate.

253 EAST INDIANA-ST. — NICELY furnished single or double rooms; good board.

260 ONTARIO-ST. — FOR RENT — A large front room, also a south room, with board.

267 ILLINOIS-ST.—GOOD ROOM AND board for two or more young men, or gent and wife; near business centre.

306 EAST CHICAGO-AV.—TO RENT, well furnished rooms, en suite or single, with first-class board.

378 CHICAGO-AV. — OPPOSITE WAter-Works—Two nicely-furnished front rooms with board, suitable for three or four gents. N. 31.

663 LA SALLE-AV.—SUITE OF ROOMS, front or back, with board.

697 NORTH CLARK-ST.—FIRST-CLASS location to young gents, some nice rooms and good board; prices liberal.

A LADY OCCUPYING A LARGE, pleasant, nicely furnished room desires a roommate. Please address S 23, Tribune office.

ON DEARBORN-AV., NORTH OF CHIcago-av.—A private family have a suite of rooms to let with board; no other boarders. References. P 80, Tribune office.

PLEASANT ROOMS WITH FIRST- class board in a private family on Dearborn-av., south of Division-st. P 89, Tribune office.

PLEASANT ROOMS, ON NORTH SIDE, and excellent board, for a party of four gentlemen. Address Q 26, Tribune office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR TWO gents can find rooms and board at a first-class Jewish family. Address P 51, Tribune office.

A FEW BOARDERS CAN BE NICELY accommodated in a first-class private Jewish family, centrally located. Address O 44, Tribune.

A GENTLEMAN CAN FIND A HOME with partial board in a private family east of Clark-st. References. Address O 61, Tribune office.

BOARDERS WANTED — THOSE IN- tending to board for the winter preferred. Address P. O. Box 212, Downer's Grove.

PLEASANT ROOM IN PRIVATE FAMily where French and German are taught and spoken. Address S 35, Tribune office.

HOTELS.

ANNA HOUSE, 102 NORTH CLARK-ST. —Pleasant rooms for families and single gentlemen; day boarders.

BENTON HOUSE—154 AND 156 CLARK- st., near Madison, over Burcky & Milan's new dining-rooms, 100 pleasant single rooms, 50c per night. BENTON MALEY, Proprietor.

CLARENCE HOUSE, STATE AND Harrison-sts.—Newly-furnished and renovated; 80 rooms, from 50c per day upward; rooms, with board, $4 to $7 per day; per week, from $6 to $12.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, 116 FIFTH-AV.—$2 per day; 200 rooms for a few boarders; day-boarders wanted; meal-tickets for business-men.

THOMPSON'S EUROPEAN HOTEL, Nos. 10 and 12 East Madison-st., Chicago. L. S. Thompson, manager. Good rooms and board if desired.

WINDSOR EUROPEAN HOTEL, TRIbune Block—In the largest and best European hotel in the city, having 167 rooms, ranging from 75c to $2 per day, according to location. Thomson's restaurant underneath. LUDWIG KREGELEN-Thom.

SUBURBAN.

ROOMS OR BOARD IN THE CITY OR suburbs can be had at the Renting Agency, Room 3 Tribune office. Information free.

SIX OR EIGHT CAN BE ACCOMMOdated with good board in private family, new house, pleasant rooms, shady yard, water-works, near the lake; best location in the city; barn-room if desired. Healthiest city in the State. For further particulars ad dress Box 725, Kenosha, Wis.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—AND WELL FURNISHED single middle-aged man in strictly private family, between State-st. and Ashland-av., Washington and Jackson-sts. Address, stating terms, Q 48, Tribune office.

BOARD—BY GENTLEMAN FOR HIMself and mother on West Side. Must be first-class in all respects. Private family preferred. Address O 85, Tribune office.

BOARD—BY GENTLEMAN AND WIFE. No other boarders; no children; with widow lady preferred, where home comforts can be had. Address O 3, Tribune office.

BOARD—BY A YOUNG MAN ON THE North Side with single room. Address Q 76, Tribune office.

BOARD—FOR FOUR PERSONS, WITH two large unfurnished rooms, on some of the avenues on South Side, north of Twenty-sixth-st. Address Q 72, Tribune office.

BOARD—FOR SELF, WIFE, AND 3 children; children 6, 8, and 10 years respectively; also one young man. If good accommodations and satisfactory terms can be secured, will arrange for board until May next. Location must be west of Ashland-av.; Warren-av., Monroe or Adams-st. preferred. Address, indicating accommodations and terms, P 13, Tribune office.

BOARD—BY A SINGLE GENTLEMAN in private family, North or South Side. Reference given and required. P 22 Tribune office.

BOARD—AND NICE ROOM BY A gentleman and wife in a first-class Jewish or German family. References unquestionable. Address, stating terms and particulars, P 53, Tribune.

BOARD—AND GOOD ROOM FOR MYself and wife in pleasant family on North Side. Best of references. Address P 12, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND 2 CONNECTING ROOMS for family of three in a private family. Limits, Oak-st. and North-av., Franklin-st. and Dearborn-av. References given and required. Address P 2, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM BY SINGLE GENtleman in neighborhood of Twenty-fourth-st. and South Park-av. Address HENRY BROWN, 2240 South Park-av.

BOARD—AND GOOD-SIZED FURNISHed room, pleasant view, by a gentleman; West or North Side, private family, where there are few or no other boarders preferred; will be permanent if suited. Address, stating terms, R 19, Tribune office.

BOARD — AND ROOMS ON NORTH Side, east of Dearborn-av. and south of Chicago-av., for gentleman and wife and young man. References exchanged. Address R 12, Tribune office.

BOARD — AND ROOM, OR ROOM alone, in private family on West Side, by gentleman and wife. Terms must be moderate. Address G 83, Tribune office.

BOARD A LADY WILL GIVE LESsons in drawing, painting, and music in a respectable private family for board and washing. References exchanged. Address until Wednesday O 46, Tribune office.

BOARD—FOR A LADY AND LITTLE boy in a pleasant farmhouse, near a station. Address 1345 Michigan-av.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—AND THREE ROOMS CONvenient to Board of Trade for a gentleman, wife, and son, man groom. Please state accommodations and prices. Address J. A. BROWN, 78 La Salle-st.

BOARD—AND ROOM BY A GENTLEman and wife of literary and musical taste in a refined family where there are no other boarders. Address O 31, Tribune office.

BOARD—MY WIFE AND I WANT PERmanent board at reasonable rate in respectable private family. Best reference and prompt pay. S 9, Tribune office.

BOARD—IN PRIVATE FAMILY, suite of rooms, furnished or unfurnished, from Sept. 1, west of Ashland-av., south of Lake-st.; give accommodations and terms. Address S 38, Tribune.

BOARD—FOR A GENT, WIFE, AND child 3½ years old. State terms and location. In city or Evanston. Address O 27, Tribune office.

BOARD—FOR A BOY 8 YEARS OLD in a private family, near a school. Address 1516 Forty-first-st.

BOARD—AND TWO OR THREE UNfurnished rooms for gentleman, wife, and child between Green, Washington, and Harrison-sts. and Ashland-av. Address O 100, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM OR ROOM WITH board convenient, by gentleman and wife. West Side. Private family preferred. Address O 57, Tribune office.

BOARD—IN PRIVATE FAMILY. MOderate terms, by young gent. West Side preferred. Address O 80, Tribune office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—SHIRTS OF EVERY DEscription, white or colored, all sizes, can be had at the Lone Star Shirt Factory. It will pay you to buy direct from the manufacturer and save the retailer's profit. By buying your goods from us you pay but one profit above the actual cost of manufacturing on a large scale. We can fit all sizes, and are the only shirt house in existence that carries shirts with extreme short or long sleeves, hence giving you a shirt that will fit and suit you. We carry an immense stock of furnishing goods of every description, which we retail at popular prices. Come around and see us. We will save you money. The Old Reliable Lone Star Shirt Co., 203, 205, and 207 Dearborn-st., corner Adams.

FOR SALE—TO PHYSICIANS—ONE case of surgical and one case of obstetrical instruments complete; also a powerful microscope. Apply at once at 16 Ogden-av.

FOR SALE — CLOTHES-WRINGERS. The best in the market, at $1 each. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE — SALOON FIXTURES—A complete stock of saloon fixtures, including three billiard tables. Call at A. C. HUSTON'S, corner Cottage Grove-av. and Thirty-ninth-st.

FOR SALE—SCREWS. I HAVE 26,000 gross of certain sizes to close out at 40 and 5 per cent discount. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—FRAME BUILDING, 15X30, two stories, on Market, near Madison. H. L. HAWLEY, Room 69, 162 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—STAMPED AND PIECED tinware at 15 per cent below market price. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE — SCYTHES COMPLETE, with snaths, at $1 each. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—TO BE MOVED, NO. 2803 Prairie-av., two-story frame house (a good one); also one not so valuable in same neighborhood; also two frame barns corner Indiana-av. and Eighteenth-st. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FRAME BUILDINGS, 126, 128, 130, and 132 Twelfth-st., block of four stores and flats; want an offer. 1445 Michigan-av., 2 story dwelling. 3601 Lake-av., 2-story dwelling. F. C. VIERLING & BRO., 198 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BARBED FENCE WIRE at 7½ cents per pound. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—NAILS—A LOT LINING and finishing nails and 7 and 7½ spikes at $3 rates. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—BICYCLE—46-INCH RUBber tire bicycle in first-class condition, cheap. Call on FRANK BARBOUR (care Fisher Bros.), 146 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE — LOCKS, KNOBS, AND latches. Have a large lot to close out at 25 per cent below factory cost. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE NEW ROWboat, 15 feet long by 3½ feet broad, klinker built, and spoon oars. Inquire at 66 Drexel-boulevard.

FOR SALE—SAW FILES. A LARGE stock to close out at 50 cents per dozen. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE — GRINDSTONES COMplete, with fixtures, for $1 each. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE AND LEASE of a 2-story and basement 12-room house. No. 1 location, North Side. Can be bought at a great bargain. BOYNTON, 89 East Randolph-st., Room 34.

FOR SALE—A MILCH GOAT, SUITAable for a nursing baby; tame and gentle. Call at 3036 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—YORKSHIRE TERRIER dog 9 months old; good ratter and trick dog. Call at 24 Harrison-court, between Wabash and Michigan-avs.

FOR SALE — TABLE CUTLERY — A large stock at 20 per cent below factory cost. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—BOARD OF TRADE MEMbership, $5,450; make an offer. Address R 52, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—500 GROSS WHITE PICture nails at $1.25 per gross. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—NEW MILCH COW AND calf at 136 Michigan-st.

FOR SALE—100 SETS AUGUR BITTS at $5.50 each per set; 12 in a set. Braces 50 cents each, worth $1. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—CHICAGO STOCK EXchange membership. Address R 38, Tribune.

FOR SALE—STOVE POLISH—WILL close out a lot at $1.50 per gross. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—A 52-INCH COLUMBIA standard bicycle; ball bearings. A. J. PRATT, 22 and 25 North Peoria-st.

FOR SALE—BOARD OF TRADE MEMbership; give me best bid. Address O 74, Tribune office.

FOR SALE — BLACK DIRT AT 2218 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—COTTAGES 127 AND 131 South Jefferson-st., for removal; best offer takes them. C. H. HARRIS, 146 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—PORCELAINE KETTLES at 50 cents on the dollar. A. W. WHEELER, 141 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—BOARD OF TRADE MEMbership. Address O 34, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AT LOW PRICE—1 BABYcarriage, good as new; 1 second-hand cabinet organ. At 336 South Hoyne-av.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

ALICE MARCO, CLAIRVOYANT AND palmist. Fee 50 cents; satisfaction guaranteed. 99 West Thirteenth-st., near Blue Island-av.

ALL RECOMMEND MRS. FRANKS, 361 West Madison-st., best adviser on love, marriage, family, or business troubles. Always at home.

BANGS SISTERS, 223½ WALNUT-ST. near Ashland-av. and Lake-st., seances for spiritual manifestations Sunday and Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock.

COMPLETE LIFE READINGS, RELIAble advice, all questions answered, charms for good luck, marriage, business, missing friends, etc. Fees moderate. MME. CLARE, 251 West Polk-st.

FREE—DR. GREER, THE CLAIRVOYant spirit healer, will know and describe your disease at a glance, asking no questions. Free of charge. Dr. Greer also will tell the sick how to get well, and the well how not to be sick. Office 122 East Madison-st. Hours 8 to 8 daily; Sundays 10 to 12.

GO TO MRS. BUTT, THE OLDEST and most reliable natural clairvoyant, trance, test, business, and spiritual medium in Chicago; also, can be consulted by inclosing photo, lock of hair, $1, and a 3-cent stamp. 121 West Madison-st. Cut this out.

LULU ST. JOHNS, CLAIRVOYANT AND magnetic healer. 159 West Madison-st., Room 5 Walk up.

MME. ZARAÏPHA, TRANCE MEDIUM, guarantees to her visitors complete satisfaction, revealing their most profound secrets, and giving an entire life-reading. Has the ringwood Persian charm for love, business, health, etc. Gives full information in regard to lost or stolen property, describing articles and persons having

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY T. B. BOYD, ROOM 1, 179 Madison-st.

BUSINESS PROPERTY.

$6,300—907 West Madison-st., framed store, 24x90-4, 9 nice rooms over, water, gas, etc., brick barn, lot 26x132, just 50 feet east of Western-av.; this No. 1 business property pays good rents and getting better every year.

$10,500—First-class framed store; 7 large rooms over; lot 25x125, on Madison-st., near Aberdeen-st.

$12,000—Framed store and lot 25x100, south front, on Madison-st., near Carpenter; this is a great bargain.

$34,000—Large 4-story stone front store, 24x110; lot 24x120 to alley, on Madison-st., near Carpenter-st.

$5,850—Large framed house and lot, 40x80, on Jackson-st., between Clinton and Jefferson-sts.; this is growing property.

$5,750—Cottage and lot, 22x170, south front, on Jackson-st., and fronts north on Quincy-st., just west of Desplaines-st.; here is a bargain at $5,750.

$175,000—A splendid brown stone front, 5-story business block, 44x100, and lot on Washington-st., near La Salle-st.

$67,500—Five-story stone-front store, and lot 20x85, on Fifth-av., between Madison and Monroe-sts.

$1,500 will buy this property if taken at once; cottage and lot 22x116; 367 Division-st., just west of Cleybourn-av., this is less than the lot is worth; will give you time on cottage; it is good growing property; at $1,500 it is cheap. RESIDENCE PROPERTY.

$30,000—One of the finest corner residences on the West Side. House is 30x80. Every modern improvement. Brick barn for five horses. Lot is 66x175. Southeast corner of Union Park. This house and grounds is cheap, and will suit most any one who wants a fine home. Will take a good house and lot in Hyde Park, Evanston, or South Evanston, or a good farm near Chicago as part pay.

$5,500—Fine new 6-room brick houses and lots on Douglas-av., near South Park-av. Rent for $5,600 per year.

$7,000—This is one of the handsomest brown-stone-front dwellings in the city, 30x80 feet, lot 50x132. Brick barn for 3 horses. East front. In South Side, between Thirty-fifth and Thirty-first-sts., east of Wabash-av. House cost $18,000 to build six years ago. It's first-class.

$15,000—This is an elegant octagon stone front, stone steps and sidewalks; house is 30x60, lot 30x125. No. 2 brick barn. Corner, between Thirty-first and Thirty-third-sts., east of Wabash-av. East and south exposure. It is the best bargain offered in the city.

$9,250—Fine stone front 10-room dwelling. Every modern improvement. Furnace and gas chandliers and grates in house. Lot 20x120. East front. On Lake Park-av., near Thirteenth-st. It is a splendid bargain.

$6,650—Fine 10-room brick dwelling and lot 25x175 on Cottage Grove-av., near Forrest-st. You will find this cheap.

$7,250—Fine 10 room brick modern dwelling, 22x60, lot 22x125. Fine brick barn. On Harrison-st., near Centre-av. This house will rent for $40 per year.

$6,000—This is a first-class stone-front 11-room dwelling-house; is in perfect repair; east front on Peoria-st., near Jackson; lot 25x125.

$7,500—This is a first-class house; cost $8,000 to build; in perfect order; billiard-room and ice-house; lot 25x125; on Morgan-st., near Van Buren.

$8,800—Here is a bargain—if there is one—a splendid octagon stone-front modern dwelling, 32x60, and lot on Loomis-st., near Jackson; it will suit most any one.

$6,000—Fine stone octagon-front modern house, 10 rooms, 4 rooms deep, and lot (corner), on Jackson-st., east of Western-av.

$9,000—This house ought to sell; just finished this spring; it is one of the finest white-stone fronts on Park-av., 30x68, lot 22x125, finished in the latest modern style, near Harrison.

$18,000—Lot 100x130, with the framed house, on northwest corner of Ashland and Park-aves., fronting on Union Park, and is as fine a residence property as there is in Chicago.

$7,000—This property you will be glad to get hold of in a year or two; the framed house, barn, and lot 66x125, south and east front (corner) on Washington-st., three blocks west of Halsted-st. railroad; it is cheap.

$3,500—1254 West Van Buren-st., 9-room framed house, and lot 22x125; rents for $25 per month; cheap.

$3,000—Large 2-story brick building 60x30, and lot 100x100, on Lincoln-av., near Wrightwood-av.; bargain.

$4,500—Large 11-room 2-story frame house and barn, lot 25x125, on Twenty-first-st., near Blue Island-av.; cheap.

$7,500—This is one of the nicest frame houses at Geneva Lake, Wis.; 12 nice rooms, barn, and lot 100x265; only 100 feet from the lake, 20 feet bank; house is new and all modern improvements, fine trees, shrubbery, etc.; it's a handsome place.

$7,250—Nice 2-story brick house and lot 25x125, on Huron-st., near Wood; good barn.

VACANT LOTS.

$120 per foot—Lot 82x125 on May-st., between Madison and Washington-sts.; very cheap; good location.

$80 per foot—Nice lot on Lincoln-st., near Jackson.

$110 per foot—Fine first-class and handsome house property, 50x125, south front, on Warren-av., between Robey and Hoyne.

$65 per foot—Lot 24x125, east fronts, on Irving-place, north of Polk-st.; will sell one or all together within low figure; they ought to sell.

$1,000—Nice lot 25x125, No. 380 South Robey-st.

$50 per foot—150x120, corner Jackson and Aberdeen-sts.; this is choice property for flats.

$126—Lot 50x125, on Phare-av., just west of Union Stock-Yards; would trade for piano or watch.

FOR SALE—VACANT LOTS—

ADAMS-ST.

132x175—Near Campbell-av.; per ft, $40; south front, 20x125—Near Campbell-av., north front; $1,000.

JACKSON-ST.

Three fine 25-foot lots east of California-av.; sewer and water in, and assements all paid.

Four good building lots, 21 feet each, for $2,500.

Three good lots west of the track, south front, $650 each.

Two wood lots opposite new school, near Francisco-st.; each $800.

Six good lots on Owosco-st., east of California-av., each $600.

Lots on Thirteenth-st., Thirteenth-place, and on Twelfth-st., between Robey and Hoyne; $400 to $1,200.

A fine list of corner lots all over the West Side. Call for list. GRIFFIN & DWIGHT.

Corner Washington and Halsted-sts.

FOR SALE—TWO ELEGANT LOTS, State-st. near Schiller; cheap.

Also, 2 on Dearborn-av., near Division, and a fine house at a bargain.

150 feet on Grand-boulevard, with large house, $18,000.

100 feet, Ashland-av. and Taylor-st., only $100 a foot.

Three fine houses, with superb grounds, on lake-shore, north, at a sacrifice; one just above Lincoln Park.

Choice bargains in acres near city.

80-acre orchard in Berrien County, Michigan; cost $14,000; will now sell for $5,000.

NELSON THOMASSON,

85 Washington-st., Room 3.

FOR SALE — ON WASHINGTON-ST. boulevard—

House and good lot, near Peoria; $7,000.

House and 60-foot lot near Ogden and east of Halsted; $13,000.

House and 33-foot lot near Hoyne; $6,500.

Southeast corner Elizabeth and Randolph, good brick house and brick barn; $8,500.

Southeast corner Lake and Elizabeth, 40-foot lot; $9,500.

155 and 157 West Lake, with 40-foot lot, 155 deep to Sayles-st., improved, rents $100 per month; for $30,000.

GRIFFIN & DWIGHT,

Corner Washington and Halsted-sts.

FOR SALE—$7,250—THE 3-STORY AND basement octagon stone-front 15-room dwelling and lot 30x147, Park-av., just half a block west of Union Park, south front; this house would cost $7,000 to build now. If you want a bargain come and see me, as am going to sell this house in the next ten days; will rent at $70 per month, and the neighborhood cannot be excelled in the city; it would be a bargain at $8,000.

T. B. BOYD, Room 1, 179 Madison-st.

FOR SALE—BY GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 Dearborn-st.:

ASHLAND-AV.—South of Adams-st.; 112x200.

ASHLAND-AV.—North of Taylor-st.; 132x200.

WEST LAKE-ST.—Opposite Union Park; 80x150.

LAKE-ST.—Southeast corner of Ogden-av.; 66x99, with improvements.

WEST LAKE-ST.—East of Throop; 20x155.

OGDEN-AV.—Southwest corner West Congress-st.

FOR SALE — 761 SOUTH HALSTED-st., 3-story brick and brick barn and lot; an old bakery stand with good bread route; will sell for $5,250.

758 South Halsted-st., a large 3-story frame building and lot for $5,000.

451 South Halsted-st., 2-story brick, $4,000.

GRIFFIN & DWIGHT,

Corner Washington and Halsted-sts.

FOR SALE—A GOOD MANUFACTURing corner, 30x117.5 feet, on South Side, with R. R. connections, at $60 per foot. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BY RANNEY & COLE, 137 Washington-st., 22x143 feet on Michigan-av., near Thirty-second-st., at big bargain. Must be sold.

FOR SALE—100X164 FT., SOUTHWEST corner of Vernon-av. and Thirty-third-st.; $10,000. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CITY AND SUBURBAN houses and lots, $5,000 to $50,000; 1,000 lots and acres. JOHN F. EBERHART, 161 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$129 BUTTERFIELD-ST.— Two-story frame cottage, built for two families, renting at $36; want offer.

F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BY GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 Dearborn-st.:

VALUABLE DOCK PROPERTY on the South Branch, near Eighteenth-st.; very best of railroad connections.

FOR SALE—NOS. 146 AND 148 NORTH Jefferson-st., 2-story frames, with lot 40 feet square, at $50 per foot with buildings. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AT $4,000—HOUSE AND lot, lot 30x150, on Cottage Grove-av.; cheapest thing in the market. FRANK L. WIXON, 3701 Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—50 FEET SOUTH FRONT on College-place, between Cottage Grove and Rhodes-avs.; $75 per foot. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—198 PARK-AV., WITH 30-foot lot; will sell for $4,500 if sold before Sept. 1; this is a great bargain; lot is worth the money; call early or you will lose it. GRIFFIN & DWIGHT,

Corner Washington and Halsted-sts.

FOR SALE—24X126 FEET ON WARren-av., near Staunton. $1,200. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—50X198 FEET ON HAMILton-av., south of Monroe-st., $65 per foot. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—THE CHOICEST EAST-front lot of over 50 feet on Michigan-av., north of Thirty-first-st. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BRICK STABLE WITH living rooms above; has 7 stalls (2 of them large box); lot 33x75 feet, 18 feet alley all around; located between Prairie and Cottage Grove-avs., north of Twenty-fifth-st.; $5,500. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE BRICK RESIdence and 50-foot lot near Lincoln Park, $14,000. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BY GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 Dearborn-st.:

VERNON-AV., northwest corner of Thirty-third-st., 166x184.

FOR SALE — 2532 CALUMET-AV.—3-story and basement brick house and lot; $7,000. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—STONE FRONT HOUSE and lot on Forest-av., near Thirty-third-st., $6,000. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BY GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 DEARBORN-ST.

CANAL-ST., just north of Taylor, 20x100; small office building on the property.

FOR SALE—79 HENRY-ST.—3 LOTS and large frame house; only $5,500; very cheap. GRIFFIN & DWIGHT,

Corner Washington and Halsted-sts.

FOR SALE—A FINE BUSINESS CORner on West Side, partly improved, paying well; price $65,000; a bargain. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—20 LOTS ON CENTRE-ST. and Seminary-av. Terms made to suit purchaser. Inquire at WEBSTER'S, 220 North Clark-st.

FOR SALE—BY THE OWNER ON THE premises, business property paying large percentage. 362 West Van Buren-st.

FOR SALE—THE BEST HOUSE ON Butterfield and Thirty-ninth-sts., $7,400; one on Dearborn and Thirty-ninth-sts., $7,400; one on Shurtleff-av. and Thirty-fifth-st., $1,900; 2 lots on Wabash-av., 4 near Forty-third-st., for $2,250; one on Dashiel and Thirty-seventh-sts., $475. Home evenings and Sunday. PETER SHIMP, 3115 State-st.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW BRICK COTtages on Goblentz-st., near Western-av. Will sell cheap and on monthly payments. DUNSTAN & SON, 157 Madison-st.

FOR SALE—48X115 TO ALLEY ON LINcoln-av., near corner Wisconsin, with brick house, $6,300. Address O 49 Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MICHIGAN-AV.—STONE front house, 10 rooms, frame barn; lot 24x174 feet; price $7,400. F. A. HENSHAW, 170 La Salle.

FOR SALE—FULLERTON-AV.—BRICK house of 10 rooms standing alone; barn; lot 22x150 feet; price $5,500. F. A. HENSHAW, 170 La Salle.

FOR SALE—10 ACRES ON THIRTYfifth-st. and Western Indiana Belt Railroad, near the crossing of the new Chicago, St. Louis & Western Railroad; a bargain. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—1195 VAN BUREN-ST.— Two-story and cellar brick house and lot, 84x100 feet; $6,500, or $5,000 for house and 25 feet. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—NEW TWO-STORY STONEfront houses; every improvement; parlor, dining-room, and kitchen on first floor; 4 large chambers and bath-room on second floor; located on corner of Kalb and Polk-sts., one block from Ogden-av. cars. See these houses before you buy. They will be sold cheap and on terms to suit. Apply at CAMPBELL BROS., 137 Madison-st., Room 3.

FOR SALE—BY GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 DEARBORN-ST.

MICHIGAN-AV., modern brick house, near Thirty-third-st.; lot 26x143; house 25x68.

INDIANA-AV., just north of Thirty-fifth-st. boulevard, 2-story and basement brick house, in first-class repair; 2-story brick barn; lot 22x107.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS RESIdence at a great sacrifice. Address P 27, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—25X100 FEET ON GROVEland Park-av., south of Thirty-first-st., $2,000. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE ON PARKav., near Union Park; three stories and basement, octagon front; must be sold.

HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ON MICHIGAN-AV. BOUlevard, north of Thirty-third-st., 2-story basement and mansard story brick house, very complete, for $14,500. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BRICK BUILDING IN 3 6-room flats, west of Lincoln Park; rent $22 per month; give possession of parlor floor; $5,500. 2-story frame, Mohawk-st., near Clybourn-av.; $3,000. (3 flats.)

CHAS. N. HALE, 153 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAINS— No. 2413 Dearborn-st., 7-room house and barn, $2,500. Make offer.

No. 357 Park-av., 2-story house with 30-foot lot; $3,600

GIBBS & CALKINS, 158 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BY GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 Dearborn-st.:

NORTH CLARK-ST.—Northwest corner of Oak; 103 x11

NORTH WELLS-ST.—Northeast corner Michigan; 20½x69.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY COLLOT & SCHMIDT, 78 Dearborn-st., Room 1, over Gas office.

NORTH SIDE RESIDENCE PROPERTY IMPROVED.

2-story marble front, lot 132x145, northeast corner Belden-av. and Hurlbut-st., $18,000.

2-story brick flat, lot 65x108, Oakwood-st., $9,000.

Fine residence and lot, 24x150, east front, North Clark-st., near Schiller, $10,000.

10-room residence, Centre-st. near Clark, $8,700.

5-story brick flat, rented for $82; Centre-st., near Hurlbut, $6,000.

Large 3-story frame house, with store front, rented for 65; lot 22x145, frontage on Clybourn-av. and Monawk-st.; a bargain at $6,000.

14-room house, lot 25x100, Chicago-av., $6,000.

Lots frontings on the park, 105 feet deep, $750.

Lots on Division-st., near the park, $500.

Lots one-half block east of the park, $650, adjoining lots that are held at $1,000.

5 lots joining the railroad for coal and lumber yards; will be sold for $2,250.

5 lots with a splendid house, store, and living rooms, and barn; only $2,300.

Fine large flat residence, arranged for 2 families, 13 rooms; all furnished complete, lot 100 feet front; shade and fruit trees; only $6,000; a great bargain.

One fine cottage brick residence and barn; all first-class; lot 125x200 feet, in a most elegant location; price only $12,000.

3 fine 2-story residences with large lots, $2,500 each, and $50.

One brick cottage, 6 rooms, close to the park, in complete order; only $1,750.

New cottage, with lots, for $1,200 up; easy payments.

A 15-acre block, ripe for subdividing; will resell for one for $50,000. I will take $10,000 one-half cash.

I have just put upon the market 44 lots near Humboldt Park-av., fronting on the boulevard, and on Armitage-av., close to steam and horse cars; lots 41x150 feet each, and will cut down to those who build; can be paid in three or four years. This is the best bargain ever offered at Humboldt Park. Call and let me show these to you. Don't make a mistake. I shall sell them all in three weeks.

Also, a fine residence on the boulevard, close to the park; for sale cheap.

And houses and lots inside of two blocks from the park, ranging in prices from $1,650 up.

I have 5,000 lots for sale at Humboldt Park and Garfield for $230 to $1,200 each.

My sales for the last six months at Humboldt Park and Garfield amount to $140,000.

I have been selling property in this vicinity for the last eleven years, and have all the bargains.

Office at the southeast corner of California and North-av., corner of Humboldt Park.

Take Humboldt Park street-cars on Lake and State-sts. Only one fare to the office. Headquarters for Humboldt Park and Garfield property. Carriages at the office to show property.

Offices open until 9 o'clock in the evening. Do not wait till Sunday, but come out at once if you want bargains. Cut this card out and take it with you, and see that the property is as advertised. See me before you buy. Aside from business, come out and let me show you the finest floral display of any of the parks in the city. C. D. PERRY.

Humboldt Park.

JOHN BREATON, Agent.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—NO. 305 South Wood-st., 2-story, 10-room, well-built, frame house in perfect order, with two lots fronting east, 49 feet on Wood-st., northwest corner Harrison; 126 feet deep alley; both streets fully improved; fine shade-trees, etc.; light and room on all four sides; good chance to build flats on same ground. Fronting Harrison-st. cars and a mile away from city steam cars and Union Stock-Yards; cars are THROUGH STREETS, and will always be good ones. Horse transfer and cheap commutation ticket with especial reference to convenience and comfort; only offered for a limited time. Call and see the place; will take anything for it, and will sell it cheap for much less than real value. A part of purchase money can run four years at low interest. Remember, No. 305 South Wood-st., northwest corner Harrison.

FOR SALE—BY WM. Q. KINNEY & CO., 86 Washington-st., Room 3:

Very fine and convenient brick residence on Calumet-av., between servants' room, and ordinary in basement; saloon, parlor, dining-room in rear; conservatory; library or reception room opposite parlor; four sleeping-rooms above; cellar cemented; also under all lower floors; all modern improvements; gas-fixtures; furnace with coil for heating conservatory; a perfect home; lot 62 feet front; owner leaving the city. We are instructed to sell. A bargain.

FOR SALE—A GOOD MANUFACTURing corner, 33x125 feet, on South Side, with R. R. connections, at $60 per foot. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BY J. P. EMMERT, NO. 43 Court-House, the three valuable lots southeast corner Warren-av. and Robey-st. at the reasonable price of $8,000.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—HOUSES AND lots Nos. 457 and 455 Racine-av. and 307 Lewis-st., Lake View. Inquire at 307 Lewis-st.

FOR SALE—ON STATE-ST., 25X143 feet, opposite Seventeenth-st., at a bargain if sold at once. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—30 ACRES SOUTHEAST corner Chicago and Kedzie-avs.; cheap. Apply to GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ON WEST MADISON-ST.— Splendid store, with flat; large lot, with barn; $4,500. O 7a, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A GOOD FRAME HOUSE, with very wide lot, good location, West Side, $8,000; a bargain.

25 feet vacant on Michigan-av., near Thirty-sixth-st.; a cottage or vacant lot taken in part payment.

HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BY GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 Dearborn-st.:

MICHIGAN-AV.—Thirty-eighth-st., 33x135.

CALUMET-AV.—North of Thirty-first-st., 50x130.

MICHIGAN-AV.—South of Thirty-second-st., 50 feet east front.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE OF 9 ROOMS ON Union Park-place, with barn; lot 31x100; also 2-story and basement brick on Monroe-st.; $4,700. O 78, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—NO. 13 PARK-AV., THREE-story and basement stone front house of four-room rooms, renting at $640 per annum; $7,800. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BY GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 Dearborn-st.:

ELLIS-AV.—Near Thirty-seventh-st., 2-story frame house (rooms) lot 40x150.

ELLIS-AV.—Near Thirty-eighth-st., 2-story and basement frame house, 13 rooms; lot 50x172.

FOR SALE — 7½ ACRES, CORNER Elston-av. and Milwaukee-av. St. Paul Railroad. Will make 60 lots, each worth $100. Price, $2,500. L. P. COATES, 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ON MONROE-ST., SOUTH front, 20x125 feet, 30 feet east of Western-av., by the owner, 334 West Washington-st.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A HOME AT THE RATE of city rentals and a warranty deed thrown in. Call in for particulars of our property along the north-branch Highlands, from Rogers Park, Glencoe, and see the inducements we offer purchasers. Easy terms; low fares; quick transit; rapidly increasing values; monthly payments. MANN & CONGDON.

FOR SALE—10 OR 40 ACRES AT CHIcago Lawn at a bargain. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GO OUT TO ENGLEWOOD and see C. D. PERRY if you want a house and lot, or a lot in the best location in Englewood. It is time you were looking if you want a house built and shop payments rent out by next year. Sixty sales made in past year; 12 in July; 3 in August so far.

What better can you do than to begin getting a home with all city improvements, as you can in Englewood? Only 30 minutes' ride. Monthly payments on lots or homes, as you desire. C. D. PERRY.

FOR SALE—16 LOTS JUST WEST OF Englewood, on Fifty-eighth-st., for $1,600, cheap. L. P. COATES, 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AT ENGLEWOOD—NEW 9-room house, centrally located, with modern conveniences. Terms easy. W. W. CARTER, Wabash-av. and Sixty-third-st.

FOR SALE—HIGHLAND PARK—OWing to recent bereavement I offer for sale at a sacrifice, if taken at once, my beautiful house, well built brick house, 12 rooms, modern improvements, good furnace, etc., acre lot, excellent well, 2 cisterns, barn, etc. Address OWNER, Box 126 Highland Park, Ill.

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON HEIGHTS and Morgan Park—We have for sale some fine bargains in lots, houses and lots, and tracts, both on and below the ridge. We will build houses for parties on a small payment. Our prices are low and terms easy. HOPKINSON & SILVA,

125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—AT ENGLEWOOD, AN ELEgant new 2-story 8-room residence of the Queen Anne style and Eastlake finish; stone cellar and every convenience, including complete sewerage; also 6-room cottage; or I will build what you want. S. W. KESLER, 106 Fifth-av., from 1 to 3 p. m.

FOR SALE—LOT 55X125 CORNER CARpenter and Fifty-second-sts. REGINALD A. BRETT, Room 16, 90 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—68 ACRES NEAR PULLman. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BY GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 Dearborn-st.:

WABASH-AV., southeast corner Fifty-sixth-st., 50 feet; will be sold cheap.

WABASH-AV., 200 feet south of Fifty-sixth-st., 50 feet; will be sold cheap.

FOR SALE—80 ACRES ON THE WESTern Indiana Belt Railroad; the best bargain in the market. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BY J. H. VAN VLISSENGEN & BRO., Pullman, Ill., and 94 Washington-st. Room 34. Bargains in 10 cts. houses and acres at Pullman.

FOR SALE—HOMES AT ENGLEWOOD, $2,000, $2,500, $4,000, and $5,000; gas, water, and sewerage; bath-rooms and all modern conveniences. E. N. TILLOTSON.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS RESIdence at a great sacrifice. Address P 27, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—RENT OR EXCHANGE— Houses, lots, and acres at Hinsdale. O. W. TODD, Hall in Sale-st., Owner.

FOR SALE — GOOD LOTS AT THE Rock Island car-shops for $200 each. L. P. COATES, 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—WILL DONATE LOTS FOR three or four nice residences in a first-class suburban subdivision. Reference for a builder or speculator. Address Q 71, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—20 LOTS IN SOUTH Lawn; owner has no use for them. 151 Randolph-st. SCHAFFHAUSER.

FOR SALE—CORNER OPPOSITE South Park Station, suitable for hotel and stores, 132x130, $15,000; also 25-foot lots near same. Several 25-foot lots on Fifty-seventh-st. at $500 to $1,000; three 2-story frame, Mohawk-st., near Clybourn-av.; $3,000. (3 flats.) CHAS. N. HALE, 153 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAINS— No. 2413 Dearborn-st., 7-room house and barn, $2,500. Make offer.

No. 357 Park-av., 2-story house with 30-foot lot; $3,600

GIBBS & CALKINS, 158 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BY GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 Dearborn-st.:

NORTH CLARK-ST.—Northwest corner of Oak; 103 x11

NORTH WELLS-ST.—Northeast corner Michigan; 20½x69.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—

A GREAT RUSH FOR LOTS IN LAKE VIEW!
A GREAT RUSH FOR LOTS IN LAKE VIEW!
A GREAT RUSH FOR LOTS IN LAKE VIEW!

THE NEW SUBDIVISION
THE NEW SUBDIVISION
JUST OUTSIDE FIRE LIMITS!

YOU CAN BUILD WOODEN HOUSES,

NO CITY TAXES.

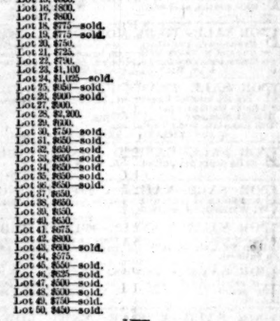
GO AND SEE THEM.

TAKE LINCOLN-AVENUE STREET-CARS.

One of the most pleasant rides in the city, passing in front of Lincoln Park and along a finely-shaded avenue

The location is unexcelled, fronting on the two great main avenues just north of the city limits, Lincoln and Diversey-avs., with high, dry, and rich ground, good drainage, good water, near schools, churches, parks, and street-cars. Only a pleasant ride from the centre of the city. Lots the same distance out on the South Side, and not nearly as pleasantly located, cost from five to ten times more. Those who buy now will soon double their money. The lots are surrounded by a double row of trees, and full-width sidewalks, and many fine buildings are in process of erection on all sides of the property.

We shall make it a Fine Success and Model Subdivision before the summer is over.



Compare carefully the number of lots and prices given below with the plat above. Twenty-three lots already sold, and others being engaged every day.

Lot 1 $1,500.
Lot 2, $700.
Lot 3, —sold.
Lot 4, 800—sold d.
Lot 5, 800—sold.
Lot 6, 800.
Lot 7, 875.
Lot 8, $700.
Lot 9, 675.
Lot 10, 750.
Lot 11, 775.
Lot 12, 800—sold.
Lot 13, 800—sold.
Lot 14, 800—sold.
Lot 15, 800.
Lot 16, 1800.
Lot 17, 800.
Lot 18, 875—sold.
Lot 19, 875—sold.
Lot 20, 875.
Lot 21, 875.
Lot 22, 875.
Lot 23, $1,100
Lot 24, $1,025—sold.
Lot 25, 1,000—sold.
Lot 26, 900.
Lot 27, 800.
Lot 28, $2,200.
Lot 29, 800.
Lot 30, $1,000—sold.
Lot 31, 850—sold.
Lot 32, 850—sold.
Lot 33, 850—sold.
Lot 34, 850—sold.
Lot 35, 850—sold.
Lot 36, 850—sold.
Lot 37, 850.
Lot 38, 850.
Lot 39, 850.
Lot 40, 850.
Lot 41, 875.
Lot 42, 800.
Lot 43, 800—sold.
Lot 44, 875.
Lot 45, 850—sold.
Lot 46, 825—sold.
Lot 47, 800—sold.
Lot 48, 800—sold.
Lot 49, 875—sold.
Lot 50, 875.

Our agent is on the property for information all day Sunday.

S. E. GROSS & CO.,

69 Dearborn-st., Room 2, subdividers and owners of ten new subdivisions.

Open Wednesday and Saturday evenings till 9 o'clock.

FOR SALE—AT ENGLEWOOD—IMproved and unimproved property in the choicest locations in the village.

Houses built to order on monthly payments.

Choice residences ranging in price from $1,500 to $8,000.

Unimproved lots for $20 per foot upwards.

You will make a serious mistake if you do not call on me before purchasing elsewhere.

7-room house and 45 feet south front for sale at $3,200; only $100 cash required; balance on monthly payments.

A splendid seven-room house and 60 feet of ground for $4,000; one-half cash; 40 trains daily each way.

Call on or address CHANDLER S. REDFIELD,

6134 Wentworth-av., Englewood, Ill.

FOR SALE—BY GEORGE M. BOGUE, 103 DEARBORN-ST.

FORTY-SEVENTH-ST., southeast corner of Ellsworth, 102x167.

GREENWOOD-AV., northeast corner of Forty-ninth-st., 300x300.

GREENWOOD-AV., southwest corner of Forty-ninth-st., 300x300.

GREENWOOD-AV., northwest corner of Fiftieth-st., 100x200.

FORTY-SEVENTH-ST., southwest corner of Woodlawn-av., 200x200.

FORTY-SEVENTH-ST., northeast corner Hyde Park-av., an elegant lot with fine view of the lake.

FOR SALE—ON EASY MONTHLY payments, Woodlawn lots on the Ridge, three blocks west and one south of the I. C. R. R. Sixty-third-st. depot and near both South Park; Woodlawn-av., east front, lots (having lake water), $8 to $15 per foot. Beautiful grove lots, $12 to $20 per foot. I will be glad to show lots, and any afternoon from parties (meaning business) can go free to see them. F. W. GREEN, 93 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$100 WILL BUY A BEAUtiful lot, 127 feet deep, at Glencoe, where the bank of the lake is 80 feet high, $15 down, $5 monthly; these are the cheapest lots in the market; cheap railroad fare and trains almost every hour. I will furnish you lots and lumber to build on them without any money down, or build a house to suit you; abstract free. If you want a building lot, send for circular and lot $1,000; only $200 down, and $15 monthly for balance, stop paying rent and get you a home of your own. Subscribers are to arrive at city daily at 9:15, or 3:45. IRA BROWN, 142 La Salle-st., Room 4.

FOR SALE—PULLMAN LOTS—ON THE ridge west of Pullman and Kensington, at $145 and upwards; streets, sidewalks, water, etc. Easy terms. Call before 10 a. m. or after 4 p. m. THOS. SCANLAN, office W. D. Kerfoot & Co., 90 Washington-st., or R. T. BROOKFIELD, Kensington.

FOR SALE—ENGLEWOOD-AV., 25 OR 50 feet, south front.

Wentworth-av. 8-in. sewer between Fifty-first and Fifty-second-sts., east front lots, $800 each.

Emerald-av., east front, north of Thirty-seventh-st., $500 each. CHAS. N. HALE, 153 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE — 10 OR 20 ACRES NEAR Pullman. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—WOODLAWN, I. C. R. R., lot 30x165 feet, and 8-room house (just completed), with all the modern improvements. For further particulars call, or address, J. E. HARPER, 194 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—ONE-HALF MILE LAKE front; best opportunity ever offered for speedy profit; also elegant location for suburban town and summer resort; 2 first-class accommodations; terms of sale strictly confidential, as property is not offered except on certain conditions, and at cost, forced sale, and 100 per cent guaranteed within one year. Only capitalists need answer, with cash on hand, giving address. O 24, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—RARE OPPORTUNITY

FOR INVESTMENT.

Ten acres corner of Halsted and Fifty-first-sts. A. F. STEVENSON, 95 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—EVANS-AV., NEAR FORTYfifth-st., cottage of 7 rooms, large barn; lot 28 x178 feet. F. A. HENSHAW, 170 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—80 ACRES of fine garden land, or suitable for a brickyard, on the North Branch of the Chicago River, fronting east on Western-av. and south on Graceland road. Will sell in 10-acre blocks if desired. J. GUNZENHAUSER, 157 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE 40-ACRE TRACT on Western Indiana Belt Railroad; a bargain. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GROVE LOT 36X178 FEET, north front, on Forty-third-st., 170 feet east of Cottage Grove-av. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—HOMES AT ENGLEWOOD are selling rapidly on the remarkably easy terms we offer. Choice grove lots, with gas, water and sewer in street; reached in 25 minutes; best of schools, churches, and neighbors; will build any plan you like. Call and bring your plans and talk it over. D. W. STORRS,

94 Washington-st., Room 23.

FOR SALE—HYDE PARK PROPERTY a specialty—Good lots near Forty-third-st. Station, $30 to $50 per foot; choice lots in Kenwood, $50 to $100; lots near Fiftieth-st. Station, $40 to $75; good lots near Hyde Park Station for $25 to $30, and better lots for $40 to $75; some very good lots near South Park Station, covered with native oak trees, for $25 to $30; lots near Woodlawn Station, $15 to $20. Also houses and lots for $2,000 to $50,000.

NOAH BARNES,

85 Washington-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—PRICES GOING UP again at East Grove. All lots now selling for $75 will be $85 after Oct. 1 and $100 after Nov. 1. Lots 30x132 feet, with shade-trees and sidewalks; $10 cash, $5 monthly; no interest. Beautiful, high, rolling upland, being the highest section of land on the C., R. & Q. Railroad, with healthy, bracing air and lovely views. Splendid soil, water, and drainage. Any number of trains, week days and Sunday. STREET & CO., owners, 200 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—WE HAVE A REAL ESTate investment requiring $1,000 that will yield a large profit; location south of city, in Hyde Park. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—THE FLEMing House, 716 Forty-third-st., Union Stock-Yards, doing a good business; first-class location. Inquire or address the premises.

FOR SALE—MUST HAVE MONEY— Have two lots in South Chicago worth $600; will sell for one-third their value. S 11, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—HOUSES— NORTH SIDE.

Wanted—A well-built and desirably located house of 8 or 10 rooms, with modern conveniences. Immediate possession required.

Wanted—A similar house for possession next May. Must be near house in the Nickersonville School District that $6,000 will buy.

Wanted—A large house of 14 rooms, with every convenience, in good neighborhood.

SOUTH SIDE.

Wanted—A small, well-built house, located south of Twenty-second-st., east of State. Price not to exceed $6,000.

Wanted—A nice house of 10 rooms, with modern conveniences desirably located within the above limits. Will pay from $7,000 to $10,000.

Wanted—A brown house with barn, located west of Michigan-av., and south of Thirty-first-st. Can pay $7,000 to $9,000.

WEST SIDE.

Wanted—A large house with modern improvements on or near Ashland-av.

Address with full particulars, or call, PERCY W. PALMER, 115 Dearborn-st., Room 3.

WANTED—A REAL-ESTATE INvestment of $10,000 to $15,000 on first-class street, North or South Division, with cheap improvements. State terms and location. P 43, Tribune office.

WANTED—LOT OR HOUSE AND LOT on

...SES AND CARRIAGES.

...ALE—BRIGHT BAY MARE, 15½ ..., 7 years old, sound and kind; no use for ... can be seen at F. J. HENRY'S, 4 Monroe.

...E SOME FINE CHEAP BUGGIES, ...e first-class buggies of my own make, ... them. 1456 Wabash-av. E. G. HAYDE.

...G OUT CHEAP—4 ONE-HORSE ... 2 two-horse trucks, 1 jump-seat buggy, 6 ...surrey buggies, 2 road wagons, 3 phaetons, ...1 top buggies.

...IS, IF YOU WANT A GREAT ...l Sound, gentle, good driving mare, safe ...also fine new harness and a first-class fall ...buggy, white, duster, fly net, hood, etc., all ...taken at once. 45 South Ashland-av.

...DID PASTURE FOR HORSES, ... Inquire at 45 Monroe-st.

...NT—BOARDING STABLE ROOM ...enty horses. Inquire of D. P. PECK, 503

...SEATED T-CART, SHAFTS, ...nd double harness, almost as good as new, ...bargain. Call Monday and for 3 days at ...et.

...ES WISHING GOOD SUMMER ...ring can find the best in the State by ap... OSCAR FIELD, 165-167 Michigan-av.

...TED—TO HIRE A RIG FOR ...sure driving for balance of the season, or ...f a decided bargain. Best of care given. ...0, Tribune office.

...TED—ORDERS FOR A FAMILY ...ses run without horses; carry from one to ...; healthful, pleasant, and safe; easily pur... send orders to H. F. SLOAN, with J. ... Factory of Lake and Jef... Cost from $150 to $250.

...TED—A SMALL HORSE, GOOD ..., kind, in exchange for 3-seated carriage, ...top. Apply morning or evening at 373

...TED—A GOOD SADDLE HORSE ...ily use. Address, stating bottom cash ...iculars, Q 51, Tribune office.

...TED—ONE OPEN AND ONE COV... delivery wagon, not used much; state ...dress R 18, Tribune office.

...TED—A HORSE, BUGGY, AND ...ess cheap for cash. Horse must be suita... to drive and buzzy in good condition. ..., Tribune office.

...TED—ROAD HORSE, OR HORSE, ..., etc., in exchange for elegant oil paint... $300. Address P 26, Tribune office.

...TED—SET OF LIGHT DOUBLE ...ess; must be good as new; cash. Address ...ne office.

...TED — POLE COMPLETE FOR ... carriage. Address O 43, Tribune office.

...TED—TEAMS AND MEN, MON... on Market-st., near Madison, north of ...cavation. H. L. HAWLEY.

...TED — A FIRST-CLASS BUSI... horse in exchange for a choice suburban ...dence Q 22, Tribune office.

...TED—TO BUY A HORSE AND ...y suitable for physician; must be a good ...uiet, and reliable. Address 207 Lake-st.

...RECEIVE FROM THE COUN... car-loads of horses, including heavy draft, ...d farm horses; also one pair of extra ...oad coach carriage horses. KLEE & TAUSIG, ...Centre-st.

...BUYS A GOOD SOUND HORSE, ...t for buzzy or wagon; good traveler, ...n, rear 276 Thirty-second-st.

FINANCIAL.

...AMOUNTS, $100 TO $2,000, TO ...on furniture, pianos, machinery, horses, ...and warehouse receipts, without removal; ...ses; also mortgages and notes bought. 95 ...rk-st., Room 60.

...TLEMAN OF MEANS DESIRING ...table investment can obtain ½ interest in ...alued manufactory of staple specialties. ...vestigation and unquestionable reference ... Address Q 7, Tribune office.

...FTH NATIONAL LOAN OFFICE, ...outh Clark-st., money advanced on all ...ty and personal property; no publicity; ...mber, where all goods can be renewed or re... Established 1870.

...AMOUNTS TO LOAN ON FURNI... without removal, pianos, and other collat... Room 8 Bee-Hive, 92 and 94 Dearborn-st., Room 4.

...AMOUNT LOANED ON FURNI... pianos, etc., without removal, and other ... 150 Dearborn-st., Room 4.

...AMOUNT TO LOAN ON FURNI... and pianos without removal. 151 Randolph-...4.

...ANCES ON DIAMONDS, BONDS, ...ches, etc., at low rates. LOANS NEGOTI... Randolph-st. Established 1865.

...AMOUNT OF MONEY TO LOAN ...watches, diamonds, jewelry, etc. TOM N. ...LY & CO., Money Loan Office, 115 Dearborn... Madison and Washington.

...TO RENT—STONE-FRONT HOUSE 106 ...Forest-av., 12 rooms. 79 Dearborn-st., Room 45, ...LAFE CURTIS.

...TO RENT—UNTIL MAY 1, 1883, HOUSE ... No. 2247 Michigan-av. Apply to EDWIN F. ...RAYLEY, 39 Portland Block.

...TO RENT—NEW SIX LARGE ROOM ... houses; all improvements. Thirty-fifth-st, head ...of Rhodes-av.; go see them.

...TO RENT—166 TWENTY-FOURTH-ST., ... east of Wabash-av., two-story and basement ...frame house, newly repaired. Inquire at Room 4 ...Times Building.

North Side.

...TO RENT—A 13-ROOM HOUSE ON ... North La Salle-st., near Chicago-av., entirely and ...elegantly furnished; $800 cash buys all the furniture. ...Also 5-room flat furnished for $45 per month. ...Also 8-room flat; $800 furniture for sale; rent $35. ...Also 10-room, first-class boarding-house on Dearborn-av., near Erie, several 12 to 14-room houses, all with all or part of furniture for sale. JOSEPH WARBURTON & ...

...TO RENT—FOR SALE—$2,500—ALL ... the furniture in 13-room strictly-first-class house on ...North Side, near Washington Park; this furniture is ...first-class in every way, and new cost $4,000; rent of ...house $40 per month; the rooms rent for $150 per ...month; it will suit most any one who wants a nice ...home for renting out rooms. Call and see for your... self. H. DIXON, 170 Madison-st.

...TO RENT—OCTAGON BRICK, TEN ... rooms, bath, furnace, closets, barn, etc., in good ...order; good neighborhood; from Sept. 1. 357 Howe-...st., between Centre-st. and Garfield-av.

...TO RENT—BRICK HOUSE, 10 ROOMS, ... $40, opposite Lincoln Park; all or part furniture ...for sale. O 24, Tribune office.

...TO RENT—592 GARFIELD-AV., TEN... room stone-front, very pleasant, one block ...from Park. R. S. BUTLER & CO., 86 North Clark.

...TO RENT—2-STORY AND BASEMENT ... house, 184 North Clark-st., corner Belden-av.; ...modern improvements; house in good condition; de... sirable neighborhood. Inquire on the premises.

...TO RENT—A COTTAGE OF 5 ROOMS, ... $15; and furniture for sale cheap for cash. Ad... dress R 86, Tribune office.

...TO RENT—10-ROOM HOUSE IN GOOD ... condition, with every modern convenience; one ...block from Lincoln Park. Call at 340 Belden-av.

...TO RENT—BRICK, 7 ROOMS, BELDEN... ...ue near park, $40. M. PORTER, 14 Grant-place.

...TO RENT—SEPTEMBER TO MAY— ... marble front, seven rooms besides cellar and ...laundry; rent $40. Also 8 story Richmond, lo... cation, Harlem-place near Lincoln Park. Apply after Tuesday to F. G. SALTONSTALL, 128 La Salle-st.

Miscellaneous.

...TO RENT—MARBLE-FRONT HOUSE, ... with modern improvements, in first-class loca... tion, partly furnished, for board of owners, with privi... lege of other boarders. Address P 63, Tribune office.

...TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE ... with all modern improvements; possession 1st of ...September. Inquire at 157 Washington, Room 17.

...TO RENT—TWO NEW COTTAGES, 5 ... rooms each, hydrant water in kitchen, only $12.50 ...and $15 per month. J. C. & J. S. SCOVEL, 125 ...Cart-st.

Suburban.

...TO RENT—5726 MADISON-AV., NEW ... two-story and cellar brick, ten rooms, all modern ...improvements, two blocks from South Park station, ...$30. RICE & WAKE, 143 La Salle-st.

...TO RENT—IN HYDE PARK, NEAR ... Fifty-fifth street, a fine 11-room house, all modern ...improvements; would sell part of furniture if de... sirable; immediate possession. Address O 64, Tribune.

...TO RENT—OR FOR SALE—IN ENGLE... wood—new 7-room new house, on Wright-st., ...near Sixty-fifth-st. W. O. BUDD.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

...TO RENT—A TEN-ROOM FLAT ON ... Wabash-av., with use of Furniture ... sale; J. & J. M. GAMBLE, Room 4, 49 Dearborn-st.

...TO RENT—FLAT 1235 STATE-ST. D. ...MONTON, Room 41 Reaper Block.

...TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISH... ed flat of 5 rooms; would be rented cheap to a ...family; very desirable. Apply 3457 Cottage Grove-...av., or 1 door from Thirty-first-st. station and the Lake.

...TO RENT—FLAT, EIGHT ROOMS, NO. ... 1, thirty-ninth-st., south corner Indiana-av. F. ...KESSLER, Room 5, 79 Dearborn-st.

...TO RENT—3634 WABASH-AV., NEW- ... ly furnished flat of 4 rooms, with closets; furni... ture for sale cheap for cash. Cal. at 128 Dearborn-...st.

...TO RENT—3908 WABASH-AV., TWO ... first-class new and modern 7-room flats; en... trance and yards separate.

...TO RENT—FLAT, VERY DESIRABLE, ... to gunsmaker or tailor, at 359 Wabash-av. In... the drug-store.

...TO RENT—3631 WABASH-AV.—FLATS ... complete; suite to rent or separate. Call Sunday.

North Side.

...TO RENT—NO. 561 WEST SUPERIOR- ... st., beautiful flat of 5 large rooms, bathe, clos... ets, etc. W. OLLMAN, Room 31, 55 Clark-st.

...TO RENT—SECOND FLAT, No. 147 ... North Clark-st., 6 rooms and bath; $40 per month. ...Inquire W. K. STEELE, 167 North Clark-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.

North Side.

TO RENT—11-ROOM CORNER FLAT, and furniture for sale cheap; all new. Inquire on premises, 475 Belden-av., one block west of Lincoln Park.

TO RENT—A 7-ROOM FLAT; NEW brick building, 332 East Division-st. Inquire next door.

TO RENT—GOOD FLAT, 6 ROOMS, good condition; Indiana-st., near State. Possession at once. A. T. GALT, 108 Dearborn-st., Room 51.

TO RENT—A MODERN, IMPROVED flat; six rooms; brick building; separate entrance. Inquire at 153 Locust-st., corner Wells.

TO RENT—A FLAT OF 5 NICE ROOMS at 439 State-st. None but respectable parties need apply.

TO RENT—FLATS, 3 AND 4 ROOMS, Belden-av., near Park, 218 and 218. 14 Grant-pl.

West Side.

TO RENT—BY J. C. MAGILL & CO., 86 Washington-st., in the elegant Talbott apartment buildings, superbly finished suites of 7 rooms, all modern improvements; building is furnished with elevator, and halls are heated, and entire premises taken care of by efficient persons without expense to tenants; location first-class.

TO RENT—FLAT ONE LARGE AL- cove and two medium-sized rooms, bath, etc., first-class condition, good neighborhood; price very reasonable to right parties, without children. 279 Oakley-av., near Van Buren-st.

TO RENT—FIRST-CLASS 7-ROOM FLAT in new building on Irving-place, near Jackson-st.; modern improvements. Address O H 57, Tribune.

TO RENT—GOOD, WELL-ARRANGED 6-room flat, furnished or unfurnished; grained; in good order. 708 Madison-st. Inquire on premises.

TO RENT—SECOND-STORY FLAT, 4 rooms, 2 closets. 70 Paulina-st., near Madison.

TO RENT—FLAT OF 6 ROOMS, SEC- ond floor, on Madison-st., east of Union Park; rent $25; for sale furniture complete; very cheap. Address R 84, Tribune office.

TO RENT—214 SOUTH GREEN-ST., SIX room flat with bath and closet. EDMANSON BROS.

TO RENT—FLAT OF 6 ROOMS, MOD- ern improvements; paved streets; in best of repair. 484 Warren-av.

TO RENT—FLAT, FOUR ROOMS, FUR- nished or unfurnished. 356 West Taylor-st.

TO RENT—$20—4-ROOM FLAT; SEC- ond floor, No. 327 West Madison-st. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—705 WEST JACKSON-ST.— First-class flat; all modern conveniences.

TO RENT—146 NORTH PEORIA-ST.— Five-room flat.

TO RENT—736 WEST MADISON-ST., on second floor, entrance from Lincoln-st.; 5 rooms. 741 West Madison-st., on third floor, 7 rooms. HENRY RIEKE, 181 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—AT 349 HUBBARD-ST., A nice flat, containing six rooms and three closets; rent reasonable.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—NICE AIRY ROOMS, WITH or without board, at 55 Twentieth-st. Location first-class.

TO RENT — NEWLY - FURNISHED rooms at 142 State-st., near Madison, centrally located. Transients accommodated.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM at 1020 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT AND side rooms. Call today at 291 Wabash-av., Room 12.

TO RENT—FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED front and back parlor and bedrooms; also a large alcove and two good-sized rooms, furnished or unfurnished; with or without board. At 2053 Wabash-av.

TO RENT — CLEAN, NEWLY-FUR- nished rooms to gentlemen or ladies. 244 Wabash-av., second and third flights, to the left.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED SUITE OF rooms suitable for light housekeeping; private family. 12 East Thirteenth-st., Room 1, upstairs.

TO RENT—A NICELY-FURNISHED front room; moderate price. 2433 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE UNFURNISH- ed large sleeping-rooms at 36 Bryant-av.; hot and cold water.

TO RENT—THREE PLEASANT UN- furnished rooms. 2405 Wabash-av.

TO RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS — Large front room, suitable for two; also two small rooms. 91 South Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—IN PRIVATE FAMILY, 4 rooms, single or en suite, nicely furnished, with hot and cold water, bath, etc., with use of kitchen, if desired. 1355 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—1426 WABASH-A.V.—NICE- ly furnished front room, hot and cold water, closets; also other rooms.

TO RENT—LARGE, PLEASANT FRONT room, furnished. Apply at 1457 Wabash-av.

TO RENT — 2246 WABASH-AV.—A double front alcove room; also other rooms.

TO RENT—A NEATLY FURNISHED room; for gentleman only. 375 Wabash-av., first flat.

TO RENT—369 WABASH-AV., SINGLE furnished room, very cheap, first flat.

TO RENT—1354 WABASH-AV.—FUR- nished alcove, also other rooms, all desirable. Terms reasonable to permanent parties.

TO RENT—TWO VERY DESIRABLE furnished rooms, Michigan-av., near Thirteenth-st.; gentlemen only. Address R 96, Tribune office.

TO RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED rooms; cheap; first-class location; call early; can suit you. 2250 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—AT 2240 WABASH-AV.—ONE front suite of elegant rooms, unfurnished; also two rooms furnished; all in good order; without board.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED connecting front rooms for two or three gents, block and a half from cable-cars, 355 Thirty-first-st., top bell.

TO RENT—41 SOUTH CLARK-ST.— Large, elegantly-furnished front room, suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, $2 TO $4 per week. 66 Thirteenth-st.

TO RENT—TWO OR THREE ROOMS, 1716 Fortieth-st., near Drexel boulevard. Refer- ences required.

TO RENT—151 TWENTY-SECOND-ST., a suite of nicely-furnished front rooms; a flat, unfurnished; also other rooms.

TO RENT — NICELY - FURNISHED rooms, suitable for one or two gentlemen, 167 and 169 East Madison-st. Apply at Room 31.

TO RENT—SOUTH SIDE—A NEWLY- furnished alcove room, $25, and a square room at $15 per month, in a modern marble house near Thirty-first-st. station and the lake; hot and cold water, ventilation, and registers in each room; to rent by a private family to gentlemen only. Address N 70, Tribune office.

TO RENT — A NICELY-FURNISHED front room. 229 Michigan-av., Flat J.

TO RENT—3330 STATE-ST., TWO GEN- tlemen, without board, two connecting and very desirable rooms; all improvements; private family. S. M. KELLOGG.

TO RENT—278 MICHIGAN-AV.—FUR- nished front parlor; also small room.

TO RENT—THE SECOND FLOOR 1318 Wabash-av. for light housekeeping.

TO RENT—562 WABASH-AV.—DESIRA- ble furnished rooms.

TO RENT—SUITE, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, for housekeeping or lodging, or with board; private family. 1312 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—AT 1728 INDIANA-AV., 3 nice rooms and closets, en suite, unfurnished, second story; first-class locality.

TO RENT—PRAIRIE-AV., NEAR SIX- teenth-st., handsomely-furnished front room, with small room adjoining, for gentlemen only. Best of reference required. Strictly private family. Ad- dress O 70, Tribune office.

TO RENT — NEWLY-FURNISHED rooms to two or three gentlemen only. 80 Sher- man-st.

TO RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms, with hot and cold water; also bath-room. 1353 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY-FURNISHED rooms at 1321 Fortieth-st., between Cottage Grove and Langley-avs.

TO RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, private family. 2136 Indiana-av.

TO RENT — A LARGE FURNISHED room (pleasant east front), private family. Ref- erences required. Inquire at 2216 Indiana-av.

TO RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front and bed room, cheap to good party. 3546 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—1334 WABASH-AV., NICE- ly furnished rooms, two alcoves, first and second floors; gas and bath.

TO RENT—SUITE OF FRONT FUR- nished rooms; also single room. 192 Michigan-av., Flat 15.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR two gentlemen; private family. 9 Thirty-sixth-st.

TO RENT—1351 WABASH-AV.—FUR- nished room without board.

TO RENT — WITH OR WITHOUT board—286 Thirty-ninth-st., between Langley and Vincennes-avs., ten minutes' walk from Oakland Station, on the Illinois Central Railroad.

TO RENT—LARGE FURNISHED ROOM with closet, for sleeping or light housekeeping; also nicely furnished front parlor. Call or address 45 East Eighteenth-st., Sunday.

TO RENT—THREE NEWLY FURNISH- ed rooms for one or two gentlemen; also one alcove for gentleman or lady. Good reference re- quired. Apply at 51 East Harrison-st., between Wa- bash-av. and State-st.

TO RENT—3707 ELLIS-AV. (BRICK) upper floor in thorough repair; $20. Call Sunday afternoon or evenings after 7.

TO RENT — WABASH-AV., NEAR Eighteenth-st., the lower half of house, five rooms, all modern improvements; basement party. Address D, care of Carrier 54, Post-Office.

TO RENT—ROOMS, NEATLY FUR- nished, single or en suite. Apply at 9 Hubbard-court.

TO RENT—85 DEARBORN-ST.—FUR- nished rooms. Apply at Room 13.

TO RENT—WANTED—COUPLE TO take lower floor of first-class residence, fur- nished, and board man, wife, and child; liberal in- ducements. Best of references required. Address O E 75, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFUR- nished rooms, to first-class parties, at 1934 Wa- bash-av.

TO RENT—14 SIXTEENTH-ST., FUR- nished room.

TO RENT—FLAT; 4 ROOMS; FUR- nished or unfurnished; at 3117 South Park-av. Apply to JOSEPH WARBURTON & CO., 115 Adams.

West Side.

TO RENT—SECOND STORY, STONE front, four rooms and bath, near Union Park; will sell furniture when it desired. WM. L. PATTEN & CO., 220 East Washington-st.

TO RENT—A LADY HAVING A FUR- nished room on Carpenter-st., near Madison, would like a respectable lady room-mate. S 25, Trib- une office.

TO RENT—ELEGANT ROOMS, SINGLE or en suite, furnished, and all modern con- veniences; family of two. 62 South Ashland-av.

TO RENT—A SINGLE AND SUITE OF furnished rooms at 22 Ogden-av.; gas bath, etc.; close to two lines of street cars and facing Union Park.

TO RENT—ELEGANT LARGE FRONT room en suite, furnished, in private family; mod- ern. 382 Madison-st., corner Centre-av., second flat.

TO RENT—ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR of first-class house, in desirable locality on Warren-av., consisting of four rooms, bathroom, and closet; or would rent two rooms comfortably furnished for housekeeping, or would rent two suites of rooms. Address S 6, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT PAR- lor for two. 336 West Randolph-st.

TO RENT—332 WASHINGTON BOULE- vard, large furnished room; every convenience. Private family.

TO RENT—FURNISHED SOUTH front and rear rooms, in private family, 608 Wash- ington-boulevard. Will rent together or separate.

TO RENT—A PLEASANT FURNISHED room suitable for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen. Reference required. 472 Randolph-st., corner Sangamon.

TO RENT — A LARGE FURNISHED front room, also two unfurnished rooms for housekeeping, with all conveniences. 473 Madison- st., up-stairs.

TO RENT — NEWLY-FURNISHED rooms, with bath. 141 West Madison-st., first flat.

TO RENT—149 PARK-AV., PARLOR floor, 6 rooms, $25 per month.

TO RENT—192 SOUTH PEORIA-ST., A parlor floor furnished complete for hou-skeeping.

TO RENT—AT 37 AND 39 ADAMS-ST., nicely-furnished rooms, by the week, to first- class parties only.

TO RENT—THE LOWER STORY OF 199 Winchester-av.; 6 rooms, $15; within one block of Ogden-av. cars. Inquire up-stairs.

TO RENT—A SUITE OF TWO LARGE unfurnished front rooms for housekeeping; sec- ond floor over drug-store; $15. Apply at 132 Throop-st.

TO RENT—24 BISHOP-COURT—A VERY desirable flat, furnished or unfurnished.

TO RENT—ROOM FOR GENTLEMAN and lady; West Side; pleasant, quiet location; board for lady only. Address S 19, Tribune office.

TO RENT—SEVERAL NICELY-FUR- nished rooms at 222 and 224 West Washington-st., and one unfurnished front room, second floor, at 262.

TO RENT — FURNISHED PARLOR suite to four gentlemen, at 178 West Madison- st., first flat.

TO RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms for sleeping or light housekeeping. 36 Ogden-av., opposite Union Park.

TO RENT—257 WEST MADISON-ST., first floor—Furnished rooms. Reference ex- changed.

TO RENT—VERY REASONABLE, A desirable furnished front parlor in private fami- ly. 234 South Morgan-st.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED rooms, single or en suite; bath, gas, etc.; strictly private family; terms reasonable. 237 Monroe-st., corner of Hoyne.

TO RENT—FRONT PARLOR, FUR- nished or unfurnished, in private family. 594 West Lake-st.

TO RENT—A FRONT ALCOVE; ALL conveniences; everything new and first-class; other rooms. 14 South Sheldon-st., near Washington. Call any day.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms, with or without board. 18 Ogden-av., facing Union Park.

TO RENT—3 ROOMS IN FRONT PART of cottage, with closets and water; terms rea- sonable to choice tenant. 1184 Fulton-st.

TO RENT — WITH OR WITHOUT board, beautiful front alcove. 467 Washington boulevard.

TO RENT—PARLOR FLOOR, 3-STORY house, near Union Park, to small family; gas, hot and cold water. O 77, Tribune office.

TO RENT—330 WEST ADAMS-ST., NICE rooms to permanent parties; board near.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT PAR- lor, with bed, for one or two gentlemen; private family. References required. 14 North May-st., be- tween Lake and Randolph.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH bath, etc., in private family, for gentlemen, or man and wife; no children; with use of kitchen and laundry. Inquire 145 S. Sangamon-st., first floor.

TO RENT—10 NEWLY FURNISHED rooms from $5 to $7 per week and use of bath- room; for 4 gentlemen $5 per month each. 227 West Adams-st.

TO RENT—THREE NICE ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. Inquire in drug-store, corner Madison and Robey-sts. O 98, Tribune office.

TO RENT — FURNISHED ALCOVE room. 19 North Throop-st.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

West Side.

TO RENT—ROOMS, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, with or without board. 11 Park-av.

TO RENT—AT 14 NORTH THROOP-ST., two nicely-furnished rooms; use of bath.

TO RENT—NEAR UNION PARK— Neatly-furnished bedroom to one gent, $7 per month; private family. Reference required. 509 West Lake-st., lower flat.

TO RENT—FROM SEPT. 1 TO A FAMI- ly without children, parlor and basement floors, 40 South Ada-st., to responsible parties.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, $2.50 and $4 per week; all conveniences; private house. 49 South Elizabeth-st.

TO RENT—SUITE OF 3 ROOMS UN- furnished, 495 West Van Buren-st., first flat; call Sunday.

TO RENT—4 ROOMS, CLOSETS AND bath, suitable for light housekeeping. 74 Throop- st., nearly opposit Jefferson Park.

TO RENT—38 SOUTH ADA-ST., FRONT alcove room; private family. References ex- changed.

TO RENT—ONE LARGE NEWLY FUR- nished or unfurnished front room, suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife. 86 South Halsted- st., opposite Academy; photo gallery.

TO RENT—$15 PER MONTH TO SMALL family, lower part of 256 Hermitage-av.; 3 rooms and closets. Corner West Van Buren-st.; keys up- stairs.

TO RENT — WEST SIDE—A HAND- some octagon-front alcove room, furnished; all modern improvements; two minutes' walk from Madison-st. cars; private family. N 59, Tribune.

TO RENT—AT 51 SOUTH SHELDON- st., between Washington and Madison, nicely furnished rooms on bath-room floor.

TO RENT — LARGE FURNISHED front room in small family to one or two single gentlemen; close to Lake-st. cars. Apply at 210 Car- roll-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen; quiet neighborhood. 351 West Jack- son-st.

TO RENT—SECOND FLOOR (6 ROOMS). 321 West Hubbard-st.

TO RENT—LARGE WELL-FURNISHED room; use of bath, at 347 West Washington-st.

TO RENT—ROOMS AND BARN, IN- quire at 573 West Twelfth-st., up-stairs, in rear.

North Side.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISH- ed rooms at 518 North Clark-st.

TO RENT — NEWLY - FURNISHED rooms, 153 North Clark-st. Inquire first floor.

TO RENT—FIRST AND SECOND floors of No. 125 Sedgwick-st.

TO RENT—PART OF HOUSE SOUTH of Lincoln Park, east of Wells. P 39, Tribune.

TO RENT—2 LARGE FRONT ROOMS, handsomely furnished; gentlemen preferred; bath, hot and cold water. Reference. 29 Pine-st.

TO RENT—347 ELM-ST., NO. 2, ELE- gantly furnished parlors, with several bedrooms, together or separate.

TO RENT—A NICE FRONT ROOM FUR- nished, for a single gentleman. 597 North La Salle-st. Bell on gate.

TO RENT—PERSONS WISHING HAND- somely-furnished rooms in private family, cen- trally located, can find them at 240 La Salle-av., cor- ner Chestnut-st.

TO RENT — NICELY-FURNISHED rooms. 253 Illinois-st.

TO RENT—FOR A GENTLEMAN—A front room, well furnished, with heat, gas, and hot and cold water. Inquire at 535 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—TWO FRONT ADJOINING rooms, facing lake, private family. 228 Rush-st.

TO RENT—SINGLE ROOM, PRIVATE family, Chicago-av., east of State-st.; $10 per month. Address R 14, Tribune office.

TO RENT — LA SALLE-AV., NEAR Lincoln Park, the second story (containing three rooms) and attic of a marble-front house for $30 per month. Address O 52 Tribune office.

TO RENT—NEAR LINCOLN PARK, A nicely-furnished front room, in private family, for man and wife or two single gentlemen; no other roomers. Address P 43, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FROM SEPT. 1, ON LAR- rabee-st., north of Centre, 7 rooms en suite and barn, if convenient, to a respectable family without children. Address P 92, Tribune office.

TO RENT—NICELY-FURNISHED rooms at 257 East Indiana-st.

TO RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS in a strictly private family, en suite or single; east front; on Dearborn-av., between Chicago-av. and Erie-st. Address O 19 Tribune office.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISH- ed, sunny front room; also one single room; house new; location first-class; North Side; ten minutes from Tribune office. Apply to Q 37, Tribune office.

TO RENT—235 SUPERIOR-ST., EAST OF Clark, front parlor and bedroom, unfurnished; delightful rooms. References required.

TO RENT—A LARGE WELL FUR- nished front room, with hall room if desired, all conveniences and home comforts, in a private family, suitable for one or two gentlemen, with or without board, at 341 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—4 UNFURNISHED ROOMS. 408 North Clark-st., near Lincoln Park.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY-FURNISH- ed front room. 129 Dearborn-av. References required.

TO RENT—73 NORTH STATE-ST.— Well furnished rooms. Also one front alcove.

TO RENT—PARLOR FLOOR AND basement, furnished for housekeeping, very cheap. Address O 65, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISH- ed rooms, en suite or single. 210 North Clark-st., third flat, Room 1.

TO RENT—A VERY NICELY FUR- nished front room, also a small room, with all modern improvements, to gentlemen only. 136 Dear- born-av.

TO RENT — NICELY-FURNISHED rooms, with use of bath, at 55 Rush-st., near In- diana.

TO RENT—246 LA SALLE-AV.—A large east-front room and a hall bed-room.

TO RENT—THREE NICELY-FURNISH- ed rooms, La Salle-st., near Division-st.; bath, gas, etc. Q 81, Tribune office.

TO RENT—IN A PRIVATE HOUSE—A nicely-furnished room for 1 or 2 gentlemen. Ap- ply at 241 East Huron-st.

TO RENT—LIGHT, AIRY ROOMS NEW- ly whitewashed and cleaned. 47 North Clark-st. Mrs. J. McINTYRE.

TO RENT—A PLEASANT FURNISHED front room, for gentleman preferred. Call before 9 a. m. or after 6 p. m., at 312 North Clark- st., first flat.

TO RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS. 35 East Huron-st.

TO RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED room, at 276 East Erie-st.

TO RENT — 197 ONTARIO-ST., ONE nicely furnished front room, suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife; good locality. MRS. WILKINSON.

TO RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED south front room. 332 East Indiana-st.

TO RENT—SIX ROOMS, FURNISHED, for housekeeping. 138 North State-st.

TO RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED room. Inquire of Dr. Thomas Addison, Address 41 North State-st., Room 8 to 10 a. m., or 6 to 8 p. m.

TO RENT—PLEASANT ROOM. 346 LA Salle-av.

TO RENT—176 NORTH STATE-ST. nicely furnished rooms suitable for couples or three or four gents; also gent wants room mate.

TO RENT—AN ELEGANT FURNISHED south-front room suitable for two gentlemen; bath. 220 Ontario, between Clark-st. and Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—348 EAST INDIANA-ST., A furnished front alcove room.

TO RENT—A FLOOR OF FOUR ELE- gant rooms. 335 East Chicago-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANT, NEWLY FUR- nished front rooms for gents. 140 East Indiana.

TO RENT—ONE LARGE AND ONE small front room, nicely furnished; desirable for gentlemen. 67 Rush-st.

TO RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED front parlor for two gentlemen in private fami- ly. 362 Illinois-st., corner Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—NICE FRONT AND SINGLE rooms; gas and bath; with or without board. 250 Chestnut-place.

TO RENT—228 LA SALLE-AV.—NICE- ly-furnished alcove and other rooms.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED single and double rooms; all modern improve- ments. 58 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED rooms, with piano. 289 Chestnut-place.

TO RENT—3 FINELY-FURNISHED rooms, 1 alcove. Call at 345 Elm-st., Flat 4, North Side.

TO RENT—163 NORTH CLARK-ST., TOP flat, nice newly-furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen.

TO RENT—ONE LARGE AND ONE single room, nestly furnished; suitable for man and wife or two gentlemen. 275 Huron-st., near State.

TO RENT—3 OR 4 FURNISHED ROOMS to respectable parties for housekeeping; mod- ern improvements. Inquire at news-store Sunday, etc., 130 Wells-st.

TO RENT—IN PRIVATE HOUSE ONE large and one small room, elegantly furnished; to gentlemen or gentleman and wife only at 284 East Indiana-st.

TO RENT—NEWLY-FURNISHED front parlor and large alcove room; bath, etc. 251 Oak-st., near La Salle-av.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

North Side.

TO RENT—TWO WELL FURNISHED rooms in private family; board if desired; gen- tlemen only. 501 North Clark-st.

TO RENT—NEAR LINCOLN PARK, newly furnished front alcove room; all modern conveniences; private family. 367 North Clark-st.

TO RENT—343½ NORTH WELLS-ST., A nicely furnished room, with use of bath, in a small private (American) family.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—TO 2 FIRST-CLASS GEN- tlemen, a handsome front parlor with sleeping- room adjoining; best accommodations and best loca- tion in the city. Address S 2, Tribune office.

TO RENT—NEATLY FURNISHED sleeping room for gent and lady; quiet parties. Address Mrs. CYNTHIA HODSON, Chicago P. O.

TO RENT—A BEAUTIFUL, LARGE alcove room, furnished, with all the modern im- provements; also another large alcove room, fur- nished or unfurnished, as desired; would rent sepa- rately. Q 2, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES, OFFICES, &c.

Stores.

TO RENT—A LARGE STORE-ROOM, 50 feet plate-glass front, 100 f et deep, entirely new, furnished with all modern improvements and con- veniences; located in the most thriving city of 3,500 inhabitants in the State of Iowa, 175 miles from Chi- cago, situated on the C., Mil. & St. P. and C. & N. W. R. R. This is one of the best openings in the West for the dry-goods trade. Q 36, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FIRST FLOOR OF STORES 325 and 326 Van Buren-st., corner of Franklin, with double door entrances on Van Buren-st. and Franklin-st.; well lo- cated and accessible by two lines of horse-cars; stables to be let in 44 and 46 Franklin-st. Also 2 on Van Buren-st., by 125 feet on Franklin; well lighted front, side, and rear; will divide and rent part if desired; steam power also if wanted. Apply on premises.

TO RENT— 528 West Lake-st., store and basement; will rent till May 1 for $65. 101 West Randolph-st., store and basement; $50. Also, several good basements and lofts. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—IN SOUTH CHICAGO—A fine large storeroom in a new building on Ninety- second-st., near the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad; one of the best locations, and suitable for any kind of business. Inquire on premises, or at P. N. MARKS', 87 Market-st.

TO RENT—NEW STORE AND FLAT— Western-av. and Madison-st. On or before Aug. 30. Address SARAH McGUIRE, 39 Seymour-st.

TO RENT—STORES—100 RANDOLPH- st. and 317 State-st. J. G. HAMILTON, 138 Wash- ington-st.

TO RENT—NO. 237 WEST MADISON- st., store and basement 25x70; complete set of fixtures, consisting of shelving, counters, show-cases, safe, etc., for sale at two-thirds its value. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—ONE-HALF OF DOUBLE store, southeast corner Wabash-av. and Madi- son-st., 44x150. Inquire on the premises. T. J. SHIA & CO.

TO RENT—$2,500—NICE STORE, 24x150, on Wabash-av., near Madison-st. T. B. BOYD, Room 1, 179 Madison-st.

TO RENT—A FIRST-CLASS MODERN store in stone-front building. Apply at 500 West Lake-st.

TO RENT—STORE—741 WEST MADI- son-st.; one location for retail trade. HENRY RIEKE, 181 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—STORES 1251 AND 1259 ON State-st. D. HORTON, Room 11 Reaper Block.

TO RENT—STORE, WITH ROOMS UP- stairs; will sell black-walnut counter. Apply at 1251 Van Buren-st. MRS. BENT.

TO RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, No. 193 Randolph-st. Inquire of SHARP & SMITH, 75 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT 220 East Washington-st. WM. L. PATTEN & CO., 220 East Washington-st.

Offices.

TO RENT—OFFICES—AT 169 W

MARINE NEWS.

An Active Demand Yesterday from Shippers for Vessels to Carry Grain.

Room Taken for 314,000 Bushels of Grain for Buffalo and Kingston.

An Interesting Letter from a Passenger on the New England Line Passenger Steamer Oneida.

Dock and Other Notes—Vessels Passed Port Huron—Vessel Charters—Around the Lakes—Port List.

Lake Freights.

There was an active demand yesterday from shippers of grain for vessel-room, especially to Buffalo and Kingston. The rates to the former port advanced to 2 cents a bushel on corn, but the rates to the latter port for wheat showed no improvement. The only protection nowadays to vessel-owners in the way of freights is the fact that the big steam transportation lines will not take grain to Lake Erie ports for less than 2 cents a bushel. One of the peculiarities of the carrying business this season has been this. Freight rates would gradually advance until they reached, say 3 cents a bushel on wheat, and vessel-owners would swell up with great expectations. A big fleet would arrive, and for a day or two the demand for carriers from shippers would drop off, most probably because of light receipts by rail. Then a panic would set in, and each vessel-owner rushed to his agent and gave orders to him to put his craft in at any price that could be obtained from shippers. The consequence has been that each time that this epidemic of "buck ague" has set in freight rates have dropped down to figures at which vessels could not take grain to Lake Erie ports and come out whole at the end of the trip. This has been the case the past week, and did the big steam transportation lines pursue the same policy, sailing vessels would have to be tied up to the docks and allowed to rot. Sooner or later all the grain transported by water will be carried in steam vessels or vessels towed by steam, and the action of the owners of sail craft in cutting rates can only result in loss to themselves. But it is useless to argue the question; experience is the only teacher that the world heeds, and owners of sail vessels can only learn from experience. Yesterday's engagements comprised the following vessels:

	Bushels.
For Buffalo.	
Propeller Scotia, wheat	56,000
Propeller Idaho, corn	25,000
Propeller Vanderbilt, corn	35,000
Propeller Dean Richmond, corn	32,000
Propeller Russia, wheat	40,000
Propeller Russia, rye	15,000
For Erie.	
Propeller Delaware, wheat	60,000
For Kingston.	
Schooner West Side, wheat	22,000
Schooner Oliver Mitchell, wheat	22,000
Schooner George B. Sloan, wheat	22,000
For Midland.	
Propeller Tecumseh, corn	38,000
Schooner Sligo, corn	22,000
Total capacity	374,000

The New England Line of Passenger Steamers.

We have received the following letter from a passenger on the steamer Oneida, Capt. Charles McInnes, of the New England Steamboat Line. We give it place, because what applies to the Oneida also applies equally to the other steamers in the line—the magnificent St. Paul, Capt. Fall; the stanch Toledo, Capt. Scott, and the neat little Canada, Capt. McGiffin. The New England Line is not excelled by any steamboat line on the lakes, either for safe and comfortable boats or gentlemanly and careful officers. As an evidence of the popularity of the line, the St. Paul, which left last night, had to refuse passengers, and already half the staterooms on the Oneida, which leaves Tuesday evening next, have been engaged. Everything our correspondent says regarding the Oneida and her officers is deserved:

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

MACKINAC, Mich., Aug. 7.—In coming from Chicago to this or any other lake port the voyager this summer learns the great value of the fog-whistles. On Sunday last, on Capt. McInnes' propeller, the Oneida, at the entrance to the port of Milwaukee, the roar-whistle saved us at least three hours of anxiety and suspense. Sunday night the Manitou Island fog-whistle directed our course, and we thanked the wise men who had the whistles established. There has been, I am told, more fog on Lake Michigan this year than for many seasons. However, on the afternoon of Sunday the passengers on the Oneida, I doubt not, were the spectators of as fine a scene as there is in the whole world. In the middle of the lake, with water as smooth as glass, and with clouds making fantastic shores on all sides, much like the mountains at Harper's Ferry, we passed through the sunshine actually as though we were in a balloon. The air was as balmy as the first day of spring. The schoolmen stood in the calm loaded with lazy sails, painted ships upon a painted ocean"—and even the gray-headed mate, Mr. Buie, said he had very "seldom seen so fine a smoky calm." Talk about Lake Como, Lake Maggiore, and all that—why it needed nothing but balcony to have transported us to that time when spring was eternal! And so we landed at St. Ignace. The Captain kindly took us up to a church, where a snickering friar showed us the famous painting brought thither by Père Marquette, and a registry of baptisms, which is the "anteokest" book I ever saw. The first child baptized was born the 5th of April, 1695! There was the book, its leaves as brown as a mummy, and the dates running continuously from 1695 to about 1821, I think. A priceless book—and the friar snickered and tee-hee'd like an idiot.

Mackinac is a delightful spot. Everybody says so.

Of the Oneida I can truthfully say she is a solid craft, and the smoothest running steamer I ever rode on. Capt. McInnes and his wife, Mr. Buie, the mate, and Clerk McKay did all they could to make a journey in foggy weather agreeable. The Captain tells me he will soon cut away the crew's part of the cabin, and make a full cabin for passengers. If he should do this, no one who had a choice of boats would run the risk of taking when he could be eating dinner on the Oneida, and ask if the boat had not stopped somewhere, as several did. My little daughter was the only child on the boat, and when we left (I think it was entirely for her account) nearly every one of a particularly pleasant company of people expressed regret, especially Mr. Buie. He seemed to love the little one as though she were his own. Two very big-hearted men in this world go through it without any bairns.

Dock and Other Notes.

The steamship Wallula went to the Central elevators yesterday afternoon to load.

The steam-barges Tempest and Colin Campbell arrived yesterday, both lumber-laden.

The passenger propeller Idaho, of the Western Transportation Line, leaves for Buffalo Tuesday evening.

Late yesterday afternoon the wind changed to the northeast, and a good-sized fleet is expected to arrive today.

The Canadian steam-barge Tecumseh arrived from Georgian Bay yesterday with a cargo of 17,500 cedar ties.

The waterlogged schooner Emma was pumped out yesterday, and in the afternoon was towed to a dry-dock for repairs.

The schooner Telegraph came out of Miller Brothers' dry-dock yesterday, where she received a general overhauling.

The usual religious services for the benefit of tugmen and sailors will be held at the lumber market today, weather permitting.

The big propeller Colorado got a log in her starboard wheel yesterday, and it required the services of a diver to get it out. Joseph G. Falcon was sent for and after an hour's work succeeded in removing the log.

It is said that Capt. Peterson wants some one to raise the sunken schooner Nimrod. Capt. Peter Falcon, of this port, is a good man for the job, and any communication to him in care of THE TRIBUNE marine reporter will reach him.

Among the vessels chartered yesterday to bring lumber to this port were the following: Steam-barge Tempest, from Muskegon; steam-barge Buckeye, from Ludington; steam-barge Blanke, from Garfield; schooner George A. Marsh, from Manistee; schooner Westchester, from Pensaukee.

A serious accident happened in the river yesterday. In attempting to get alongside the schooner Thomas F. Sheldon the tug Alpha ran into the schooner's starboard side, badly damaging her. A mistake of the signals by the engineer of the tug is said to have been the cause of the accident.

Capt. Peter Falcon, the submarine diver, has returned to this city. It will be remembered that Capt. Falcon left two or three weeks ago to make an examination of the steam-barge Brunswick, sunk in Lake Erie. On his arrival, Capt. Falcon found that the schooner Carlingford, which was also sunk in the collision with the Brunswick, was lying in 108 feet of water, while the Brunswick lay in at least 120 feet, the deepest pit of Lake Erie. He pronounced the recovery of the Brunswick impossible at that depth.

While off Grosse Point yesterday afternoon the Captain of the tug F. S. Butler sighted a schooner flying a flag of distress. On going out to her she was found to be the little schooner Laura Johnson, laden with slabs, from South Haven. Her centreboard and the tiller to her rudder were both gone. The Johnson left South Haven a week ago yesterday, and had been drifting about the lake helpless ever since, having lost both centreboard and tiller shortly after putting to sea. The Captain of the Johnson deserves praise for going to the Johnson's relief.

Vessels Passed Port Huron Yesterday.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PORT HURON, Mich., Aug. 12—12 m.—Passed up—Steam-barge S. Chamberlain and consort, 9 a. m.; steam-barge R. P. Ranney with schooners City of Cleveland and Fayette Brown, 10:30 a. m.; propeller Starucca, 12 m.; steamship Tacoma, 7 a. m.; steam-barge Winslow, 8 a. m.; steam-barge Smith Moore, 7:30 a. m.; propeller Cuba, 8 a. m.; steam-barge C. N. Pratt and barges, 8:10 a. m.; schooners Emerald and New Dominion, 12:30 a. m.

Passed down—Steam-barge P. H. Burchard and barges, 3:35 a. m.; steam-barge Cleveland and barges, 9 a. m.; propeller Fountain City, 12 m.; steamship Columbia, 9 p. m.; steam-barge Antelope and barges, 4 a. m.; steam-barge George King and barges, 3:30 a. m.; steam-barge Porter Chamberlain and barges, 5 a. m.; steam-barge D. Rush and consorts, 8 a. m.; propeller China, 10:30 a. m.

Wind west, brisk. Weather fine.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PORT HURON, Mich., Aug. 12—10:30 p. m.—Passed up—Steamship Clyde, 1:10 p. m.; steam-barge Sanilac, 3 p. m.; steamship Queen of the West, 9 p. m.; schooners American and Watertown, 1 p. m.; schooners Jane C. Rudruff and Hartford, 5:30 p. m.

Passed down—Steam-barge Alcona and consort, 2 p. m.; propeller Portage, 2:10 p. m.; steamship Oceanica, 3:20 p. m.; propeller Milwaukee, 8 p. m.; steamship Columbia, with schooners Sunnyside, C. H. Johnson, and Morgan, 9 p. m.; schooner Thomas Quayle, 8 p. m.; schooner Snowdrop, 10 p. m.

Wind northeast, brisk. Weather cloudy.

Arrivals and Departures at Escanaba.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

ESCANABA, Mich., Aug. 12.—Arrived—Steam-barge Escanaba, steam-barge Massachusetts and consort Merrimac, steam-barge G. J. Truesdell, steam-barge Norman, steam-barge Fred Kelly and consort Ed Kelley, schooner Unadilla, schooner William H. Rounds, schooner J. B. Kitchen, schooner John Wesley, schooner Reed Case.

Sailed—Steam-barge Norman, steam-barge Truesdell, steam-barge Escanaba, steam-barge Massachusetts and consort Merrimac, schooner Itasca, schooner Moonlight, schooner Thomas Howland, schooner F. W. Gifford, schooner Montana, schooner John Wesley, schooner J. B. Kitchen, schooner W. H. Rounds, schooner Unadilla.

The yachts Viking and Cora touched here on a cruise.

Wind northeast, light.

Port of Buffalo—Coal Freights—Vessel Charters—Other News.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Arrived from Chicago—Schooner North Cape, corn; schooner John Kelderhouse, corn. From Duluth—Propeller Northerner, copper.

Cleared for Chicago—Propeller B. W. Blanchard, rails, etc.; schooners George Murray and John Kelderhouse, coal. For Duluth—Propeller Oscoda, rails; propeller Northerner.

Lake receipts for the week: Corn, 428,900 bushels; wheat, 1,294,650 bushels; flour, 40,100 barrels; lumber, 8,000,000 feet; ties, 45,550. Shipments: Coal, 34,000 tons; cement, 4,420 barrels; rails, 2,150 tons; salt, 600 barrels. Canal shipments for the week: Wheat, 1,511,800 bushels; corn, 37,000 bushels; rye, 8,300 bushels. Rail shipments for the week: Wheat, 254,380 bushels; corn, 255,510 bushels.

Coal freights continued firm at 75 cents to Chicago and Milwaukee. Receipts have not been free enough to warrant an advance in rates, though vessels still are scarce. The schooner North Cape was engaged to load for Chicago at 85 cents, but she will be obliged to wait several days, and then load from canal boats. The straight charters were as follows: For Chicago—Schooners B. F. Bruce and John Kelderhouse, coal at 75 cents. For Milwaukee—Propeller Northerner, coal at 75 cents. For Duluth—Propeller Oscoda, rails at $1.25.

Canal freights were again depressed and rates declined from a fourth to a half cent. Wheat was shipped at 5¼ to 5½ cents to New York, with but little offering. The nominal rate on corn was 5 cents.

The propeller Gordon Campbell was in the Union dry-dock today to get one of her wheels keyed.

The steamship John B. Lyon came out of Miller dock last night with a new wheel. She was loading coal for Chicago today and will get away with her consorts the Hutchinson and Wells tomorrow.

Capt. Robert Todd and Mate Robert Dick were honorably acquitted of the charge of assault on Charles Smith, a seaman, on the schooner J. M. Hutchinson. It appeared that Smith got into an altercation with Dick, and Todd acted the part of peacemaker.

Capt. Charles Gilbert's examination for assaulting Mary Smith, cook of the schooner B. F. Bruce, is not yet finished.

There has been a strong wind all day from the west. A large number of vessels are waiting for fair weather, among them the schooners George Murray, Pathfinder, John Kelderhouse, E. P. Beals, Sea Gull, J. E. Bailey, Erie, Stewart, Venus, propeller Alpena and consort Winona, and the tows of the steam-barges James P. Donaldson, S. D. Caldwell, Missouri, Germania, Jenness, and J. M. Masters.

Items from Milwaukee.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 12.—The new steam-barge Lewis Pablos was inspected for the insurance register today. Her rating is A1 and her valuation placed at $35,000. She will be ready to go into commission the latter part of next week.

The schooner H. A. Kent, which was seized for seamen's wages yesterday, was released today on the claim being paid, and she left for Escanaba.

Iron-ore freights today were quiet. Shippers were offering $1 on ore from Escanaba to Ohio points, but the inquiries were few.

The schooner Champion came out of dry-dock today, and her place was taken by the schooner G. H. Foster for recaulking. The schooner R. J. Skidmore was also docked for recaulking.

Arrived from below—Steam-barge Business, coal-laden.

Cleared for Escanaba—Schooners P. V. R. Watson and Selkirk.

Entered and Cleared at Erie.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

ERIE, Pa., Aug. 12.—Entered—Steam-barge Kate Butteroni, from Marquette, ore; propeller Merrick, from Cleveland, light; propeller Lycoming, from Chicago, wheat and merchandise; propeller Gordon Campbell, from Chicago, wheat; steamship City of Rome, from Escanaba, ore.

Cleared—Propeller Bruno, for Toledo, light; steam-barge Butteroni, for Buffalo, light; schooner Nellie Reddington, for Chicago, coal; schooner J. G. Masten, for Chicago, coal.

Arrivals and Clearances at Marquette.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Aug. 12.—Arrived—Steam-barge H. Luelia, steam-barge Worthington, steam-barge Jarvis Lord.

Cleared—Steam-barge Empire, steam-barge J. R. Whiting, steam-barge Jarvis Lord, schooner Ganges, schooner A. M. Moss, schooner Groton, schooner Guiding Star, schooner J. N. Foster, schooner Zama Belle.

Passed up—Propeller Peerless.

Passed down—Propellers Japan, Arizona, and Arctic.

Vessels Passed the Welland Canal.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont., Aug. 12.—Passed down—Schooners Bangalore and J. R. Noyes, Chicago to Kingston, wheat.

Passed up—Schooner Jamaica, Fairhaven to Chicago, coal; propeller Ocean, Montreal to Chicago, general cargo.

The schooners D. G. Fort, M. Fillmore, M. L. Higgie, W. L. Preston, and Jamaica, all bound to Chicago, are lying here wind bound.

A Tug Badly Damaged by Fire.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 12.—The tug James Amadeus, while towing a schooner eight miles northeast of this port today, caught fire in the forward hold. Four harbor tugs responded to her signals of distress, and finally succeeded in extinguishing the flames, but not until a large part of the tug was destroyed, including the pilot-house, engine-room, and forward deck.

Port of Cheboygan.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

CHEBOYGAN, Mich., Aug. 12.—Cleared—Propellers Lawrence and Champlain, tug J. W. Bennett, steamers Keweenaw, Fiora, and City of Cleveland.

Arrived—Steamer Dor and propeller Van Raalte.

Wind northwest, brisk. Weather pleasant.

Port of Chicago.

The following were the arrivals and actual sailings of vessels at this port yesterday:

ARRIVALS.

Prop City of New York, Monistique, lumber.
Prop Dean Richmond, Buffalo, sundries.
Prop Tecumseh, Midland, railway ties.
Prop Lora, Benton Harbor, sundries.
Prop Messenger, Benton Harbor, sundries.
Prop Annie Laura, Muskegon, sundries.
Prop Michael Groh, Muskegon, lumber.
Prop C. Hickox, Muskegon, lumber.
Prop A. Soper, Muskegon, lumber.
Prop R. A. Seymour, Manistee, lumber.
Prop St. Joseph, Grand Haven, lumber.
Prop R. C. Britain, White Lake, lumber.
Prop Depere, Muskegon, lumber.
Prop S. C. Hall, Muskegon, lumber.
Prop Buckeye, Muskegon, lumber.
Prop White & Friant, Grand Haven, lumber.
Prop Tempest, Muskegon, lumber.
Prop T. W. Snook, Muskegon, lumber.
Prop J. C. Perrin, Marinette, towing.
Prop Colin Campbell, Ludington, lumber.
Stmr Sheboygan, Manitowoc, sundries.
Stmr Grace Grummond, South Haven, lumber.
Schr Laura Johnson, Grand Haven, lumber.
Schr Presto, Grand Haven, lumber.
Schr Levi Grant, Muskegon, lumber.
Schr M. E. Perew, Menominee, lumber.
Schr E. E. Tyson, Marinette, lumber.
Schr J. Stephenson, Marinette, lumber.
Schr Menekeaunee, Marinette, lumber.
Schr William Jones, Grand Haven, lumber.
Schr Bertie Calkins, Pine Lake, pig-iron.
Schr Jenny Muilin, Monistique, lumber.
Schr Montana, Cleveland, coal.
Schr Kate Hinchman, Muskegon, wood.
Schr C. S. Mixer, Green Bay, cedar posts.
Schr Nassau, Fair Haven, coal.
Schr T. P. Sheldon, Buffalo, coal.
Schr Elvina, Monistique, lumber.

ACTUAL SAILINGS.

Prop City of Traverse, Traverse City, sundries.
Prop Vanderbilt, Buffalo, 12,000 bu corn, 1,000 sacks of flour.
Prop Nebraska, Buffalo, 41,000 bu wheat, 1,250 ties bard.
Schr Sligo, Midland, 20,493 bu corn.
Schr H. J. Mills, Buffalo, 35,326 bu wheat.
Schr J. H. Penfield, Midland, 21,000 bu corn.
Prop Colorado, Buffalo, 49,000 bu wheat, and lard.
Prop St. Paul, Collingwood, 25,072 bu corn, and sundries.
Prop J. S. Seaverns, Saugatuck, sundries.
Prop Rube Richards, St. Ignace, light.
Prop R. C. Brittain, White Lake, sundries.
Prop Pretosia, Montreal, 1,500 bu corn.
Prop Arabia, Buffalo, 30,934 bu corn.
Prop Rochester, Buffalo, 10,000 bu wheat.
Prop St. Paul, Collingwood, grain and sundries.
Prop R. A. Packer, Buffalo, 48,000 bu corn.
Prop Lehigh, Buffalo, 25,000 bu wheat.
Prop Lehigh, Erie, 25,387 bu wheat and sundries.
Prop California, Montreal, 17,000 bu wheat.
Steam-barge E. E. Thompson, Muskegon, sundries.
Steam-barge George Burnham, Ludington, sundries.
Steam-barge H. G. Ingersoll, Grand Haven, light.
Steam-barge J. M. Osborne, Erie, light.
Steam-barge M. F. Butters, Pierport, light.
Steam-barge St. Joseph, Grand Haven, light.
Steam-barge J. H. Studley, Manistee, light.
Steam-barge C. Hickox, Muskegon, light.
Steam-barge Swallow, Montague, light.
Steam-barge De Pere, Muskegon, sundries.
Steam-barge Nick Groh, White Lake, light.
Steam-barge J. C. Parrett, Manistee, light.
Stmr Sheboygan, Manitowoc, sundries.
Schr Donaldson, Buffalo, light.
Schr Topsy, Muskegon, light.
Schr Schuylkill, Erie, 32,000 bu corn.
Schr Samanna, Cadensburg, 29,150 bu corn.
Schr M. B. Hale, Monominee, light.
Schr S. Allen, Duck Lake, light.
Schr Pilgrim, North Bay, sundries.
Schr P. S. Skinner, Muskegon, light.
Schr W. A. Sheean, Buffalo, 36,000 bu wheat.
Schr Collingwood, Green Bay, light.
Schr John B. Merril, Buffalo, light.
Schr Marengo, Cleveland, light.
Schr J. B. Prince, Manistee, light.
Schr W. O. Goodman, Menekannee, light.
Schr Stafford, Muskegon, light.
Schr Maj. N. H. Ferry, Montague, light.
Schr Lavinda, Ludington, light.
Schr D. R. Martin, Menominee, light.
Schr E. T. Judd, Marinette, light.
Schr D. L. Filer, Marinette, light.
Schr Marinette, Marinette, light.
Schr Telegraph, Menominee, light.
Schr Radical, Carlton, two tons feed.
Schr Henry Cowles, White Lake, light.
Schr S. D. Dousman, Point St. Ignace, light.
Schr Ford River, Ford River, light.

"FOR NIGHT COMETH."

For The Chicago Tribune.

The curtains of the night fall low,
And softly shade the golden glow
That hangs above the setting Sun;
The Night is coming—Day is done.
The birds' last song is hushed to rest;
A bright star glimmers in the West;
And 'cross the sky the white clouds roam,
Like angel-forms from heavenly home.

Mother, art thou waiting there?
Canst thou hear my earnest prayer?
Keep me from all stain and sin!
Help me all Life's goal to win!
Nor Annie's lofty dream.
Or idle sail on flow'ry stream;
Not that life for me shall be
From care, or toil, or sorrow free;
But help me to endure it all,
Until for me Life's night shall fall.

Through danger, loneliness, or grief,
In happy hours, sweet as brief.
Dear Mother, leave me not alone!
Thy spirit near me will atone
For all the world can give or take,
Should fortune smile, or friend forsake:
For thou wast tried, and still found pure:
So help me, Mother, to endure!

ALLEN.

SUPERIOR TO ALL.

The Conrad Seipp Brewing Co. have gained a world-wide reputation for their celebrated bottled lager beer. Those who have neglected to keep it heretofore should send their orders direct to the factory.

By GEO. P. GORE & CO.,
214 and 216 Madison-st.

REGULAR TRADE SALE
DRY GOODS.
TUESDAY, Aug. 15, 9:30 a. m.,
SPECIALTIES.
DRESS SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, CLOTHING.
REGULAR OPENING TRADE SALE,
1882. FALL SEASON, 1882.
TUESDAY, Aug. 22, 9:30 a. m.,
One Thousand Lots Merchandise.
N. B.—From and after this date we shall sell at auction in this department every Tuesday and every Thursday during the balance of the year.
GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers.

GEO. P. GORE & CO.,
214 & 216 Madison-st.,
WILL OFFER TO THE RETAIL TRADE
AT AUCTION
Wednesday, Aug. 16,
A full and complete line of all grades of
FALL STYLES
Boots, Shoes,
AND
Slippers.
Sale commences at 9:30 a. m.

THURSDAY, Aug. 17, at 9:30,
Regular Weekly Sale of
Crockery and Glassware.
Full lines of W. G., C. C., Porcelain, and Decorated Ware.

SPECIAL.
AT 12 O'CLOCK we shall sell
360 Cases Tumblers, seventy different styles.
Also Jellies, Beer Glasses, &c.
500 Brls. Table Glassware at 1 p. m.
Goods packed for Country Merchants.
GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers.

By ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO.
ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO.
84 & 86 Randolph-st.,
THE LEADING GENERAL
AUCTION HOUSE
HOLD REGULAR SALES AT STORES
Every Wednesday and Saturday.
Special attention to outside sales at private residences or sales of merchandise.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.
WATER WORKS ROUTE.
Chattel mortgage sale of 10 Herdic Coaches. Will be sold on Thursday, Aug. 17, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, No. 90 Ogden-av., corner Madison.
These coaches cost $650 each in Philadelphia 1 year ago. Are as good as new, and were run but one month, the Treasurer of the Company having absconded. Sale absolute to the highest bidder.
COL. MOREHOUSE,
Agent for Mortgagee.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE
Of all the Fixtures, Crockery, Silver-Plated Ware, Soda Fountain, Ice-Cream Machine, Marble-Top Tables, Candy Jars, and everything necessary in a first-class Ice-Cream Parlor, including Carpets, Stoves, etc., at
NO. 161 TWENTY-SECOND-ST.,
MONDAY, Aug. 14, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Clark-st., opposite Court-House.
J. A. HAMLIN.....Lessee and Manager
HARRY L. HAMLIN.....Business Manager
COMMENCING TUESDAY, AUGUST 15.
(Not Monday, owing to Scenic Preparation.)
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday
No Performance Sunday.
AMERICAN BORN!
A FIERY SURPRISE FOR CHICAGO!
CHICAGO SEES IT FIRST! NEW YORK SEES IT NEXT!
BRILLIANTLY SENSATIONAL! THRILLINGLY EMOTIONAL!
PETTITT WROTE "THE WORLD!" BELASCO WROTE "LA BELLE RUSSE!"
ADA WARD PLAYS IN IT! SO DOES JOHN DILLON!
EDWARD ARNOTT, JEAN WALTERS, GEORGE OSBORNE, RELLIE BEAVES,
ALL FROM THE BALDWIN THEATRE, SAN FRANCISCO.
BELASCO HIMSELF PERSONALLY SUPERINTENDING ITS PRODUCTION!
NEW YORK ARTISTS AND MACHINISTS ASSISTING THE THEATRE FORCE!
ENTIRELY CONSUMED FOR THE SCENERY!
NIGHTLY DEVOURED BY THE GREAT FIRE AND THE VOLCANIC ERUPTION.
A MOST TERRIBLY REALISTIC PORTRAITURE OF DIRE CALAMITY!
SAN FRANCISCO SENDS THE POWDER CHICAGO APPLIES THE MATCH!
THE LOVE, HATE, AND A BIG VOLCANO!
NEVER A PLAY LIKE IT! AND NEVER SCENERY!
PETTITT'S CREATION! BELASCO'S ADAPTATION!
GEORGE CLARKE PLAYS IN IT! (BY PERMISSION OF MADISON SQUARE.)
ALSO, M. A. KENNEDY, VIRGE EMILY, HARRY COLTON,
BESIDE, JOSEPH FRANCOUER W. T. DOYLE, AND HAWLEY CHAPMAN!
UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF GUSTAVE FROHMAN, & CHAS. FROHMAN!
SIXTY CHICAGO SUPERNUMERARIES ESPECIALLY ENGAGED!
ONE THOUSAND YARDS OF CANVAS AND FOUR THOUSAND FEET OF LUMBER
THREE BALES OF COTTON AND OVER ONE HOGSHEAD OF RED FIRE
THE MIMIC FLAMES AND LAVA ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM PERIL!
CHICAGO WANTS SENSATION BORDERING ON SUBLIMITY!
THE PLAY HAS A DOVE AND A VIPER! A HERO AND THE AMERICAN FLAG!
AMERICAN BORN!
POWERFUL CAST OF PRINCIPAL CHARACTERS:
GEORGE CLARKE.....as.....George Seymour
EDWARD ARNOTT.....as.....Laban Brood
JOHN DILLON.....as.....Fred Fazzles
M. A. KENNEDY.....as.....Capt. Dolman
GEORGE OSBORNE.....as Don Andre de Calderone
JOSEPH FRANCOUER.....as.....John Hope
MISS ADA WARD.....as.....Mary Hope
MISS VIRGE EMILY.....as.....Nancy Treat
And others, together with 60 Supernumeraries.
ACT I—THE VIPER.....THE DOVE.
ACT II—THE COIL.....FASCINATION.
ACT III—THE SPRING.....HELPLESSNESS.
ACT IV—"The Seed of the Woman Shall Crush the Serpent's Head."
BALDWIN THEATRE CO. of San Francisco.
GUSTAVE & CHARLES FROHMAN.....Proprietors
(Represented by CHARLES MAC GEACHY.)
EDWARD MARBLE.....Manager
CHAS. R. BACON.....General Agent
NEXT ATTRACTION!
"Consolidation Day," Aug. 28th.
CALLENDER'S COLOSSAL CONSOLIDATED COLORED CELEBRITIES!
A HUGE, MIGHTY AFRICAN HOST!
GUSTAVE & CHARLES FROHMAN.....Proprietors
The Stupendous Amalgamation of the Two Greatest Colored Minstrel Organizations in Existence, heretofore respectively famed as CALLENDER'S COLORED MINSTRELS and the EUROPEAN (late Haverly's) GENUINE COLORED MINSTRELS,
The former direct from San Francisco,
The latter direct from Liverpool, England,
FOR EXPRESS PURPOSE OF CONSOLIDATION AT CHICAGO ON ABOVE DATE, BOTH COMPANIES CONCENTRATING ON TIME.
Grand Consolidated Street Pageant, Monday, Aug. 28, at noon.

M'VICKER'S THEATRE.
The Model of the World in Point of Safety.
Twenty-three Separate Exits.
ANNIVERSARY GALA WEEK!
SUCCESS CONTINUES UNABATED!
WEEK COMMENCING
Monday, Aug. 14th,
Sixteenth to Twenty-second performance of the great $10,000 Drama written by Henry Pettitt, Esq.,
ACT I. Country Life. ACT II. London Life. ACT III. Prison Life. ACT IV. Racing Life. ACT V. Society Life.
THE Story of Intense Human Interest A Success From the Beginning.
TAKEN FROM LIFE
Played 200 Nights at the Adelphi, London.
Opens the Season at Wallack's Theatre, N. Y.
Among many startling incidents may be particularized:
The Murder of John Denby by MAGUIRE, the Socialist.
Blowing Down of the PRISON WALLS by a Dynamite Machine.
The Escape of the Hero on the Back of the Race-Horse COMET, represented at each performance by the thoroughbred horse WIMBLEDON.
The Drama the sole property for the United States and Canadas of Mr. SAMUEL COLVILLE.
TUESDAY, AUGUST 15,
Tenth Anniversary of McVicker's Theatre
SINCE THE GREAT FIRE OF 1871.
GRAND GALA NIGHT!
Each lady attending will be presented with an
ELEGANT SOUVENIR PROGRAMME.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY.
CAMP ELLIOTT.
GALA WEEK!
AT
Cedar Lake, Ind.,
ON
Louisville, New Albany & Chicago R. R.
ENCAMPMENT OF
Cos. B. and C, 2d Reg't, and Battery D.
AUG. 12th to 21st.
Grand Military Display each day. Dress Parades, Guard Mounts, Boating, Fishing, Shooting, Drills, and Dancing. Military Concerts every afternoon.
Excursion Tickets to and from Camp, $1.50.
Trains leave depot on Twelfth-st., near State-st., daily at 8 a. m., 10 a. m., 7:30 p. m. Returning, arrive at depot in Chicago at 8 a. m., 8 p. m., 9 p. m. Tickets can be procured at depot on Twelfth-st., or at offices of Louisville, New Albany & Chicago R. R., 122 Randolph-st.

BAUM'S PAVILION,
Cor. 22d-st., Cottage Grove and Indiana-avs.
This (Sunday) Evening,
Grand Musical Entertainment.
25—MUSICAL ARTISTS—25
Under the direction of Mr. G. A. KERKER.
EVERY MUSICIAN A SOLOIST.
Selections from All the Popular Composers.
Admission to all parts of the Garden, 25c.
MONDAY EVENING, AUG. 14,
Engagement of the Famous
HYERS SISTERS COMIC OPERA COMPANY
FOR ONE WEEK.

100 MILES EXCURSION FOR 50 CTS.
The New and Elegant Steamer
GORDON
Will leave her dock, North Clark-st. bridge, Sunday, Aug. 13, to South Chicago, at 2:30 p. m.; Monday, Aug. 14, to Evanston, at 2:30 p. m.; Tuesday, Aug. 15, to Evanston, at 2:30 p. m.; Wednesday, Aug. 16, grand picnic and excursion to South Chicago at 9:30 a. m., leaving you there until 5 p. m.; round trip only 25c; Wednesday, Aug. 16, to South Chicago, at 7:30 p. m.; Thursday, Aug. 17, to Waukegan, at 9 a. m.; Friday, Aug. 18, grand picnic and excursion to Evanston at 9:30 a. m., leaving you there until 5 p. m.; round trip 25c; Friday, Aug. 18, to Evanston, at 7:30 p. m.; Saturday, Aug. 19, to Michigan City, at 9 a. m. Grand moonlight excursion on lake every evening at 8 o'clock. Hackett's Brass and String Bands on board. Fare for each round trip, 50c. HENRY BABY,
Proprietor and Manager.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Clark-st., between Lake and Randolph.
The only First-Class Variety Theatre in the City.
MONDAY, AUG. 14,
ONE WEEK ONLY OF
May Antonio's Constellation

M'VICKER'S THEATRE.
MISS MARGARET MATHER will make her debut in ROMEO AND JULIET Aug. 28. Photographs for sale by Willoughby, Hill & Co. See Window.

DE LONG'S DANCING ACADEMY,
American Express Building, 73 Monroe-st.
Private classes and private instruction a specialty. Open the year round. All the latest dances. Fine waltzing guaranteed. Call from 11 to 2 o'clock.

HOOLEY'S THEATRE.
Remodeled Redecorated, and Reconstructed.
The opening and the grand revival of
Kiralfy Brothers'
GREAT SPECTACULAR PRODUCTION OF
MICHAEL STROGOFF
An Unprecedented Success!
An Unprecedented Success!
An Unprecedented Success!
The House, the Audience, the Play a Scene of Dazzling Splendor.
Standing Room Only!
Standing Room Only!
Standing Room Only!
TO-NIGHT,
This Week, & Next Week
CONTINUATION OF THIS
GREAT REPRODUCTION,
INCLUDING
The Superb Ballets,
Realistic Scenic Effects,
Grand Procession, Etc.
Admission from 25c to $1.50.
Seats secured at Box Office six days in advance. Reserve at once and avoid the crowd.

BATTERY "D" ARMORY AND CENTURY PLANT TOWER,
ENGELHARDT'S STANDARD EXHIBITIONS,
Lake-Front, adjoining Exposition Building.
AGALA WEEK
6 Distinct and First-Class Attractions for 6 One Price of Admission.
SIX FOR A QUARTER.
The great family Amusement Resort. Open daily from 8 a. m. until 10 p. m.
ADMISSION { ADULTS.....} ONLY { 25 CENTS. CHILDREN.....} { 15 CENTS.
OUR AVALANCHE OF ENTERTAINMENT.
The Famous Century Plant
On Exhibition from 8 a. m till 10 p. m.
12 Chippewa Indians. Chiefs and Warriors 12
In Aboriginal Ceremonies every afternoon at 2:30, evening at 8 p. m.
MAJOR F. M. FORBES,
Champion Yankee Whittler, illustrating a Yankee dexterity with a Jackknife, every afternoon and evening.
The Megatheroid Marinorama.
600 Rare objects of Curiosity. The greatest collection of Sea Monsters in the World. Open from 8 a. m. until 10 p. m.
GRAND PROMENADE CONCERTS,
Under the leadership of PROF. HENRY DOEHNE, from 2 to 5 p. m. and 7:30 to 10:30 p. m.
Announcement Extraordinary.
In addition to the above Stupendous Program we add every evening, and SATURDAY and SUNDAY afternoons, commencing today,
BOSTON'S FAMOUS JUBILEE BAND.
The Great Male and Female Double Quartette. Songs of the Sunny South. Genuine Plantation Songs every evening and Saturday and Sunday afternoon, under the direction of PROF. F. S. BOSTON.
Remember Six Matchless Unparalleled Original Entertainments, each and every one of the very best, and each alone worth more than the price of admission. We cater to all. Adults 25 cents, Children 15. BRING THE CHILDREN.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Friday evening, Aug. 25, Grand Benefit Performance for the Relief of Russian Refugees, under the auspices of HILLER and HERDER Lodges, I. O. B. B.

GRAND EXCURSION
BY
CHICAGO LODGE, NO. 4,
B. P. O. ELKS,
TO
MOUNT GREENWOOD CEMETERY,
SUNDAY, August 13,
To the Dedication of their Burial Grounds,
ELK'S REST.
And Unveiling of Monument.
ORDER OF EXERCISES:
March Funebre (Chopin).
NEVINS' ORCHESTRA.
DEDICATORY CEREMONIES
By
Bro. SIMON QUINLIN, D. D. E. G. R.
Bro. B. R. Hall, Exalted Ruler.
Bro. Jno. Walpole, P. E. R.
Bro. E. D. White, E. L. K.
Bro. Joseph Mackin, E. L. K.
Bro. Sandy Chase, Marshal.